



## City of Marion Land Use Classifications

| Dimension | Code | Description   |
|-----------|------|---|
| Structure | 1110 | Single-family detached dwellings                                  |
| Structure | 1120 | Single-family attached dwellings                                  |
| Structure | 1121 | Duplex structures   |
| Structure | 1122 | Zero lot line or row houses                                       |
| Structure | 1130 | Accessory dwelling units  |
| Structure | 1140 | Townhouses  |
| Structure | 1150 | Manufactured housing, residential design                          |
| Structure | 1200 | Multifamily dwellings   |
| Function  | 1210 | Retirement housing services                                       |
| Function  | 1220 | Congregate living services  |
| Function  | 1230 | Assisted living services  |
| Function  | 1240 | Life care or continuing care services                             |
| Function  | 1250 | Skilled nursing services  |
| Function  | 1300 | Hotels, motels, or other accommodation services                   |
| Function  | 1310 | Bed-and-breakfast inn   |
| Function  | 1320 | Rooming and boarding house, shelter, or emergency relief services |
| Function  | 1330 | Hotel, motel, or tourist court                                    |
| Structure | 1350 | Dormitories/College fraternities                                  |
| Structure | 1360 | Other structurally converted buildings                            |
| Structure | 1370 | Barracks  |
| -         |      |   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  |
|-----------|------|--|
| Structure | 2100 | *Office or bank building,<br>stand-alone (without<br>drive-through facility)<br>may include multiple<br>offices under one roof |
| Structure | 2110 | *Office building (with drive-through facility) may include multiple offices under one roof                                     |
| Function  | 2111 | Car dealer   |
| Function  | 2112 | Bus, truck, mobile home,<br>or large vehicle dealers   |
| Function  | 2113 | Bicycle, motorcycle, all-<br>terrain vehicle dealers   |
| Function  | 2114 | Boat or marine craft<br>dealer   |
| Function  | 2115 | Parts, accessories, or tires   |
| Activity  | 2120 | Service-oriented store   |
| Function  | 2126 | Lumberyard and building materials  |
| Activity  | 2130 | Goods-oriented store   |
| Function  | 2145 | Resale business (antique shops, thrift stores, pawn shops, flea markets)   |
| Function  | 2155 | Beer, wine, and liquor store (off-premises consumption of alcohol)   |
| Function  | 2160 | Health & personal care<br>(drug store, pharmacy,<br>medical supply)  |
| Activity  | 2200 | Restaurant-type activity   |
| Activity  | 2210 | Restaurant-type activity with drive-through  |
| Structure | 2230 | *Stand-alone store or shop building  |
| Structure | 2260 | Market shops, including open markets (farmer's market)   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  |
|-----------|------|--|
| Function  | 2270 | Gasoline Station<br>(primarily sell gas e.g. Gas<br>House)   |
| Structure | 2280 | Automobile repair and service structures   |
| Structure | 2300 | *Office or retail building with residence on top (Ex. Raymond James Building, Edward Jones)  |
| Structure | 2300 | *Store building with residence on top  |
| Activity  | 2310 | *Office activities with a high turnover of people  |
| Activity  | 2320 | *Office activities with high turnover of automobiles   |
| Activity  | 2330 | Rental and leasing establishments  |
| Function  | 2331 | Car rental and leasing   |
| Function  | 2332 | Leasing trucks, trailers, recreational vehicles, etc.  |
| Structure | 2400 | *Office building over<br>storefronts (Ex. Griffin<br>Building)   |
| Function  | 2418 | Veterinary services  |
| Function  | 2440 | Business, professional, scientific, & technical services (surveyor, attorney, accountant)  |
| Function  | 2450 | Services to buildings and dwellings (pest control, janitorial, landscaping, carpet/upholstery cleaning, parking, and crating) Stand alone building |
| Structure | 2510 | Neighborhood shopping center (convenience with one or more anchors 30,000-150,000 sq ft.) ex. Ingles, Galaxy, or West Court Food Center            |

| Dimension | Code | Description   |
|-----------|------|---|
| Structure | 2520 | Community shopping center (general merchandise with two or more anchors 100,000-350,000) Bi-Lo, Great Meadows, Lady of Marion Plaza |
| Structure | 2530 | Regional Shopping Center<br>(enclosed mall with 2 or<br>more anchors 800,000 sq<br>ft. 60-120 acres)                                |
| Structure | 2580 | Outlet or Discount Center<br>(Manufacturer outlet<br>stores strip center 50,000<br>to 400,000)                                      |
| Structure | 2591 | Convenience store (stand-<br>alone grocery, mini-mart,<br>general store) ex.<br>Walgreens, or CVS                                   |
| Structure | 2592 | Home Improvement Center (No different than other "big box" store but include outdoor sales/storage Ex. Lowes                        |
| Function  | 2593 | Car care  |
| Function  | 2600 | Personal services (barber shop, hair salon, day spa, or massage therapy)  |
| Structure | 2610 | Light industrial structures and facilities  |
| Structure | 2612 | Mill-type factory structures  |
| Structure | 2613 | One-Story Modern manufacturing  |
| Structure | 2614 | Industrial parks  |
| Structure | 2615 | Laboratory or specialized industrial facility   |
| Structure | 2621 | Assembly and construction-type plants   |
| Structure | 2622 | Process plants (metals, chemicals, etc.)  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  |
|-----------|------|--|
| Function  | 2720 | Animal and Pet Services (supplies, grooming, training, no overnight boarding)                  |
| Structure | 2760 | Warehouse large area distribution or transit warehouse   |
| Structure | 2780 | Tank farms   |
| Structure | 3110 | Performance theater  |
| Structure | 3120 | Movie theater  |
| Structure | 3130 | Amphitheater   |
| Structure | 3140 | Drive-in theaters  |
| Structure | 3200 | Indoor games facility  |
| Structure | 3300 | Sports stadium or arena  |
| Structure | 3400 | Exhibition, convention, or conference structure  |
| Structure | 3500 | Churches, temples, synagogues, mosques, and other religious facilities                         |
| Function  | 3510 | Wholesale trade— durable goods   |
| Function  | 3520 | Wholesale trade— nondurable goods  |
| Function  | 3600 | Warehouse or storage facility (mini-storage, storage facilities leased to public)              |
| Structure | 3700 | Covered or partially covered atriums and public enclosures                                     |
| Structure | 3800 | Other Community Structures (Ex. Reception halls, wedding halls, art gallery, club, lodge, etc) |
| Structure | 4110 | Hospital building  |
| Structure | 4120 | Medical clinic building  |
| Function  | 4130 | Road, ground passenger, and transit transportation   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   |
|-----------|------|---|
| Function  | 4133 | Local transit system<br>(public buses, special<br>needs, and other transit<br>services) |
| Function  | 4134 | Charter bus, motor coach, or other similar private passenger bus service                |
| Function  | 4135 | School and employee bus transportation  |
| Function  | 4137 | Taxi and limousine service  |
| Function  | 4138 | Towing and other road services  |
| Function  | 4140 | Truck and freight transportation services   |
| Function  | 4160 | Courier and messenger services  |
| Structure | 4170 | Postal Services   |
| Structure | 4200 | School or university buildings (privately owned)  |
| Structure | 4210 | Grade school (privately owned)  |
| Structure | 4220 | College or university facility (privately owned)  |
| Structure | 4230 | Trade or specialty school facility (privately owned)                                    |
| Structure | 4300 | Library building  |
| Function  | 4341 | Hazardous waste collection  |
| Function  | 4342 | Hazardous waste<br>treatment and disposal   |
| Function  | 4343 | Solid waste collection  |
| Function  | 4345 | Solid waste landfill  |
| Function  | 4346 | Waste treatment and disposal  |
| Function  | 4347 | Septic tank and related services  |

| Dimension | Code | Description   |
|-----------|------|---|
| Structure | 4400 | Museum, exhibition, or similar facility                             |
| Structure | 4450 | Zoological parks  |
| Structure | 4500 | Public administration   |
| Structure | 4510 | Fire and rescue station   |
| Structure | 4520 | Police station  |
| Structure | 4530 | Emergency operation center  |
| Structure | 4600 | Jail, penitentiary,<br>detention, or other<br>correctional facility |
| Structure | 4700 | Cemetery, monument,<br>tombstone, or<br>mausoleum                   |
| Structure | 4800 | Funeral home and cremation facilities                               |
| Function  | 5130 | Racetrack   |
| Structure | 5200 | Automobile parking facilities                                       |
| Structure | 5300 | Bus or truck terminal or shelter                                    |
| Function  | 5310 | Amusement or theme park   |
| Function  | 5320 | Game arcade   |
| Structure | 5330 | Bus or truck maintenance facility                                   |
| Function  | 5340 | Miniature golf establishment  |
| Function  | 5370 | Fitness, recreational sports, gym, or athletic club                 |
| Function  | 5380 | Bowling, billiards, pool, etc.                                      |
| Function  | 5390 | Skating rinks   |
| Function  | 5400 | Camps, camping, and related establishments                          |

| Dimension | Code | Description   |
|-----------|------|---|
| Function  | 5500 | Natural and other recreational parks  |
| Function  | 5510 | Golf courses  |
| Structure | 5600 | Airport facility  |
| Structure | 5640 | Heliport facility   |
| Structure | 5700 | Railroad facility   |
| Structure | 6200 | Water supply-related facility   |
| Structure | 6210 | Water supply pump station   |
| Structure | 6250 | Water tank (elevated, at grade, underground)  |
| Structure | 6270 | Water treatment and purification facility   |
| Structure | 6310 | Wastewater storage or pumping station facility; lift stations                           |
| Structure | 6330 | Incinerator, composting, or similar facility  |
| Structure | 6340 | Hazardous waste storage facility  |
| Structure | 6350 | Sewer treatment plant   |
| Structure | 6400 | Power Generation Facility   |
| Structure | 6500 | Communication Tower   |
| Function  | 6560 | Social assistance, welfare,<br>and charitable services<br>(not otherwise<br>enumerated) |
| Function  | 6561 | Child and youth services  |
| Function  | 6562 | Child day care center   |
| Function  | 6563 | Community food services   |
| Function  | 6564 | Emergency and relief services (no overnight or temporary accommodations)                |
| Function  | 6565 | Other family services   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  |
|-----------|------|--|
| Function  | 6566 | Services for elderly and disabled  |
| Structure | 6700 | Sign, free-standing ,<br>billboard   |
| Structure | 6920 | Roadside stand,<br>pushcarts, etc.   |
| Structure | 6930 | Highway rest stops and welcome centers                                       |
| Structure | 6970 | Outdoor stage,<br>bandstand, or similar<br>structure                         |
| Function  | 7000 | Construction-related businesses  |
| Structure | 7500 | Armory   |
| Structure | 8000 | Barns, sheds, farm<br>buildings, other<br>agricultural buildings             |
| Structure | 8100 | Grain silos and other storage structure for grains and agricultural products |
| Structure | 8200 | Livestock pens or hog<br>houses  |
| Structure | 8240 | Stables and other equine-<br>related facilities                              |
| Structure | 8300 | Fish hatchery, fishery, and aquaculture                                      |
| Structure | 8400 | Greenhouses/nurseries  |
| Function  | 8500 | Quarrying and stone cutting  |
| Structure | 8600 | Kennel, overnight boarding, and other canine-related facilities              |
| Structure | 8800 | Apiary and other related structures  |
| Function  | 9100 | Crop production  |
| Function  | 9200 | Animal production, including slaughter                                       |
| Function  | 9300 | Forestry and logging   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   |   |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Function  | 9350 | Support functions for agriculture and forestry  |   |
| Function  | 9400 | Fishing, hunting, and trapping, including game preserves and retreats (including firing ranges) | - |
| Function  | 9900 | Vacant Land/ No Activity  | - |

## LBCS Codes Reference Guide

| Dimension | Code | Description                                 | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Activity  | 1000 | Residential activities                      | Includes activities that occur in all types of residential uses, structures, ownership characteristics, or the character of the development.   |
| Activity  | 1100 | Household activities                        | Includes those activities normally associated with single-family, multifamily, town homes, manufactured homes, etc.  |
| Activity  | 1200 | Transient living                            | Activities associated with hotels, motels, tourist homes, bed and breakfast, etc. Note that the distinction between various residential activities is independent of the definition of a family.   |
| Activity  | 1300 | Institutional living                        | Residential living activity associated with dormitories, group homes, barracks, retirement homes, etc. These activities may occur in any number of structural types (single-family homes, multi-family homes, manufactured homes, etc.), but the activity characteristics of such living is not the same as the other subcategories under residential activities. Also note that the distinction between various residential activities is independent of the definition of a family.  |
| Activity  | 2000 | Shopping, business, or trade activities     | This category captures all uses that are business related. Use it as a catch-all category for all retail, office, commercial, and industrial activities when the subcategories are either too specific or otherwise unknown (as in comprehensive plan designations).   |
| Activity  | 2100 | Shopping                                    | Primarily for all retail shops and stores. If the shop sells both goods and services, or if it is not clear which of the two more detailed categories to assign, then use this one. Increasingly, distinguishing between a store (that sells goods) and shop (that sells service) will become difficult and for many planning-related applications even irrelevant. Even economic applications that employed such distinctions are reconsidering because of the difficulty in distinguishing between goods and services. However, for those planning applications that require this distinction, or for existing land-use data sets that already employ such distinctions, apply the subcategories. Otherwise, for routine land-use data classification, apply the Shopping category only. |
| Activity  | 2110 | Goods-oriented shopping                     | Activities in stores that trade retail goods. The distinction is in the physical attributes of activities associated with goods (buying, selling, repairing, etc.) and not the type of goods.  |
| Activity  | 2120 | Service-oriented shopping                   | Those shops that primarily sell services on site. The distinction is in the physical attributes of activities associated with services, such as hairdressing. Business services, such as accounting, legal services, advertising, etc., belong in the office category.   |
| Activity  | 2200 | Restaurant-type activity                    | Eating, dining, and such activities associated with restaurants and other establishments that serve food, drink, and related products to be consumed on or off premises.   |
| Activity  | 2210 | Restaurant-type activity with drive-through | Eating, dining, and such activities associated with restaurants and other establishments that serve food, drink, and related products that may have seating but has drive-through facilities. Such activities, although commonly associated with fast-food restaurants, may also occur at restaurants and food establishments that do not serve fast food.   |
| Activity  | 2300 | Office activities                           | Typical office uses should be categorized here including those that are primarily office-use in character. Use this category as a catch-all designation for all office-type uses.  |

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|-----------|------|---|---|
| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
| Activity  | 2310 | Office activities with high turnover of people                      | Especially those that have counters for customer service, or waiting areas for customers or visitors. Use this category to indicate an activity characterized by a steady stream of people when such activity is part of normal operations of the office use.   |
| Activity  | 2320 | Office activities with high turnover of automobiles                 | Typically associated with drive-through windows at banks, department of motor vehicles, and other businesses. Traditionally, these activities were associated with banks, post offices, and financial institutions, but they may also occur at other kinds of establishments.   |
| Activity  | 3000 | Industrial, manufacturing, and waste-related activities             | All manufacturing, assembly, warehouse, and waste management activities. Use this as a catch-all category for anything not specified in subcategories below.  |
| Activity  | 3100 | Plant, factory, or heavy<br>goods storage or handling<br>activities | All industrial activities. Use this as a catch-all category for anything not specified in subcategories below.  |
| Activity  | 3110 | Primarily plant or factory-<br>type activities                      | Assembly plants, manufacturing facilities, industrial machinery, etc.   |
| Activity  | 3120 | Primarily goods storage or handling activities                      | Characterized by loading and unloading goods at warehouses, large storage structures, movement of goods, shipping, and trucking. Includes self-storage activities.  |
| Activity  | 3200 | Solid waste management activities                                   | Includes storing, collecting, dumping, waste processing, and other related operations.  |
| Activity  | 3210 | Solid waste collection and storage                                  | Solid waste activities at source or intermediate locations, such as recycling centers. Use this category for large sites that have their own recycling areas where solid waste is separated or pretreated. Solid waste includes demolition waste, street sweepings, sewage sludge, industrial solids and sludges, agricultural manure, and crop wastes. |
|           |      |   | The term garbage refers to food waste portion of solid waste and refuse or trash refer to mixed solid wastes.   |
|           |      |   | This category also includes activities associated with recycling (or refuse reclamation) and other related operations with landfilling.   |
| Activity  | 3220 | Landfilling or dumping  | Activities that typically occur at landfills and resource recovery facilities. Also useful to mark those areas not necessarily identified as landfills, but used as dumps. The term sanitary landfill is sometimes used to differentiate public landfills from others.  |
| Activity  | 3230 | Waste processing or recycling                                       | Activities normally associated with incinerators, recycling facilities, resource recovery facilities, etc.  |
| Activity  | 3300 | Construction activities (grading, digging, etc.)                    | During the construction stage of a development, especially if it is a large-scale one and is a multiyear project, the characteristics of the use is quite different from what it may eventually become. When local plans need to track such activities, use this category. Once completed, the activity code should reflect its actual use.             |
| Activity  | 4000 | Social, institutional, or infrastructure-related activities         | Use this category for all institutional activities. This broad category may also be used for land-use designations in comprehensive and general plans.  |
|           |      |   |   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Activity  | 4100 | School or library activities   | Mainly those associated with educational, instructional, or teaching activities. Administrative functions, especially those where school board or administrative offices are located, should be assigned office categories. Likewise, sports, school-bus parking, or maintenance activities should be assigned appropriate categories. But if the data being classified is generalizing over large areas, then use this category. |
| Activity  | 4110 | Classroom-type activities  | Those that occur in school buildings, lecture rooms, etc. This category may include other related activities only if the data is being generalized and the predominant activities are classroom-type instructions.  |
| Activity  | 4120 | Training or instructional activities outside classrooms                | Driving, flying, or other instructional activities that occur outside a typical school building.  |
| Activity  | 4130 | Other instructional activities including those that occur in libraries | Include all other instructional activities here.  |
| Activity  | 4200 | Emergency response or public-safety-related activities                 | Broad category to group all fire, police, rescue, EMS, and other public safety activities. Use this category for joint or co-located facilities if the application needs a single activity code.  |
| Activity  | 4210 | Fire and rescue-related activities                                     | The classic example is a fire station with fire trucks in standard bays with associated training, resting, office, and equipment storing activities on the site. Use this category for sites that do not necessarily look like a fire station, but serve the same purpose (e.g., on-site fire and rescue stations for large-scale developments).  |
| Activity  | 4220 | Police, security, and protection-related activities                    | Policing and police-related activities that typically occur in a police station. It also includes community policing centers located in neighborhoods, which may occupy store-front locations.  |
| Activity  | 4230 | Emergency or disaster-<br>response-related activities                  | Many look like a typical office building but are distinct in the operations in them. Often they have the 911 emergency center, disaster coordination facilities, and essential communication facilities for disaster recovery and response. Note that this category is not for coding schools and other community facilities used in disaster recovery operations.  |
| Activity  | 4300 | Activities associated with utilities (water, sewer, power, etc.)       | Group all utilities: water, sewer, power, gas, etc.   |
| Activity  | 4310 | Water-supply-related activities  | Category for water supply-related, including irrigation-related activities. Use this category for any activity associated with water supply.  |
| Activity  | 4311 | Water storing, pumping, or piping                                      | Activities primarily associated with linear features, such as pipelines, water channels, etc., located in easements and point features, such as air vents, pumping stations, piping junctions, etc., that may or may not be located in easements.   |
| Activity  | 4312 | Water purification and filtration activities                           | Associated with large-scale plants, many of which appear industrial in character. This category should also include all the related activities associated with a water purification and filtration facility, such as water storage, water pumping, etc.   |
| Activity  | 4313 | Irrigation water storage and distribution activities                   | This category includes activities associated with urban and rural water distribution systems. Although not as common as the water purification plants, these activities are commonly associated with wells and reservoirs for water supply.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Activity  | 4314 | Flood control, dams, and other large irrigation activities                       | Associated with dams, reservoirs, and other large-scale storage and distribution of water. Primarily industrial in character, many such sites also host other activities, such as sightseeing, power generation, leisure activities, environmental monitoring, etc.         |
| Activity  | 4320 | Sewer-related control,<br>monitor, or distribution<br>activities                 | This activity is characterized by sewer-related activities, such as pumping, piping, storing, treating, filtering, etc., whether urban or rural, private or public. Use this category for any activity associated with sewers.  |
| Activity  | 4321 | Sewage storing, pumping, or piping   | Activities primarily associated with linear features, such as pipelines, channels, etc., located in easements and point features, such as air vents, pumping stations, piping junctions, etc., that may or may not be in easements.   |
| Activity  | 4322 | Sewer treatment and processing   | Associated with sewer treatment plants, many of which appear industrial in character. This category also includes related activities associated with a sewer treatment and processing facility, such as storage, pumping, etc.  |
| Activity  | 4330 | Power generation, control, monitor, or distribution activities                   | This activity is characterized by electrical power generation, control facilities, distribution centers, etc. Use this category for any activity associated with power supply and distribution.   |
| Activity  | 4331 | Power transmission lines or control activities                                   | Activities primarily associated with linear features, such as transmission lines, conduits, etc., located in easements and point features, such as air vents, pumping stations, piping junctions, etc., that may or may not be in easements.                                |
| Activity  | 4332 | Power generation, storage, or processing activities                              | Activities primarily associated with switching centers, transformer locations, and other power-related facilities that serve as storage or transit points in the distribution system.   |
| Activity  | 4340 | Telecommunications-<br>related control, monitor, or<br>distribution activities   | Activities associated with telecommunications encompass communication tower facilities, antennae locations, repeater stations, and distribution centers.  |
| Activity  | 4350 | Natural gas or fuels-<br>related control, monitor, or<br>distribution activities | Activities associated with natural gas encompass production facilities, distribution lines, and control and monitor stations.   |
| Activity  | 4400 | Mass storage, inactive   | Activities associated with large storage areas for water, fuels, waste, and other products where such storage is not associated with utilities. These facilities may be associated with a private or public establishment to serve functions not associated with utilities. |
| Activity  | 4410 | Water storage  | Not related to utilities, but may be related to an industrial or commercial enterprise. This may include tanks, tank farms, open storage, etc., above or below ground.  |
| Activity  | 4420 | Storage of natural gas, fuels, etc.  | Not related to utilities, but may be related to an industrial or commercial enterprise. This may include tanks, tank farms, open storage, etc., above or below ground.  |
| Activity  | 4430 | Storage of chemical,<br>nuclear, or other materials                              | Not related to utilities, but may be related to an industrial or commercial enterprise. This may include tanks, tank farms, open storage, etc., above or below ground.  |
| Activity  | 4500 | Health care, medical, or treatment activities                                    | Activities in this category encompass those associated with clinics, hospitals, and other facilities that treat, house, or care for patients.   |
| Activity  | 4600 | Interment, cremation, or grave digging activities                                | This category encompasses activities associated with cemeteries, cremation facilities, funeral homes, and the like.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Activity  | 4700 | Military base activities   | Military bases are typically complex collection of activities that include a wide range of activities associated with military training, living and recreational facilities for military personnel, storage and maintenance facilities, and other related facilities.                          |
| Activity  | 4710 | Ordnance storage   | Activities primarily associated with storing and moving of military ordnance.  |
| Activity  | 4720 | Range and test activities  | These activities encompass large areas for range and test activities of arms, ammunitions, war games, and related military activities. Although such activities are part of a military base, identifying this special category is useful for planning around bases for land-use compatibility. |
| Activity  | 5000 | Travel or movement activities  | This category encompasses activities associated with all modes of transportation. It includes rights-of-way and such linear features associated with transportation.   |
| Activity  | 5100 | Pedestrian movement  | Use this category for classifying pedestrian-only roads and open mall areas in road rights-of-way. Although comprehensive plans may not depend on such distinctions, many site plans and urban designs use them for circulation components of their plans.                                     |
| Activity  | 5200 | Vehicular movement   | This is a catch-all category for all forms of automobile movement on roads, parking areas, drive-through facilities, etc. Use the subcategories to further distinguish them.   |
| Activity  | 5210 | Vehicular parking, storage, etc.   | Activities associated with parking or storing of automobiles.  |
| Activity  | 5220 | Drive-in, drive through, stop-n-go, etc.                                   | Activities associated with serving customers in their automobiles from a fixed location, such as a drive-through window. Assign this code to those uses that have drive-through window facilities.   |
| Activity  | 5400 | Trains or other rail movement  | Includes activities associated with movement of rails and other vehicles on railroads. It includes activities associated with rail maintenance, storage, and rights-of-way for railroads.  |
| Activity  | 5410 | Rail maintenance, storage, or related activities                           | Use this category for identifying rail maintenance and storage activities, which are industrial in character, from rail movement and railroad rights-of-way. This category also includes railroad switching activities.  |
| Activity  | 5500 | Sailing, boating, and other<br>port, marine and water-<br>based activities | This category includes activities associated with water and marine based travel, movement, and their related activities. Use the subcategories to distinguish areas of marine movement from marine storage activities.   |
| Activity  | 5510 | Boat mooring, docking, or servicing  | Use this subcategory for activities associated with docks and marinas where boats and ships are anchored, moored, or serviced.   |
| Activity  | 5520 | Port, ship-building, and related activities                                | These activities include a complex collection of shipping, storing, repairing and other similar activities that are industrial in nature. Passenger terminals are not included in this category.   |
| Activity  | 5600 | Aircraft takeoff, landing, taxiing, and parking                            | These activities encompass all aspects of air travel and transportation that occur at ground facilities, such as airports, hangars, and similar facilities. Passenger terminals are not included in this category.   |
| Activity  | 5700 | Spacecraft launching and related activities                                | These activities include space vehicle control, storage, movement, and viewing areas. Although they appear similar to air transportation facilities, spacecraft related activities entail several other activities.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Activity  | 6000 | Mass assembly of people   | This is a catch-all category for activities associated with mass assembly of people for either transportation, spectator sports, entertainment, or other social and institutional reasons. Use the subcategories to further classify the type of mass assembly.   |
| Activity  | 6100 | Passenger assembly  | This category is for activities primarily associated with bus, train, and airport terminals.  |
| Activity  | 6200 | Spectator sports assembly   | Spectator sports assembly may occur in stadiums, open grounds, or other venues occasionally used for such purposes. Identifying such activities may be required for public safety related applications.   |
| Activity  | 6300 | Movies, concerts, or entertainment shows                                  | Besides performance viewing, this category also includes related activities associated with such performances: food and souvenir vending, purchasing tickets, and related activities. This category also includes mass assembly at theaters and planetariums.   |
| Activity  | 6400 | Gatherings at fairs and exhibitions                                       | Mass assembly of people at fairs and exhibitions includes activities associated with food and souvenir vending, purchasing tickets, and related activities. This category also includes activities associated with entertainment shows, park rides, etc., at fairs.   |
| Activity  | 6500 | Mass training, drills, etc.   | Includes activities in parade grounds and drill fields associated with institutions.  |
| Activity  | 6600 | Social, cultural, or religious assembly                                   | Use this category for mass assembly of people for social (eg., city hall), cultural (eg., parades), or religious (eg. churches) purposes.   |
| Activity  | 6700 | Gatherings at galleries,<br>museums, aquariums,<br>zoological parks, etc. | Public assembly gatherings at galleries, museums, aquariums, zoological parks, and similar exhibition services are characterized by a steady stream of people as opposed to mass congregation of viewers at movie theaters and such. Although the distinction may not be significant, certain public assembly activities require this information separate from other kinds of gatherings in planning for public safety.  |
| Activity  | 6800 | Historical or cultural celebrations, parades, reenactments, etc.          | These are usually annual gatherings, parades, and cultural celebrations that may involve shows, amusement park-like assembly of people, and selling food, drink and souvenirs.  |
| Activity  | 7000 | Leisure activities  | This is a catch-all category for classifying all forms of leisure activities. It includes the customary active and passive kinds of leisure activities although such distinctions are difficult to define. Although LBCS provides active and passive subcategories, for new data classification purposes either apply this category (for top level coding) or identify the precise nature of activities (which are at the third-level coding).  |
| Activity  | 7100 | Active leisure sports and related activities                              | This category refers to an arbitrary second-level coding to accommodate existing data classified as either active or passive leisure activities. Although the distinction between active and passive are difficult to separate, use this category only if more precise lower-level categories are combined in existing data. For new data classification purposes either apply this category (for top level coding) or identify the precise nature of activities (which are at the third-level coding). |
| Activity  | 7110 | Running, jogging,<br>bicycling, aerobics,<br>exercising, etc.             | Although these activities are normally associated with bike paths, jogging trails, sidewalks, and such facilities, they also include the kinds that happen on athletic tracks and playgrounds. Exercising and aerobic activities include those that take place in health clubs and gymnasiums besides outdoor facilities.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Activity  | 7120 | Equestrian sporting activities   | This category is for all equestrian-related leisure activities including riding, mounting, horsemanship, and equestrian games, such as polo, hurdles, dressage training and show jumping. The related categories include those incidental to maintaining stables, feeding, caring, and housing horses.  |
| Activity  | 7130 | Hockey, ice skating, etc.  | This is a broad category to include activities normally associated with ice rinks and skating on ice. Hockey and other sports on ice are also included in this category.  |
| Activity  | 7140 | Skiing, snowboarding, etc.   | This is a broad category that includes leisure sport activities on snow: skiing, luge, bobsled, toboggan.   |
| Activity  | 7150 | Automobile and motorbike racing  | This is a broad category to include the myriad forms of vehicular sports including automobile racing, dirt racing, motorcycle racing, and other cross-country type events.  |
| Activity  | 7160 | Golf   | Includes other leisure activities, such as pall-mall, tipcart, croquet, golf, curling, and pall one besides golf.   |
| Activity  | 7180 | Tennis   | Because of its unique site development characteristic, traditionally lawn tennis (as opposed to table tennis) has been classified distinct from other sporting activities. It also includes related sports, such as racquet ball.   |
| Activity  | 7190 | Track and field, team sports (baseball, basketball, etc.), or other sports | This includes activities associated with playing baseball, basketball, and other related games.   |
| Activity  | 7200 | Passive leisure activity   | This category refers to an arbitrary second-level coding to accommodate existing data classified as either active or passive leisure activities. Although the distinction between active and passive are difficult to separate, use this category only if more precise lower-level categories are combined in existing data. For new data classification purposes either apply this category (for top level coding) or identify the precise nature of activities (which are at the third-level coding). |
| Activity  | 7210 | Camping  | Camping is a broad category that includes parts of activities associated with of shelter, recreation, and other related activities, such as hunting, fishing, sailing, etc. The designation applies to only those camping areas and camp grounds where camps are allowed.   |
| Activity  | 7220 | Gambling   | Casinos normally host gambling, wagering, and those establishments that serve the gaming aspects of leisure activities. However, many other types of establishments also provide slot machines, and other gambling and gaming facilities (shopping centers in Las Vegas, for instance).   |
| Activity  | 7230 | Hunting  | Hunting activities include live and also clay pigeon and skeet shooting.  |
| Activity  | 7240 | Promenading and other activities in parks                                  | This is a catch-all category for all other areas of parks and recreational areas that do not qualify under any of the other more specific categories.   |
| Activity  | 7250 | Shooting   |   |
| Activity  | 7260 | Trapping   |   |
| Activity  | 7300 | Flying or air-related sports   |   |
| Activity  | 7400 | Water sports and related leisure activities                                |   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Activity  |      | Boating, sailing, etc.   |  |
| Activity  |      | Canoeing, kayaking, etc.   |  |
|           |      |  |  |
| Activity  | /430 | Swimming, diving, etc.   | Includes activities associated with lifeguard services and other related activities.   |
| Activity  | 7440 | Fishing, angling, etc.   |  |
| Activity  | 7450 | Scuba diving, snorkeling, etc.                                     |  |
| Activity  | 7460 | Water-skiing   |  |
| Activity  | 8000 | Natural resources-related activities                               |  |
| Activity  | 8100 | Farming, tilling, plowing,<br>harvesting, or related<br>activities | Agricultural activities, such as farming, plowing, tilling, cropping, seeding, cultivating, and harvesting for the production of food and fiber products. Also includes sod production, nurseries, orchards, and Christmas tree plantations. Excludes forest logging and timber-harvesting operations. |
| Activity  | 8200 | Livestock related activities                                       | Activities associated with feeding and raising of livestock in pens and confined structures.   |
| Activity  | 8300 | Pasturing, grazing, etc.   | Activities normally associated with feeding and grazing in open ranges   |
| Activity  | 8400 | Logging  | Activities normally associated with forestry.  |
| Activity  | 8500 | Quarrying or stone cutting   | Includes activities normally associated with borrow pits.  |
| Activity  | 8600 | Mining including surface and subsurface strip mining               | Includes crushing, screening, washing, and flotation activities.  Beneficiating is another common term used to describe such activities.   |
| Activity  | 8700 | Drilling, dredging, etc.   | Includes activities normally associated with on and off-shore drilling for oil and natural gas operations, dredging for beach control, expanding waterways, and cleaning of canals or channels.  |
| Activity  | 9000 | No human activity or unclassifiable activity                       | May also be used as a placeholder for areas of no habitation (desert areas, for example).  |
| Activity  | 9100 | Not applicable to this dimension                                   | Use this code as a permanent code for those records that will never be classified in this dimension.   |
|           |      |  | It is normal for land-use databases to have records that may never be classified and be left blank instead. But LBCS recommends that all records have a code because some computer applications may not be able handle blank entries (null values in database terminology).                            |
| Activity  | 9200 | Unclassifiable activity  | Use this category as a temporary placeholder for activities that cannot be grouped anywhere until the classification scheme is updated. Check the LBCS web site to see how others have dealt with such unique activities before revising the classification scheme.                                    |
| Activity  | 9300 | Subsurface activity  | Use this category for activities that occur below the surface that are of no interest to the applications that will use this data set and assigning one of the unknown categories may be inappropriate.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                          | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Activity  | 9900 | To be determined                     | Use this code as a placeholder until an appropriate code can be assigned.   |
|           |      |                                      | It is normal for land-use databases to have records that may never be classified and left blank instead. But LBCS recommends that all records have a code because some computer applications may not be able handle blank entries (null values in database terminology).  |
|           |      |                                      | This code could also be used as the default value for data-entry work.  The subcategories serve the same purpose for other coding levels.   |
| Activity  | 9990 | To be determined                     |   |
| Activity  | 9999 | To be determined                     |   |
| Function  | 1000 | Residence or accommodation functions | This top-level category comprises all establishments offering residence or accommodation, such as homes, apartments, housing for the elderly, and hotels. Note that leased service departments (e.g. a grocery store in an apartment building) are usually considered separate establishments and should be classified separately in your database. See the detailed function dimension description for information on classifying leased service departments.  |
| Function  | 1100 | Private household                    | This category comprises all households except those with special provisions, as for the elderly, disabled, or those with subsidized congregate living arrangements. Individually owned residences as well as residences owned by rental or management companies are included. Establishments in this category include apartments, condominiums, mobile homes, townhouses, etc. The vast majority of residential uses fall in this category. Use this category as the default for quickly coding large residential areas.  |
| Function  | 1200 | Housing services for the elderly     | Establishments in this category offer a wide range of housing services for those who cannot care for themselves, such as the elderly. These establishments have primarily evolved from two service areas: housing and custodial care. Housing service establishments provide some personal care services; likewise, custodial care establishments provide certain kinds of housing services. The variety of choices available now range from simple services offered in one's house to advanced 24-hour personal care and health services, which are typically common in hospital care services. Many establishments in this category also offer a menu of services to choose from. The subcategories reflect four common patterns of housing for the elderly and relate to the level of the dependence on the care provider. |
| Function  | 1210 | Retirement housing services          | These establishments offer minimal convenience services but focus on attracting elderly residents so as to provide a social support system among the residents.   |
| Function  | 1220 | Congregate living services           | Funded through the 1978 Congregate Housing Services Act, many of these establishments serve meals and other services in low-income and federally subsidized housing. Now, many establishments provide such services to other non-subsidized housing facilities. Services include housekeeping, laundry, transportation, recreational programs, and other convenience services.  |
| Function  | 1230 | Assisted-living services             | These services are provided by board-and-care establishments, such as adult foster care homes and adult care group homes. Services include daily activity assistance, such as dressing, grooming, bathing, etc. These establishments may be located in single-family homes and share the house with the care provider's family.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                     | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Function  | 1240 | Life care or continuing care services           | This subcategory comprises church or social welfare organizations running retirement centers. Residents turn over some or all of their assets in exchange for housing, personal care, convenience care, and some health care. Terms used for such establishments are: endowment facilities, founders care facilities, continuing care retirement centers, etc.  |
| Function  | 1250 | Skilled-nursing services                        | This subcategory comprises establishments that provide 24-hour skilled nursing care. Included are nursing homes and convalescent hospitals for the elderly.   |
| Function  | 1300 | Hotels, motels, or other accommodation services | Establishments in this category serve lodging and short-term accommodations for travelers. They may offer a wide range of services, from overnight sleeping space to full-service hotel suites. They may offer these services in conjunction with other activities, such as entertainment or recreation.  |
| Function  | 1310 | Bed and breakfast inn                           | These establishments operate primarily in private homes and small buildings.  |
| Function  | 1320 | Rooming and boarding                            | Rooming and boarding establishments serve a specific group or<br>membership, such as a dormitory, fraternity or sorority house, or<br>workers' camp. They provide temporary accommodations and may<br>offer housekeeping, meals, and laundry services.  |
| Function  | 1330 | Hotel, motel, or tourist court                  | These establishments comprise resort hotels that do not have gambling services. They may also offer food services, recreational services, convention hosting services, laundry services, etc. This subcategory includes extended-stay hotels.   |
| Function  | 1340 | Casino hotel                                    | Casino hotels are establishments that a variety of services packaged to serve gambling, sports betting, slot machines, food services, conference facilities, convention or exhibition services, and recreational amenities like spas, swimming pools, roller coaster rides, amusement parks, etc. In terms of operations, these establishments function like a resort or hotel establishment in addition to the gambling operations in the casino portions of the establishments. Newer marketing strategies for casinos include the provision of full service spa, recreation, and amusement services within the same establishment including art exhibits, music shows, and theater performances.                 |
| Function  | 2000 | General sales or services                       | The general sales and services category comprises the vast majority of establishments typically associated with commercial land use. Since this category covers such a wide range of establishments, the subcategories provide the best definition. These are: retail sales and service; automobile sales or service; finance and insurance; business, professional, scientific, and technical services; food services; and personal services. For most applications, the general sales and services category is not specific enough for classifying the economic function of land. However, in cases where specific information is not available, this category may be used as a default for commercial land uses. |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                    | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Function  | 2100 | Retail sales or service                        | Retail establishments form the final step in the distribution of merchandise. They are organized to sell in small quantities to many customers. Many have stores, but some also sell merchandise from non-stores. Establishments in stores operate as fixed point-of-sale locations, which are designed to attract a high volume of walk-in customers. Retail establishments often have displays of merchandise and sell to the general public for personal or household consumption, though they may also serve businesses and institutions. Some establishments may further provide after-sales services, such as repair and installation. Examples of store retailers include catalog showrooms, gasoline services stations, and automotive dealers. Subcategories group retail establishments by their industry type. |
| Function  | 2110 | Automobile sales or service establishment      | These establishments include all motor vehicle and parts dealers. They may have showrooms or open lots for selling vehicles and may provide repair and maintenance services. Note that establishments selling medium and heavy-duty trucks should be included in wholesale trade and not here because such products are never sold through retail channels.   |
| Function  | 2111 | Car dealer                                     | Car dealers retail new or used compact automobiles and light trucks (such as sport utility vehicles, and passenger and cargo vans). These vehicles may be sold in combination with activities, such as repair services, and selling replacement parts and accessories.  |
| Function  | 2112 | Bus, truck, mobile homes,<br>or large vehicles | These establishments retail new or used larger vehicles (not included in car dealers category), such as busses, recreational vehicles (RVs), mobile homes, and trucks. Often these establishments also provide repair services and sell replacement parts and accessories.  |
| Function  | 2113 | Bicycle, motorcycle, ATV, etc.                 | This class comprises establishments retailing new or used motorcycles, motor scooters, motor bikes, mopeds, and off-road all-terrain vehicles; or, in retailing these vehicles in combination with repair services and selling replacement parts and accessories.   |
| Function  | 2114 | Boat or marine craft dealer                    | These establishments retail new or used boats, personal watercraft, or new or used outboard motors, boat trailers, and may also provide repair services, sell replacement parts and accessories for such craft, and offer other related marine equipment supplies.  |
| Function  | 2115 | Parts, accessories, or tires                   | Primarily comprising of automotive supply stores, these establishments retail new, used, or rebuilt automotive parts and accessories. They may also include repair and installation services. Examples include parts and supply stores, automotive stereo stores, speed shops, truck cap stores, and tires and tube shops.  |
| Function  | 2116 | Gasoline service                               | Gas stations are establishments that primarily retail automotive fuels (e.g., diesel fuel, gasohol, gasoline) which may or may not be in combination with convenience stores or food marts. These establishments may further provide services such as automotive repair, automotive oils, replacement parts and accessories, or food and beverage sales.  |
| Function  | 2120 | Heavy consumer goods sales or service          | The next three subcategories (i.e. "heavy", "durable", and "other" consumer goods sales or services), group establishments by their products, and the classes broadly group them by their characteristics. There is no fundamental economic principle in these differences; they reflect traditional planning categories.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Function  | 2121 | Furniture or home<br>furnishings                     | Retail furnishing establishments sell products, such as household furniture (e.g., baby furniture box springs and mattresses) and outdoor furniture, office furniture (except those sold in combination with office supplies and equipment), floor coverings (rugs, carpets, vinyl floor coverings, and floor tile not only ceramic or wood), and window treatments (curtains, drapes, blinds, and shades). Some of these items may be sold in combination with major appliances or home electronics, or in combination with installation and repair services.   |
| Function  | 2122 | Hardware, home centers, etc.                         | These establishments primarily retail materials and supplies for home building or repairs. They also sell other products, such as lumber, plumbing goods, electrical goods, tools, house wares, hardware, and, sometimes, lawn and garden supplies.  |
| Function  | 2123 | Lawn and garden supplies                             | Lawn and garden supply establishments offer specialized products and services for lawn and garden. They come in two variations:  |
|           |      |  | a). Some sell new outdoor power equipment which may or may not be accompanied with repair services and replacement parts.  |
|           |      |  | b). Others sell nursery and garden products, such as trees, shrubs, plants, seeds, bulbs, and sod, that are predominantly grown elsewhere (these establishments may sell a limited amount of a product they grow themselves).  |
| Function  | 2124 | Department store,<br>warehouse club or<br>superstore | These establishments are unique in that they have the equipment and staff capable of retailing a large variety of goods from a single location. They retail a wide range of products with no one merchandise line predominating. Products may include: apparel, furniture, appliances and home furnishings, paint, hardware, toiletries, cosmetics, photographic equipment, jewelry, toys, and sporting goods. Merchandise lines may be arranged in separate departments.  Use this classification for establishments known as warehouse clubs,  |
|           |      |  | superstores or super centers retailing a general line of groceries in combination with general merchandise.  |
| Function  | 2125 | Electronics and Appliances                           | Establishments in the electronics and appliance stores class retail electronics and appliance merchandise from point-of-sale locations. Establishments in this class often operate from locations that have special provisions for floor displays requiring special electrical capacity to accommodate the proper demonstration of these products. The staff may include sales personnel knowledgeable in the characteristics and warranties of the line of goods retailed and may also include trained repairpersons to handle the maintenance and repair of the electronic equipment and appliances. Products sold at these establishments include household-type appliances, cameras, televisions, stereos, and other electronic goods. |
|           |      |  | These establishments often sell computer hardware and software along with other lines of merchandise; however, establishments primarily selling computer hardware, software, or computer services, are classified in another category below; likewise establishments primarily selling cameras, camera parts, or camera services, are classified in a separate category.   |
| Function  | 2126 | Lumber yard and building materials                   | Use this classification for lumber yards and heavy building materials retailing establishments. For hardware stores also selling lumber, use the hardware and home centers classification.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Function  | 2127 | Heating and plumbing equipment                               | Use this classification for heating and plumbing equipment retailers. For hardware stores also selling heating and plumbing equipment, use the hardware and home centers classification. For heating and plumbing contractors that retail and install or service equipment, use the appropriate construction category.  |
| Function  | 2130 | Durable consumer goods sales and service                     | Establishments in this subcategory retail a wide range of product lines that often include: apparel, appliances and home furnishings, paint, hardware, toiletries, cosmetics, photographic equipment, jewelry, toys, sporting goods, automotive parts, and dry goods. The following classes detail particular lines of merchandise. If no line of merchandise predominates, or, if the line of merchandise is not included in the following classes, use this subcategory code. Examples of such establishments are: department stores, warehouse clubs, superstores or super centers (with the exception of grocery stores).   |
| Function  | 2131 | Computer and software  | These establishments retail computers, computer peripherals, and prepackaged computer software without retailing other consumertype electronic products or office equipment, office furniture and office supplies. Some of these establishments may also retail computer products in combination with repair, support, and training services. This category does not include those establishments that primarily sell computers and software via mail order or the Internet. Such establishments should be classified under the appropriate information services category.  |
| Function  | 2132 | Camera and photographic supplies                             | Establishments in this category primarily retail cameras, photographic equipment, and photographic supplies, or, they retail these products with repair services and film developing.   |
| Function  | 2133 | Clothing, jewelry, luggage, shoes, etc.                      | Clothing establishments retail new clothing and clothing accessories merchandise from fixed point-of-sale locations. These establishments often have similar display equipment and staff that is knowledgeable regarding fashion trends and the proper match of styles, colors, and combinations of clothing and accessories to the characteristics and tastes of the customer. This class includes establishments primarily engaged in retailing clothing, footwear, jewelry, sterling and plated silverware, watches and clocks, luggage and leather goods, and sewing supplies. Also included in this category are establishments retailing these new products in combination with lapidary work and repair services. Note that establishments primarily selling sporting goods are classified separately.   |
| Function  | 2134 | Sporting goods, toy and<br>hobby, and musical<br>instruments | Sporting goods are specialized clothing, equipment, accessories, and service establishments that retail for sport and recreational activities. They retail such goods as bicycles and bicycle parts, camping equipment, exercise and fitness equipment, athletic uniforms, specialty sports footwear, and similar equipment and accessories. Toy and hobby shops primarily retail toys, games, and hobby and craft supplies. Musical instrument establishments retail musical instruments and related supplies; a good example of such an establishment would be a piano store. Some of these establishments may also retail sheet music, offer music instruction, rent or repair instruments, but the primary product is the sale of instruments. Establishments selling sheet music along with books, magazines, etc. should be classified under the appropriate category and not here. |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Function  | 2135 | Books, magazines, music, stationery        | These establishments retail books, newspapers, magazines (and other periodicals), stationery, school and office supplies, novelty merchandise, souvenirs, greeting cards, seasonal and holiday decorations, curios, sheet music, prerecorded audio and video tapes, compact discs (CDs), and phonograph records.  |
| Function  | 2140 | Consumer goods, other                      | Establishments in this subcategory retail merchandise (except groceries or health items) not included above. Establishments grouped here are florists, art stores, tobacco stores, and mail order or direct selling establishments.   |
| Function  | 2141 | Florist                                    | Florists are establishments that retail cut flowers, floral arrangements, and potted plants purchased from others. These establishments usually prepare the arrangements they sell.   |
| Function  | 2142 | Art dealers, supplies, sales and service   | These establishments retail original and limited edition art works, and offer art supplies and services to consumers. Included in this category are establishments displaying works of art for retail sale in art galleries.  |
| Function  | 2143 | Tobacco or tobacconist establishment       | This class comprises establishments retailing cigarettes, cigars, tobacco, pipes, and other tobacco supplies.   |
| Function  | 2144 | Mail order or direct selling establishment | Retailing other than in stores is the primary service these establishments provide. These establishments offer services through sales staff that may go to the customers' location (e.g., door-to-door sales, home parties), or may utilize mail or electronic media, such as interactive television or computer. Examples of establishments in this class are home delivery newspaper routes; home delivery of heating oil, liquefied petroleum gas, and other fuels; and establishments retailing from catalogue showrooms of mail-order houses. Vending machine sales are not included in this category. |
| Function  | 2145 | Antique shops, flea<br>markets, etc.       | Antique shops, flea markets, thrift stores, and such establishments that primarily retail a general line of used goods are classified here.  A note about classifying used goods: In many economic classifications, used merchandise is classified separately from new merchandise. However, this distinction is becoming irrelevant because many establishments sell both new and used goods. For example, many car dealers sell new and used cars. Establishments selling both new and used merchandise should be classified according to their product groups.   |
| Function  | 2150 | Grocery, food, beverage,<br>dairy, etc.    | Establishments in this subcategory usually retail food and beverage merchandise from fixed point-of-sale locations. Establishments have special equipment (e.g., freezers, refrigerated display cases, refrigerators) for displaying food and beverage goods. They have staff trained in the processing of food products to guarantee the proper storage and sanitary conditions required by regulatory authority.  |
| Function  | 2151 | Grocery store,<br>supermarket, or bakery   | Supermarkets and other grocery (except convenience) stores retail a general line of food, such as canned and frozen foods; fresh fruits and vegetables; and fresh and prepared meats, fish, and poultry. Included in this class are meat and seafood markets, delicatessen-type establishments, and establishments retailing baked goods (not for immediate consumption and made off-premises).   |
| Function  | 2152 | Convenience store                          | Convenience stores or food marts (except those with fuel pumps) primarily retail a limited line of goods that generally includes milk, bread, soda, and snacks. In high traffic or tourism corridors, they also sell gifts, crafts, maps, and other goods normally associated with travel and tourism.  |

| Dimension | Codo | Description                                    | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Dimension | Code | Description                                    | EBCSDelinition   |
| Function  | 2153 | Specialty food store                           | Specialty food stores primarily retail specialty food items, such as coffee and tea (i.e., packaged), confectionery products (i.e., packaged), nuts, spices, and gourmet foods.  |
| Function  | 2154 | Fruit and vegetable store                      | These establishments primarily retail fresh fruits and vegetables either as standalone business or part of a larger collection of shops, such as is common with farmers markets, bazaars, and roadside grocery stands.   |
| Function  | 2155 | Beer, wine, and liquor store                   | These establishments primarily retail packaged alcoholic beverages, such as ale, beer, wine, and liquor.   |
| Function  | 2160 | Health and personal care                       | This subcategory comprises of establishments that retail health and personal care merchandise from fixed point-of-sale locations. Some of these establishments may have specialized staff trained in dealing with the products, such as pharmacists, opticians, and other professionals that retail, advise, and fit the product for the customer. Establishments in this subcategory are further classified by the products they retail.                      |
| Function  | 2161 | Pharmacy or drug store                         | Pharmacies and drug stores primarily retail prescription or nonprescription drugs and medicines.   |
| Function  | 2162 | Cosmetic and beauty supplies                   | Establishments in this category primarily retail cosmetics, perfumes, toiletries, and personal grooming products.  |
| Function  | 2163 | Optical  | Optical establishments retail prescription or nonprescription eyeglasses and contact lenses. This category also includes establishments that provide customer fitting or lens grinding in addition to eyeglasses.  |
| Function  | 2200 | Finance and Insurance                          | Finance and insurance establishments engage in financial transactions that create, liquidate, or change ownership of financial assets. They also pool financial risks by underwriting insurance and annuities. Some establishments support employee benefit programs. In many cases, it may not be always possible to differentiate some establishments between the subcategories; use this category instead.  |
| Function  | 2210 | Bank, credit union, or savings institution     | These establishments primarily perform central banking functions (such as issuing currency, managing national money supply and international reserves, and acting as fiscal agent for the central government) and accept deposits (or share deposits) and lend funds from these deposits.  |
| Function  | 2220 | Credit and finance<br>establishment            | Credit and finance establishments, both private and public (government-sponsored), extend credit or lend funds raised by credit market borrowing, such as issuing commercial paper or other debt instruments or by borrowing from other financial intermediaries. Credit card, sales financing, unsecured consumer lending, real estate credit, international trade financing, and secondary market financing establishments are also included here.           |
| Function  | 2230 | Investment banking, securities, and brokerages | These establishments primarily engage in one of the following: (1) underwriting securities issues or making markets for securities and commodities; (2) acting as agents (i.e., brokers) between buyers and sellers of securities and commodities; (3) providing securities and commodity exchange services; and (4) providing other services, such as managing portfolios of assets; providing investment advice; and trust, fiduciary, and custody services. |
| Function  | 2240 | Insurance-related establishment                | These primarily engaged in one of the following: (1) underwriting (assuming the risk, assigning premiums, etc.) annuities and insurance policies or (2) facilitating such underwriting by selling insurance policies, and by providing other insurance and employee-benefit related services.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 2250 | Fund, trust, or other financial establishment | These establishments pool assets, such as funds and trusts, on behalf of shareholders or beneficiaries. They act as principals or brokers in buying or selling financial contracts (except investment banking, securities, and commodity contracts); and provide related investment services, such as portfolio management; investment advice; and trust, fiduciary, and custody services.   |
|           |      |   | Security or equity holding establishments are classified in "management of companies and enterprises", not here.   |
| Function  | 2300 | Real estate, and rental and leasing           | These establishments rent or lease, and may additionally sell assets. Assets can be tangible (real estate or equipment) or intangible (patents and trademarks). This category's usefulness depends entirely on the activity and structure-type dimensions.   |
| Function  | 2310 | Real estate services                          | Establishments in this category comprise of those that lease real estate (except buildings), such as manufactured home (i.e., mobile home) sites, vacant lots, and grazing land. It also includes real estate appraisers (which estimate the market value of real estate), and other establishments performing real estate related services while not leasing buildings.   |
| Function  | 2320 | Property management services                  | This subcategory comprises establishments that manage real property for others. Management includes performing various services associated with overall operation of property, such as collecting rents, and overseeing services such as maintenance, security, and trash removal. Included in this subcategory are owner-lessons and establishments renting real estate and then acting as lessons in subleasing it to others. Establishments may manage the property themselves or have another establishment manage it for them.                                |
| Function  | 2321 | Commercial property-<br>related               | Commercial property-related establishments lease buildings not used as residences or dwellings. This category includes mini-warehouses and self-storage units, which provide space (i.e., rooms, compartments, lockers, containers, or outdoor space) where clients store and retrieve goods.  |
| Function  | 2322 | Rental housing-related                        | These establishments lease buildings used as residences or dwellings, such as single-family homes, apartment buildings, and town homes.  |
| Function  | 2330 | Rental and leasing                            | Establishments in the rental and leasing subcategory include establishments that provide tangible goods, such as automobiles, computers, consumer goods, and industrial machinery and equipment, to customers in return for a periodic rental or lease payment. These establishments may rent consumer goods and equipment, or may lease machinery and equipment for business operations. Establishments may or may not operate from a retail or store-front facility, and may offer short or long-term leases.  |
|           |      |   | Note the following exceptions. Establishments that primarily lease in combination with providing loans are classified in banks and credit unions. Establishments that primarily lease real property are classified under property management services. Establishments primarily renting or leasing equipment with operators are classified in other subcategories depending on the type of service (these are excluded here since NAICS also differentiates if the client is paying for the expertise of the operator in addition to the rental of the equipment.) |
| Function  | 2331 | Cars  | These establishments rent or lease passenger cars without drivers.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Function  | 2332 | Leasing trucks, trailers,<br>RVs, etc.                           | Establishments in this classification rent or lease trucks, truck tractors or buses, semi trailers, utility trailers, RVs (recreational vehicles), or off-highway transportation equipment such as aircraft, railroad cars, steamships, or tugboats. Drivers or operators are not provided.  |
| Function  | 2333 | Recreational goods rental  | These establishments rent recreational goods, such as skis, canoes, bicycles, sailboats, motorcycles, beach chairs, and beach umbrellas.   |
| Function  | 2334 | Leasing commercial, industrial machinery, and                    | These establishments rent or lease:  |
|           |      | equipment  | a). office machinery and equipment, such as computers, office furniture, duplicating machines (i.e., copiers), or facsimile machines;  |
|           |      |  | b). heavy equipment without operators used for construction, mining, or forestry, such as bulldozers, earthmoving equipment, well-drilling machinery and equipment, or cranes;   |
|           |      |  | c). other non-consumer machinery and equipment, such as manufacturing equipment; metalworking, telecommunications, motion picture, or theatrical equipment; institutional (i.e., public building) furniture; or agricultural equipment without operators.  |
| Function  | 2335 | Consumer goods rental  | This category comprises establishments that rent personal and household-type goods. Establishments generally provide short-term rental although in some instances, the goods may be leased for longer periods of time. These establishments often operate from a retail-like or store-front facility. Rental items include: home health equipment; consumer electronics equipment, such as televisions, stereos, and refrigerators; clothing, such as formal wear, costumes, (except laundered uniforms and work apparel); furniture; and party supplies. This class also comprises general rental centers, which may offer a range of consumer, commercial, and industrial equipment, but which are primarily geared towards consumers.   |
| Function  | 2336 | Intellectual property rental (video, music, software, etc.)      | This class comprises of establishments that assign rights to assets, such as patents, trademarks, brand names, and franchise agreements for which a royalty payment or licensing fee is paid to the asset holder.  |
| Function  | 2400 | Business, professional,<br>scientific, and technical<br>services | Establishments in this category perform professional, scientific, and technical services for others. Such services require a high degree of expertise and training. Subcategories reflect the types of clients and industries they serve.  |
| Function  | 2410 | Professional services  | Establishments in this subcategory make available the knowledge and skills of their employees. The distinguishing feature of this subcategory is that the service provided depends on worker skills, while equipment and materials are not of major importance. This distinction is what separates professional services from other categories (such as health care, where "high tech" machines and materials are important). Thus, the establishments categorized here sell expertise and perform professional, scientific, and technical services for others. These services require specialized expertise of the employees, though not in every case. The individual classes in this subcategory are defined by the particular expertise and training they provide. The primary distinction between this category and the administrative services category is that employees in this category tend to be more highly specialized. |

| Dimension | Codo | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
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| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDellilluoti   |
| Function  | 2411 | Legal services                                       | This category includes the following establishments:  |
|           |      |  | a). Title abstract and settlement offices engaging in researching public land records to gather information relating to real estate titles, preparing documents necessary for the transfer of the title, financing, and settlement, conducting final real estate settlements and closings, and filing legal and other documents relating to the sale of real estate. (Real estate settlement offices, title abstract companies, and title search companies are included.)   |
|           |      |  | b). Offices of lawyers: these are offices of legal practitioners known as lawyers or attorneys i.e., counselors-at-law primarily engaged in the practice of law; establishments may provide expertise in a range or in specific areas of law, such as criminal law, corporate law, family and estate law, patent law, real estate law, or tax law.  |
|           |      |  | c). Offices of notaries: these establishments draft, approve, and execute real estate transactions, wills, and contracts; and receive, index, and store such legal documents.   |
|           |      |  | d). Other legal services establishments.  |
| Function  | 2412 | Accounting, tax,<br>bookkeeping, payroll<br>services | Accounting-related establishments provide services such as auditing accounting records, designing accounting systems, preparing financial statements, developing budgets, preparing tax returns, processing payrolls, book keeping, and billing.  |
| Function  | 2413 | Architectural, engineering, and related services     | These establishments include the following: architectural, landscaping (architectural), engineering, drafting, building inspection, surveying and mapping, and laboratory testing (except medical, veterinary, or auto emission) enterprises. Architectural services plan and design buildings and structures. Architectural landscaping services plan and design the development of land areas for projects. Engineering services apply physical laws and principles of engineering to design, develop, or utilize machines, materials, instruments, structures, processes, and systems; they may provide advice, prepare feasibility studies, prepare preliminary and final plans and designs, provide technical services during the construction or installation phase, or inspect and evaluate of engineering projects. Drafting services draw detailed layouts, plans, and illustrations of buildings, structures, systems, or components from engineering and architectural specifications. Building inspection services evaluate aspects of building structure and component systems and prepare a reports on the physical condition of the property, generally for buyers or others involved in real estate transactions; bureaus and establishments providing home inspection services are included. Surveying and mapping services gather, interpret, and map geophysical and non-geophysical data; these may survey and map the earth's surface or seafloor, may locate and measure subsurface resources (such as oil, gas, and minerals), and may conduct surveys for engineering purposes. Testing laboratories perform physical, chemical, and other analytical testing services, such as acoustics or vibration testing, assaying, biological testing (except medical and veterinary), calibration testing, electrical and electronic testing, geotechnical testing, mechanical testing, nondestructive testing, or thermal testing. The testing may occur in a laboratory or on-site. |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 2414 | Graphic, industrial, interior design services         | Establishments in this category provide specialized design services (except architectural, engineering, and computer systems design). Services include interior, industrial, and graphic design. Interior design establishments plan, design, and administer projects in interior spaces; interior decorating consultants are also included here. Industrial design establishments create designs and specifications aiding the use, value, and appearance of their products; services can include the determination of the materials, construction, mechanisms, shape, color, and surface finishes of products. Establishments that provide industrial design services and industrial design consulting services for automobile or furniture industries are also included here. Graphic design establishments design visual communication; they may design printed materials, packaging, advertising, signage systems, or corporate identification (logos); also included are commercial artists that generate illustrations requiring technical accuracy or interpretative skills. |
| Function  | 2415 | Consulting services (management, environmental, etc.) | These establishments advise and assist businesses and other organizations on management, scientific, and technological issues. This class includes establishments that provide expertise in information technologies; these may design, modify, test, support, or operate hardware and software for clients.   |
| Function  | 2416 | Research and development services (scientific, etc.)  | Establishments in this category conduct research, or analyze, in the physical, engineering, cognitive, or life sciences, such as agriculture, electronics, ecology, biology, botany, biotechnology, computers, chemistry, food, fisheries, forests, geology, health, mathematics, medicine, oceanography, pharmacy, physics, veterinary, sociology, psychology, language, behavior, or economics.  |
| Function  | 2417 | Advertising, media, and photography services          | Establishments in this category encompass: advertising, public relations, and media buying agencies; media representatives; display and direct mail advertisers; market research and public opinion agencies; commercial and consumer photography and ideography studios; and translation and interpretation providers.  |
| Function  | 2418 | Veterinary services                                   | Veterinary services include establishments with licensed practitioners of veterinary medicine, dentistry, or surgery for animals; also included are establishments that provide testing services for licensed veterinary practitioners.  |
| Function  | 2420 | Administrative services                               | Typical office establishments in any business or downtown area fall in this category. They provide a variety of standard administrative services. These establishments are typically associated with white-collar workers in the old SIC. These may be independent establishments or part of conglomerates that serve one or more companies. Use this category as a default assignment for most office buildings.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                 | LBCSDefinition   |
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| Function  | 2421 | Office and administrative services          | These establishments: a). provide day-to-day office administrative services, such as financial planning, billing, record keeping, personnel employment, and logistics; b). hold securities (or other equity interests) of companies in order to own a controlling interest or influence management decisions; c). oversee and administer the establishments of a company often by providing strategic or organizational planning; and d). provide other administrative services not classified elsewhere.  |
|           |      |   | Only use this classification for stand-alone establishments which, although they may be part of a larger companies, are separate from the actual goods or services producing facilities. The activities of these establishments could apply equally to a manufacturing company, a law firm, etc.   |
| Function  | 2422 | Facilities support services                 | These establishments provide operating staff for support services within a client's facilities. They typically provide a combination of services, such as janitorial, maintenance, trash disposal, security, mail reception, and laundry services. They provide operating staff to carry out these support activities, but are not involved with the core activities of the client. Establishments providing operation support services (except computer and data processing) and establishments operating correctional facilities (i.e., jails) on a contract or fee basis are also included here.  |
| Function  | 2423 | Employment agency                           | These establishments provide employee placement, temporary help, and employee leasing services. These: (1) list employment vacancies and refer or place individuals in employment for others; (2) supply workers to clients' businesses for limited periods of time to supplement their working force; and (3) provide human resources and human resource management, and operate in co-employment with clients. These establishments may or may not provide direct supervision of their employees at clients' work sites, but do not have management accountability for the work of their clients with regard to strategic planning, output, or profitability. Professional employer organizations (PEO) and establishments providing labor or staff leasing services are included in this class. |
| Function  | 2424 | Business support services                   | These establishments provide any of the following: document preparation, telephone answering, telemarketing, mailing (except direct mail advertising), court reporting, and steno typing. They may operate copy centers, which provide photocopying, duplicating, blueprinting, or other copying services besides printing. They may provide a range of support activities, including mailing services, document copying, facsimiles, word processing, on-site PC rental, and office product sales.  |
| Function  | 2425 | Collection agency                           | Collection agencies: a). collect payments for claims and remit payments collected to their clients; b). compile credit and employment information (e.g. as credit bureaus) for financial institutions, retailers, or others who need to evaluate credit worthiness; or c). repossess tangible assets (e.g., automobiles, boats, equipment, planes, furniture, appliances) for a creditor as a result of delinquent debts.  |
| Function  | 2430 | Travel arrangement and reservation services | These establishments promote or sell travel, tour, or accommodation services, such as providing maps and information, locating convention sites, arranging reservations, organizing group tours, etc. Travel or wholesale tour operators are included in this subcategory. Also included are convention and visitors bureaus.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
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| Function  | 2440 | Investigation and security services                      | Establishments in this subcategory provide one or more of the following: (1) investigation and detective services; (2) guard and patrol services; (3) the picking up and delivering of money or valuable items with protection while in transit; (4) the selling of security systems, such as burglar and fire alarms and locking devices, along with installation, repair, or monitoring; and (5) remote monitoring of electronic security alarm systems.   |
| Function  | 2450 | Services to buildings and dwellings                      | These establishments provide services, such as pest control, janitorial activities, landscaping, carpet and upholstery cleaning, and other services for buildings and dwellings.   |
| Function  | 2451 | Extermination and pest control                           | Establishments that exterminate and control birds, mosquitoes, rodents, termites, and other insects and pests (except for crop production and forestry production) are classified here. Establishments providing fumigation services are also included in this class.  |
| Function  | 2452 | Janitorial   | This class comprises establishments that clean building interiors, interiors of transportation equipment (e.g., aircraft, rail cars, ships), or windows.   |
| Function  | 2453 | Landscaping  | These establishments provide landscape maintenance, and tree, shrub, plant, lawn, or garden installation. In addition, some of these establishments may design landscape plans or construct (i.e., install) walkways, retaining walls, decks, fences, ponds, or similar structures.  |
| Function  | 2454 | Carpet and upholstery cleaning                           | This class comprises establishments that clean and dye used rugs, carpets, and upholstery.   |
| Function  | 2455 | Packing, crating, and convention and trade show services | These establishments: a). package client owned materials, possibly with package labeling or imprinting; and b). organize, promote, and manage events, such as business and trade shows, conventions, conferences, and meetings, with or without providing staff.   |
| Function  | 2500 | Food services  | Establishments in this category only include those that prepare meals, snacks, and beverages for immediate consumption. Many other establishments also provide similar food and beverage services, but they are not included here because that is not their primary economic function. Use the activity dimension to differentiate such activities in those establishments.  |
|           |      |  | For accommodation services (hotels, motels, etc.) use the residential and accommodation services category.   |
| Function  | 2510 | Full-service restaurant                                  | Full-service restaurants provide food services to patrons who order<br>and are served while seated (i.e. waiter/waitress service) and pay after<br>eating. They may provide this service in combination with selling<br>alcoholic beverages, providing takeout services, or presenting live<br>nontheatrical entertainment.  |
| Function  | 2520 | Cafeteria or limited service restaurant                  | These provide food services (except snack and nonalcoholic beverage bars) where patrons order or select items and pay before eating. Food and drink may be consumed on premises, taken out, or delivered to customers' location. Some establishments in this subcategory may provide food services in combination with selling alcoholic beverages. This subcategory includes cafeterias, which use cafeteria-style serving equipment, a refrigerated area, and self-service beverage dispensing equipment, and which display food and drink items in a continuous cafeteria line. |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 2530 | Snack or nonalcoholic bar                           | These prepare and serve specialty snacks, such as ice cream, frozen yogurt, cookies, or popcorn, or serve nonalcoholic beverages, such as coffee, juices, or sodas for consumption on or near the premises. These establishments may carry and sell a combination of snack, nonalcoholic beverage, and other related products (e.g., coffee beans, mugs, and coffee makers) but generally promote and sell a unique food or beverage item.                             |
| Function  | 2540 | Bar or drinking place                               | These establishments, also known as bars, taverns, nightclubs or drinking places, primarily prepare and serve alcoholic beverages for immediate consumption. These establishments may also provide limited food and entertainment (primarily music) services.  |
| Function  | 2550 | Mobile food services                                | These establishments prepare and serve meals and snacks for immediate consumption from motorized vehicles or non-motorized carts. Examples include hot dog carts and ice cream tucks. The establishment itself is the central location from which the caterer route is serviced, not each vehicle, or cart; however, land used as the primary site for the establishment's sales (i.e. specific locations where the carts or vehicles operate) may be classified here. |
| Function  | 2560 | Caterer   | Caterers provide single event-based food services. They transport food via equipment and vehicles to events or prepare food at an off-premise site. Banquet halls with catering staff are included in this subcategory. Examples of events catered by these establishments are trade shows, graduation parties, wedding receptions, and business or retirement luncheons.  |
| Function  | 2570 | Food service contractor                             | These establishments provide food services at institutional, governmental, commercial, or industrial locations of others based on contracts with organizations for a specified period of time.  Establishments in this subcategory provide food services for the convenience of the contracting organization or the contracting organization's customers. The food service contractor always provides its own management staff.  |
| Function  | 2580 | Vending machine operator                            | Establishments in this category retail merchandise through vending machines that they service.   |
| Function  | 2600 | Personal services                                   | This is a catch-all category for all personal service establishments.  These establishments offer a wide range of personal services (laundry, hair care, etc.). See the establishments page for this classification on the LBCS web site for a complete list of establishments.  |
| Function  | 2700 | Pet and animal sales or service (except veterinary) | This category comprises establishments retailing pets and other animals (except for farming purposes) and pet supplies, as well as establishments providing animal services, such as grooming, training, and care taking. For veterinary establishments, use the appropriate professional services category.   |
| Function  | 2710 | Pet or pet supply store                             | Establishments in this category retail pets, pet foods, and other pet supplies.  |
| Function  | 2720 | Animal and pet services                             | These establishments provide animal and pet care services (except veterinary), such as boarding, grooming, sitting, and training.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                          | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Function  | 3000 | Manufacturing and wholesale trade    | Differentiating manufacturing from retail or service establishments can be confusing. The distinctions used in this category closely follow the NAICS definitions.  |
|           |      |                                      | Manufacturing establishments are located in plants, factories, or mills and employ power-driven machines and materials-handling equipment. They may also employ workers who create new products by hand, without the characteristic machinery-intensive enterprise. Many manufacturing establishments process products of agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, or quarrying as well as products of other manufacturing establishments. The subcategories reflect sectors with distinct production processes related to material inputs, production equipment, and employee skills.   |
|           |      |                                      | Most manufacturing establishments have some form of captive services (e.g., research and development, and administrative operations, such as accounting, payroll, or management). These must be functionally coded the same as the establishment. However, when such services are provided by separate establishments, they are classified in the appropriate function code, and not in manufacturing. Use the activity dimension to differentiate between an office activity and a factory activity for such establishments.   |
| Function  | 3100 | Food, textiles, and related products | Establishments in this category primarily produce food products for intermediate or final consumption in a process that primarily uses raw materials from livestock or agricultural products. This category also includes establishments that produce tobacco, textiles, and leather products.  |
| Function  | 3110 | Food and beverages                   | Establishments in the food and beverage subcategory transform livestock and produce into products for intermediate or final consumption; or they manufacture beverages. These products are typically sold to wholesalers or retailers; however, also included here are bakery and candy establishments that produce on the premises for later consumption. Beverage manufacturing includes the manufacture of nonalcoholic and fermented and distilled alcoholic beverages. Ice manufacturing, while not a beverage, is also included because it uses the same production process as water purification.  |
| Function  | 3120 | Tobacco manufacturing establishment  | Tobacco manufacturing includes establishments that either: redry and stem tobacco; or that manufacture cigarettes, cigars, or other tobacco products. Tobacco retail sales and tobacco crops are classified separately under retail and agricultural crops categories respectively.   |
| Function  | 3130 | Textiles                             | Establishments here include textile mills, textile product mills, and apparel manufacturers. Broadly they can be characterized as those that: (a) transform natural or synthetic fiber into products (such as yarn or fabric) to be further manufactured into textile products; and (2) manufacture textile products (apparel and other) by knitting, cutting, and sewing fabric. Production processes may include preparing and spinning fiber, knitting or weaving fabric, or textile finishing. This category includes establishments that work with materials owned by others and those that manufacture custom garments for individual clients. Tailors and apparel contractors are also included. |

| Dimension | Code | Description                        | LBCSDefinition   |
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| Function  | 3140 | Leather and allied products        | Leather and allied product manufacturers: a). transform hides into leather by tanning or curing; b). fabricate leather into products for final consumption; and c). manufacture similar products from leather substitutes, such as rubber, plastics, or textiles. Rubber footwear, textile luggage, and plastic purses are some examples of products made from leather substitutes.  |
| Function  | 3200 | Wood, paper, and printing products | Establishments in this category manufacture wood and paper products, such as lumber, furniture, wood building products, mobile homes, and paper products. Some perform related services, such as printing and bookbinding. Subcategories reflect product distinctions.   |
| Function  | 3210 | Wood products<br>establishment     | These establishments manufacture wood products (except furniture), such as lumber, plywood, veneers, wood containers, wood flooring, wood trusses, mobile homes, and prefabricated wood buildings. Manufacturing may include sawing, planing, shaping, laminating, or assembling wood products starting from logs or lumber. Included are establishments that make wood products from logs and bolts that are sawed and shaped, and establishments that purchase sawed lumber and make wood products.  |
| Function  | 3220 | Paper and printing materials       | Establishments in this category primarily manufacture paper and offer printing-related products. Paper manufacturers make pulp, paper, or converted paper products (e.g. paper bags). Excluded are photosensitive papers, which are classified in chemical and plastics. Printing establishments print products (e.g. newspapers, books, periodicals, and greeting cards) and perform support activities, such as bookbinding, plate making services, and data imaging. Clothing printers are included if their primary activity is printing, not clothing manufacturing (e.g. T-shirt printing is included, but fabric printing is not). For publishers of printed products or those that both print and publish, use the appropriate category under publishing industries or information establishments.   |
| Function  | 3230 | Furniture and related products     | These establishments manufacture furniture and related articles, such as mattresses, window blinds, cabinets, fixtures, furniture parts, and frames. Processes include the cutting, bending, molding, laminating, and assembling materials, such as wood, metal, glass, plastics, and rattan. Aesthetic and functional design also plays an important part in the production of furniture. Design services may be performed by the furniture establishment's work force or may be purchased from industrial designers. Some of the processes used in furniture manufacturing are similar to processes in other manufacturing categories (such as wood manufacturing, metal manufacturing, and plastics manufacturing). However, furniture manufacturing is distinguished as a separate category due to the combination of multiple production processes. |
|           |      |                                    | For manufacturers of transportation equipment seats and furniture, use the transportation manufacturing category. For manufacturers of medical-type furniture, use the miscellaneous manufacturing category.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Function  | 3300 | Chemicals, and metals, machinery, and electronics manufacturing | Establishments in this category transform or refine chemicals or metals, and manufacture products from chemicals or metals. Subcategories group them by the production processes; the result being that establishments working with base materials (such as iron ore) are classified by the input material, while establishments creating more finished products (such as machinery) are classified by the finished product.  For establishments which engage in transformation or refinement, but  |
|           |      |   | which primarily extract materials from the earth, use the mining and extraction category instead.   |
| Function  | 3310 | Petroleum and coal products                                     | These establishments manufacture petroleum and coal products by transforming crude petroleum and coal into usable products. The dominant process is petroleum refinement: the separation of crude petroleum into component products through techniques such as cracking and distillation. This category also includes establishments that further process refined petroleum and coal products to produce asphalt coatings, petroleum lubricating oils, and other related byproducts. For establishments that manufacture petrochemicals from refined petroleum are classified under Chemicals, plastics, and rubber products.   |
| Function  | 3320 | Chemicals, plastics, and rubber products                        | Chemicals, plastics, and rubber establishments process and transform organic and inorganic raw materials, plastics and rubber, and form products by chemical processes. However, for classifying processing during mining operation, use the appropriate mining and extraction category; for the refining of crude petroleum, use Petroleum and coal products; for manufacturing aluminum oxide, use Primary metals manufacturing category; and for beverage distilleries, use Food and beverage category.  |
| Function  | 3330 | Nonmetallic mineral products                                    | Establishments in this subcategory transform, mine, and quarry nonmetallic minerals, such as sand, gravel, stone, clay, and refractory materials. Included are establishments that manufacture bricks, refractories, ceramics, glass, cement, concrete, lime, gypsum, abrasives, ceramic plumbing fixtures, statuary, cut stone products, and mineral wool. Processes used include grinding, mixing, cutting, shaping, and honing. Mining, beneficiating, and manufacturing often occur at a single location. Establishments that mine, quarry, or beneficiate, and then further process, are classified by their primary activity. For example, a mine that manufactures a more-finished product is classified here, while a mine that mines and beneficates with little manufacturing of finished products, is classified under Mining.             |
| Function  | 3340 | Primary metal<br>manufacturing                                  | These establishments smelt or refine metals, and transform metal into products (other than machinery, electronics, computers, or furniture). Establishments include those that manufacture alloys beginning with ore or concentrate, and those that recover metals from scrap or dross through secondary smelting and refining. Establishments may manufacture basic metal products, such as ingot, billet, sheets, strips, bars, rods, wires, and castings; or they may manufacture finished products. Also included are establishments that begin with manufactured metal shapes and further fabricate the shapes into a product. Processes include forging, stamping, bending, forming, machining, rolling, drawing, extruding, welding, and assembling. For establishments that operate coke ovens, use the petroleum and coal products category. |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 3350 | Machinery manufacturing                                       | Establishments in this subcategory create products that apply mechanical force (e.g. the application of gears and levers) to perform work. Important processes include forging, stamping, bending, forming, machining, welding, and assembling. Design considerations are inherent in the production; these considerations help separate machinery manufacturing from "primary metal manufacturing." Establishments make machinery for particular applications, such as agriculture, construction, mining, ventilation, industrial/commercial heating and cooling, and metalworking. Establishments manufacturing electrical products, including motors and generators, are classified elsewhere, in "electrical equipment, appliances, and components". Manufacturers of household appliances, including heaters, refrigerators, and air conditioners, are also included in "electrical equipment, appliances, and components". |
| Function  | 3360 | Electrical equipment, appliance, and components manufacturing | These establishments manufacture computers, computer peripherals, communications equipment, audio equipment, lighting equipment, batteries, motors, and other products that generate, distribute and use electrical power. Included are manufactures of components for the above products and manufacturers of small and major household appliances.   |
| Function  | 3370 | Transportation equipment, automobiles, etc.                   | Establishments in this subcategory produce equipment for transporting people and goods. Although transportation equipment is a type of machinery, assembly tends to be distinct from the production processes common in the machinery manufacturing, so these establishments are classified separately.  Manufacturers of motor vehicle equipment used for non-transporting purposes (e.g., agriculture, construction, or materials handling) are classified elsewhere according the type and use of the equipment.  |
| Function  | 3400 | Miscellaneous<br>manufacturing                                | Use this category for manufacturing establishments not classified elsewhere. The subcategories reflect common establishment types which do not have special categories in other manufacturing types.   |
| Function  | 3410 | Jewelry and silverware  | These establishments: (1) manufacture, engrave, chase, or etch jewelry, precious metal, pewter cutlery and flatware, or personal metal goods (i.e., small articles carried on or about the person, such as compacts or cigarette cases); (2) stamp coins; (3) manufacture unassembled jewelry parts or stock shop products, such as sheet, wire, and tubing; (4) cut, slab, tumble, carve, engrave, polish, or facet precious or semiprecious stones and gems; (5) recur, repolish, or set gem stones; or (6) drill, saw, or peel cultured and costume pearls.   |
| Function  | 3420 | Dolls, toys, games, and musical instruments                   | These establishments manufacture games (including electronic), toys, dolls, and musical instruments.   |
| Function  | 3430 | Office supplies, inks, etc.                                   | Office supply manufacturing establishments manufacture office supplies with the exception of paper. Examples of products made by these establishments are pens, pencils, felt tip markers, crayons, chalk, pencil sharpeners, staplers, hand operated stamps, modeling clay, and inked ribbons.  |
| Function  | 3440 | Signs   | Sign manufacturing establishments manufacture signs and related displays of all materials except printing paper or paperboard.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Function  | 3500 | Wholesale trade establishment                             | Wholesaling is an intermediate step in the distribution of merchandise. Wholesalers either sell or arrange the purchase of goods to other businesses and normally operate from a warehouse or office. They may be located in an office building or a warehouse. Unlike retailers, their warehouses and offices have little or no display of merchandise.  |
|           |      |   | Functional coding should reflect the type of economic establishment. Whether the establishment is in a warehouse or an office building is specified by a combination of activity and structure-type dimensions.   |
|           |      |   | Subcategories provided under wholesale trade may be arbitrary. They are included here to accommodate older data sets that maintained such distinctions.   |
| Function  | 3510 | Durable goods   | Establishments in the durable goods subcategory sell or arrange the purchase or sale of capital or durable goods to other businesses. These establishments wholesale products, such as motor vehicles, furniture, construction materials, machinery and equipment (including household-type appliances), metals and minerals (except petroleum), sporting goods, toys and hobby goods, recyclable materials, and parts. Durable goods generally have life expectancy of at least three years.   |
| Function  | 3520 | Nondurable goods  | Establishments in the nondurable goods subcategory sell or arrange the purchase or sale of nondurable goods to other businesses. These establishments wholesale products, such as paper products, chemicals, drugs, textiles, apparel, footwear, groceries, farm products, petroleum products, alcoholic beverages, books, magazines, newspapers, flowers, and tobacco products. Nondurable goods generally have a life expectancy of less than three years.  |
| Function  | 3600 | Warehouse and storage services                            | These service establishments operate warehouse and storage facilities for general merchandise, refrigerated goods, and other warehouse products. They provide the facilities to store goods but do not sell the goods they handle. They may also provide a range of services related to the distribution of goods, such as labeling, breaking bulk, inventory control and management, light assembly, order entry and fulfillment, packaging, pick and pack, price marking and ticketing, and transportation arrangement. Bonded warehousing, storage services, and warehouses located in free trade zones are included in this category.   |
| Function  | 4000 | Transportation, communication, information, and utilities | This is a catch-all category comprising transportation, communication, and utilities for essential facilities. In this category, an establishment cannot be distinguished by a single physical location as it can in most other categories. To classify land in this category, other factors are needed for deciding which land serves a particular establishment. In most cases, the type of establishment in this category is easily deduced from the type of structures and actives on the land. The remaining difficulty is deciding how significant a structure or activity is necessary for the land to be associated with an establishment type. For example, it would not be realistic to classify all land with telephone lines under telephone communications; however, land with more important telephone communication facilities may be classified here. |
| Function  | 4100 | Transportation services                                   | Transportation establishments serve passengers and cargo movements and are grouped by the modes of transportation. They use transportation equipment as a productive asset although many may have service and repair facilities (railroads or airlines).  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Function  | 4110 | Air transportation   | Establishments in the air transportation subcategory provide air transportation for passengers or cargo using aircraft, such as airplanes and helicopters. This subcategory includes scenic and sightseeing air transportation establishments, which may involve local departure and same-day return. Air courier services (individual package or cargo delivery) are not included in this subsection but are included in 4190, since these services usually require road transportation to deliver the cargo to the intended recipient.  |
| Function  | 4111 | Air passenger<br>transportation                            | This class comprises establishments providing scheduled and nonscheduled air transportation for passengers or passengers with freight.  |
| Function  | 4112 | Air freight transportation                                 | This class encompasses establishments providing scheduled and nonscheduled air transportation of cargo without transporting passengers. Establishments primarily providing scheduled air transportation of mail on a contract basis are included in this class.   |
| Function  | 4113 | Airport and support establishment                          | These include: establishments providing air traffic control to regulate the flow of air traffic; establishments that operate international, national, or civil airports or public flying fields, or, that support airport operations (such as rental of hangar spaces, and cargo handling services); and establishments providing specialty air transportation or flying services (not included in air freight or passenger transportation).  |
| Function  | 4114 | Aircraft and accessories                                   | This class comprises establishments that provide specialized services for air transportation (except air traffic control and other airport operations). Examples of services include aircraft maintenance and repair (except factory conversions, overhauls, rebuilding), and aircraft testing.   |
| Function  | 4115 | Other air transportation (including scenic, balloon, etc.) | Use this classification for specialized air transportation. Most of these establishments operate for scenic or sightseeing purposes. Examples of transportation types include: hot air balloon rides, helicopter rides, and aerial tram and cable cars.   |
| Function  | 4120 | Rail transportation  | The rail transportation category comprises establishments providing passenger and freight transportation, and rail transportation support. Use this general category for establishments providing both passenger and freight transportation, or, for establishments providing both rail transportation and rail support services; otherwise, choose the more specific classification. Many rail facilities serve multiple establishments with different functions; for example, one establishment may provide passenger transportation, and a separate establishment may provide freight transportation on the same rail. In these cases, apply separate specific codes for each type of establishment. |
| Function  | 4121 | Rail passenger<br>transportation                           | Use this classification for rail transportation establishments for passengers only (no freight). Establishments in this classification operate over long distances between metropolitan areas, although some may provide additional local transportation. For systems within local areas only, use the appropriate local transit system classification.   |
| Function  | 4122 | Rail freight transportation                                | Use this classification for rail freight transportation systems only (no passengers). Rail freight establishments may operate over long distances, or within local areas only.  |
| Function  | 4123 | Rail transportation support establishment                  | These establishments provide specialized services for railroad transportation. They service, repair (except through factory conversion, overhauling or rebuilding rolling stock), maintain, load, and unload rail cars; and operating independent terminals.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Function  | 4130 | Road, ground passenger,<br>and transit transportation                              | The road, ground passenger, and transit transportation category comprises a variety of passenger transportation functions, such as urban transit systems; chartered, school, and interurban bus transportation; and taxis. Establishment types primarily reflect the mode of transit utilized.  |
| Function  | 4131 | Local transit systems<br>mixed mode  | These establishments operate ground passenger transit systems using multiple modes of transport over regular routes and on regular schedules within a local or metropolitan area. For these systems, use the other LBCS dimensions to classify the specific characteristics of each site (i.e. rail versus bus). For systems involving only one mode of transportation, use one of the more specific classifications.                                   |
| Function  | 4132 | Local transit systems<br>commuter rail   | Commuter rail establishments operate commuter rail systems over regular routes and on a regular schedule within a local area. Commuter rail is usually characterized by reduced fares, multiple ride, and commutation tickets and is mostly used by passengers during the morning and evening peak periods.   |
| Function  | 4133 | Local transit systemsbus,<br>special needs, and other<br>motor vehicles            | Use this classification for all single-mode local transit systems other than rail. Included are shuttle services and special needs transportation for the elderly, infirm, or handicapped. This classification may include scheduled and non-scheduled transit systems.   |
| Function  | 4134 | Interurban, charter bus,<br>and other similar<br>establishments                    | These establishments operate non-local passenger buses or other motor vehicles. They may operate over regular routes and schedules, for charter (i.e. without regular routes and schedules), or for special needs transportation (not provided by school or work) for the infirm, elderly, or handicapped.  |
| Function  | 4135 | School and employee bus transportation   | These transportation establishments provide buses and other motor vehicles to transport pupils to and from school or employees to and from work.  |
| Function  | 4136 | Special purpose transit<br>transportation (including<br>scenic, sightseeing, etc.) | Use this classification for scenic or sightseeing land transportation. These establishments are classified separately because: (1) many do not offer transit between destination points (i.e. the destination is the same as the starting point); (2) they may operate both within local areas and over larger areas; (3) they may operate either mixed or single mode transit systems; and (4) they offer other services, such as tour guide services. |
|           |      |  | It may be impossible to separate scenic and sightseeing transportation from certain transit systems. For commuter transit systems which also provide scenic or sightseeing services, use the appropriate local transit classification.  |
| Function  | 4137 | Taxi and limousine service   | These establishments provide passenger transportation by automobile or van, not over regular routes or regular schedules. Taxicab owner/operators, taxicab fleet operators, and taxicab organizations are included. Also included are limousine and luxury sedan establishments, which may provide an array of specialty and luxury passenger transportation services   |
| Function  | 4138 | Towing and other road and ground services  | This class comprises establishments that tow light or heavy motor vehicles, both local and long distance. These establishments may provide incidental services, such as storage and emergency road repair services.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Function  | 4140 | Truck and freight transportation services                                | Establishments in the truck and freight transportation category provide over-the-road transportation of cargo using motor vehicles, such as trucks and tractor trailers. The category is subdivided into general freight trucking and specialized freight trucking. This distinction reflects differences in equipment, type of load, scheduling, terminal, and other networking services.     |
|           |      |  | General freight transportation establishments handle a wide variety of commodities, generally palletized, and transported in a container or van trailer. General freight trucking is further subdivided into local and long distance trucking.   |
|           |      |  | Specialized freight transportation requires specialized equipment due to the size, weight, shape, or other inherent characteristics of the cargo. Specialized freight trucking is further subdivided into used and non-used freight trucking   |
| Function  | 4141 | General freight trucking,<br>local                                       | These establishments provide local general freight trucking, usually within a metropolitan area which may cross state lines. They handle a wide variety of commodities, generally palletized and transported in a container or van trailer. Most trips are same-day return.  |
| Function  | 4142 | General freight trucking,<br>long-distance                               | Long distance freight trucking establishments provide long-distance general freight trucking, usually between metropolitan areas which may cross North American country borders. They handle a wide variety of commodities, generally palletized and transported in a container or van trailer. Included are establishments operating as truckload (TL) or less than truckload (LTL) carriers. |
| Function  | 4143 | Freight trucking,<br>specialized (used<br>household and office<br>goods) | These establishments provide specialized local or long-distance trucking of used household, used institutional, or used commercial furniture and equipment. They use specialized equipment, such as flatbeds, tankers, or refrigerated trailers. Incidental packing and storage activities are often provided.   |
| Function  | 4144 | Freight trucking,<br>specialized (except used<br>goods)                  | These establishments provide local or long-distance trucking of non-used goods using specialized equipment, such as flatbeds, tankers, or refrigerated trailers.   |
| Function  | 4150 | Marine and water transportation  | Marine and water transportation establishments provide transportation of passengers and cargo using watercraft, such as ships, barges, and boats. They provide deep sea, coastal, Great Lakes, or inland waterway transportation.  |
| Function  | 4151 | Marine passenger transportation  | Establishments in this class provide water transportation, including scenic and sightseeing, for passengers.   |
| Function  | 4152 | Marine freight transportation  | Establishments in this class provide water transportation for cargo.   |
| Function  | 4153 | Marine port and harbor operations  | Establishments in this class operate ports, harbors (including docking and pier facilities), or canals.  |
| Function  | 4154 | Marine cargo handling and dry dock services                              | These establishments provide stevedoring and other marine cargo handling services (except warehousing).  |
| Function  | 4155 | Marine navigational and other services                                   | These establishments arrange the transportation of freight between shippers and carriers, and provide navigational and other shipping services not included in other classes. These establishments include freight forwarders, marine shipping agents, customs brokers, and marine salvage establishments.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                          | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Function  | 4160 | Courier and messenger services       | Courier and messenger services are establishments that provide air, surface, or combined courier delivery services of parcels and messages within or between metropolitan areas or urban centers. These establishments may form a network including local, and point-to point pick up and delivery.  |
| Function  | 4170 | Postal services                      | These establishments operate the national postal service. Establishments that perform one or more postal services, such as sorting, routing, and delivery on a contract basis (except the bulk transportation of mail), are included in this subcategory.  |
| Function  | 4180 | Pipeline transportation              | Establishments in pipeline transportation use transmission pipelines to transport products, such as crude oil, natural gas, refined petroleum products, and slurry. The transportation of natural gas includes the storage of natural gas because the storage is usually done by the pipeline establishment and a pipeline is an inherent network in which all the nodes are interdependent.   |
| Function  | 4200 | Communications and information       | These establishments produce or distribute information. Information can be broadly differentiated by the medium through which it flows. Every other industry sector is in some way or another either a producer or consumer of "information" alluded to terms like "information economy" and "global economy." However, the establishments in this category pertain to those that transform information into a commodity.  |
|           |      |                                      | The subcategories correspond to the NAICS information industry sector. Unless planning functions need finer distinctions, the subcategories at the three-digit level should serve most applications. Differentiating a newspaper printing press (which may operate like an industrial use) from a software publishing enterprise (which may be like an office use) can be accomplished by assigning appropriate codes from the structure-type and activity dimensions. |
| Function  | 4210 | Publishing                           | Publishing establishments issue copies of works for which they usually possess copyright. Works may be in one or more formats including traditional print form, CD-ROM, or on-line. Publishers may publish works originally created by others for which they have obtained the rights or works that they have created in-house. Software publishing is included here because the creation process is similar to other types of intellectual products.                  |
|           |      |                                      | For music publishers, use the motion picture and sound recording category. For the reproduction of prepackaged software, use the appropriate manufacturing classification; for custom design of software to client specifications, use the appropriate business, professional, scientific, and technical services classification.  |
| Function  | 4211 | Newspapers, books, periodicals, etc. | This classification comprises establishments that publish newspapers, magazines and other periodicals, books, databases, calendars, greeting cards, maps, and similar works. These works are usually protected by copyright, and may be published in one or more formats, such as print or electronic form, including on-line. Publishers may print, reproduce, distribute, or offer direct access to the works, or may arrange others to carry out such functions.    |
|           |      |                                      | For printing establishments which do not publish, use the paper and printing category within manufacturing.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 4212 | Software publisher  | These establishments publish and reproduce computer software. They carry out operations necessary for producing and distributing software, such as designing, providing documentation, assisting in installation, and providing support services to software purchasers. These establishments may design, develop, and publish, or publish only.   |
| Function  | 4220 | Motion pictures and sound recording                               | Motion picture and sound recording establishments produce and distribute motion pictures and sound recordings. Although these establishments issue works for sale as traditional publishers do, the processes are sufficiently different to warrant a separate category. Production is typically a complex process that involving distinct types activities, such as contracting with performers, creating the film or sound content, and providing technical postproduction services. Film is often distributed to exhibitors, such as theaters and broadcasters, rather than through the wholesale and retail distribution chain.  This category does not include establishments wholesaling video cassettes and sound recordings; these establishments are included in the wholesale trade sector. For establishments only reproducing video cassettes or sound recordings, use the appropriate manufacturing classification. |
| Function  | 4221 | Motion Picture and video production, publishing, and distribution | This classification comprises establishments that produce or distribute motion pictures, videos, television programs, or commercials.  |
| Function  | 4222 | Motion picture viewing and exhibition services                    | Establishments in this class operate movie theaters, drive-ins, film festival exhibitions, etc., for the display of motion pictures or videos.   |
| Function  | 4223 | Sound recording,<br>production, publishing,<br>and distribution   | This classification comprises establishments that produce, distribute, or publish music and musical recordings, or provide sound recording and related services.   |
| Function  | 4230 | Telecommunications and broadcasting                               | The telecommunications and broadcasting category comprises establishments that provide point-to-point communications and related services. The classification groups are based on differences in the methods of communication and in the nature of services provided. Many establishments operate facilities providing an array of telecommunications services. If multiple services are shared between the same facilities, use this general category. If separate facilities are maintained for each type of service, then use a separate specific classification below for each facility type. For independent contractors that maintain and install broadcasting and telecommunications systems, use the appropriate classification in the construction-related category.  |
| Function  | 4231 | Radio and television<br>broadcasting                              | The radio and television broadcasting classification includes establishments that operate broadcasting studios and facilities for over the air or satellite delivery of radio and television programs of entertainment, news, talk, etc. These establishments produce or purchase programs and generate revenue from the sale of air time to advertisers or from donations, subsidies, or the sale of programs.  |
| Function  | 4232 | Cable networks and distribution                                   | This class includes two types of establishments. Cable networks operate studios and facilities for the broadcasting of programs that are typically narrowcast in nature (limited format, such as news, sports, education, and youth-oriented programming). The services of these establishments are typically sold on a subscription or fee basis. Delivery of cable programs to customers is handled by distribution establishments that operate cable systems, direct-to-home satellite systems, or other similar systems.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Function  | 4233 | Wireless<br>telecommunications                      | Telecommunications establishments operate, maintain, or provide access to facilities for the transmission of voice, data, text, sound, or full motion picture video between network termination points. A transmission facility may be based on a single technology or a combination of technologies. Use this classification for wireless telecommunications only.   |
| Function  | 4234 | Telephone and other wired telecommunications        | Use this classification for telecommunications establishments operating telephone networks.   |
| Function  | 4240 | Information services and data processing industries | This subcategory consists of news syndicates, and information and data processing services. These may supply information to the news media, or provide electronic data processing services. These establishments may provide complete processing and preparation of reports from data supplied by customers; specialized services, such as automated data entry services; or may make data processing resources available to clients on an hourly or timesharing basis.   |
| Function  | 4241 | Online information services                         | This comprises Internet access providers, Internet service providers, and similar establishments providing direct access through telecommunications networks to computer-held information compiled or published by others.  |
| Function  | 4242 | Libraries and archives                              | This consists of establishments providing library or archive services. These establishments are engaged in maintaining collections of documents (e.g., books, journals, newspapers, and music) and facilitating the use of such documents (recorded information regardless of its physical form and characteristics) as are required to meet the informational, research, educational, or recreational needs of their user. These establishments may also acquire, research, store, preserve, and generally make accessible to the public historical documents, photographs, maps, audio material, audiovisual material, and other archival material of historical interest. All or portions of these collections may be accessible electronically. |
| Function  | 4243 | News syndicate                                      | This class comprises establishments supplying information, such as news reports, articles, pictures, and features, to the news media.   |
| Function  | 4300 | Utilities and utility services                      | This category comprises establishments that provide utility services, such as electric power, natural gas, steam supply, water supply, and sewage removal. Not included are waste management services, which collect, treat, and dispose of waste materials, and do not directly use or operate utilities.  |
| Function  | 4310 | Electric power                                      | Electric power establishments provide electric power generation (except hydroelectric, fossil fuel, nuclear), transmission, control, and distribution. Establishments include facilities that convert other forms of energy (such as solar, wind, or tidal power) into electrical energy, electric power transmission and control systems (including lines and transformer stations), and distribution systems (i.e., lines, poles, meters, and wiring). Also included are establishments that arrange the sale of electricity via power distribution systems operated by others.   |
| Function  | 4311 | Hydroelectric                                       | This comprises establishments operating hydroelectric power generation facilities. These facilities use waterpower to drive a turbine and produce electric energy. Electric energy produced in these establishments is provided to electric power transmission systems or to electric power distribution systems.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                               | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Function  | 4312 | Fossil                                    | This comprises establishments operating fossil fuel electric power generation facilities. These facilities use fossil fuels, such as coal, oil, or gas, in internal combustion or combustion turbine conventional steam process to produce electric energy. Electric energy produced in these establishments is provided to electric power transmission systems or to electric power distribution systems.  |
| Function  | 4313 | Nuclear                                   | This comprises establishments operating nuclear electric power generation facilities. These facilities use nuclear power to produce electric energy. Electric energy produced in these establishments is provided to electric power transmission systems or to electric power distribution systems.   |
| Function  | 4314 | Alternative energy sources                | Establishments in this class offer alternative energy (e.g., solar or wind) production and distribution. However, for establishments that manufacture, install, or repair equipment used for wind and solar energy, use the appropriate manufacturing category.   |
| Function  | 4320 | Natural gas, petroleum, fuels, etc.       | This encompasses: (1) establishments operating gas distribution systems (e.g., mains, meters); (2) gas marketers that buy gas from the well and sell it to a distribution system; (3) gas brokers or agents that arrange the sale of gas over gas distribution systems operated by others; and (4) establishments that transmit and distribute gas to final consumers.  |
| Function  | 4330 | Water, steam, air conditioning supply     | This subcategory comprises public and private utility establishments that offer drinking water, water treatment, water supply, irrigation, steam supply, or hot or cool air supply.   |
| Function  | 4331 | Drinking water                            | Use this classification for establishments operating water treatment plants, filtration plants, pumping stations, and similar facilities for drinking water only.   |
| Function  | 4332 | Irrigation and industrial water supply    | This class consists of establishments operating water treatment plants and establishments operating water supply systems for irrigation and industrial supply only. The water supply system may include pumping stations, aqueducts, or distribution mains.   |
| Function  | 4333 | Air conditioning and steam supply         | This class consists of establishments providing steam, heated air, or cooled air. Steam distribution may be through mains.  |
| Function  | 4340 | Sewer, solid waste, and related services  | Establishments in this subcategory collect, treat, and dispose of waste materials. Establishments locally haul waste materials; operate materials recovery facilities (i.e., sort recyclable materials from trash); provide remediation services (i.e., the cleanup of contaminated sites); operate sewer systems or sewage treatment facilities; or provide septic pumping or other miscellaneous waste management services. Establishments that primarily haul waste over long distances are classified in the transportation category. |
| Function  | 4341 | Hazardous waste collection                | This class comprises establishments that (1) operate treatment and disposal facilities for hazardous waste; and (2) combine, collect, or haul hazardous waste materials within a local area while operating treatment or disposal facilities.   |
| Function  | 4342 | Hazardous waste<br>treatment and disposal | This class comprises establishments that (1) remediate and clean contaminated buildings, mine sites, soil, or ground water; (2) provide mine reclamation activities, including demolition, soil remediation, waste water treatment, hazardous material removal, contouring land, and revegetation; and (3) asbestos, lead paint, and other toxic material abatement.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                 | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 4343 | Solid waste collection                      | This class comprises establishments that (1) collect or haul hazardous waste, nonhazardous waste, or recyclable materials within a local area; and (2) operate hazardous or nonhazardous waste transfer stations. Waste collection establishments may be responsible for the identification, treatment, packaging, and labeling of wastes for the purposes of transport.   |
| Function  | 4344 | Solid waste combustor or incinerator        | These operate combustors and incinerators for the disposal of nonhazardous solid waste. These also include other nonhazardous waste treatment and disposal facilities (except landfills, sewer systems, or sewage treatment facilities). Establishments may produce byproducts such as electricity and steam. They may locally collect or haul nonhazardous waste materials along with the operation of facilities. Compost dumps are included in this class. Some establishments use the term resource recovery facility for the sites they manage. |
| Function  | 4345 | Solid waste landfill                        | Solid waste landfills operate landfills for the disposal of nonhazardous solid waste. These may locally collect or haul nonhazardous waste materials along with landfill operation. These establishments also manage recycling and resource recovery facilities that operate in conjunction with landfills.  |
| Function  | 4346 | Waste treatment and disposal                | This class comprises establishments that (1) operate facilities for separating and sorting recyclable materials from nonhazardous waste streams (i.e., garbage); and (2) operate facilities where commingled recyclable materials, such as paper, plastics, used beverage cans, and metals, are sorted.  |
| Function  | 4347 | Septic tank and related services            | This class comprises establishments that (1) pump (i.e., clean) septic tanks and cesspools; (2) rent or service portable toilets; and (3) provide other waste management services (except waste collection, waste treatment and disposal, remediation, operation of materials recovery facilities, and waste management consulting services).  |
| Function  | 5000 | Arts, entertainment, and recreation         | These establishments operate facilities or provide services for a variety of cultural, entertainment, and recreational functions. Establishments include those that produce, promote, or participate in live performances, events, or exhibits intended for public viewing; those that preserve and exhibit objects and sites of historical, cultural, or educational interest; and those that operate facilities or provide services to serve activities associated with amusement, hobby, and leisure time interests.                              |
|           |      |   | Use the other dimensions, especially ownership and site development character, to further differentiate the precise nature of land use associated with these establishments.   |
| Function  | 5100 | Performing arts or supporting establishment | Establishments in this category produce or organize and promote live presentations. The classification recognizes the following basic processes: producing events; organizing, managing, and promoting events; managing and representing entertainers; and providing the artistic, creative and technical skills for the production of these live events. Although nightclubs may offer live entertainment, they are excluded from this category. Use the appropriate food, drink, or recreational category for nightclubs.                          |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 5110 | Theater, dance, or music establishment                      | This subcategory comprises establishments producing live presentations by actors and actresses, singers, dancers, musicians, and other performing artists. Establishments include: companies, groups, or theaters that produce theatrical presentations and dance (ballet, musicals, operas, plays, etc.); dinner theaters that produce theatrical productions and provide food and beverage for consumption on the premises; and groups or freelance artists producing live musical entertainment. Theater/dance groups or companies may or may not operate their own theater or other facility for staging their shows.  Musical groups and artists may perform in front of a live audience or in a studio, and may or may not operate their own facilities for staging their shows. |
| Function  | 5120 | Sports team or club   | These establishments are professional or semiprofessional sports teams or clubs participating in live sporting events, such as baseball, basketball, football, hockey, soccer, and jai alai games, before a paying audience. These establishments may or may not operate their own facility for presenting these events.   |
| Function  | 5130 | Racetrack establishment                                     | These establishments: operate racetracks for events, such as auto, dog, and horse races; own racing participants, such as cars, dogs, and horses; or are independent racecar drivers.  |
| Function  | 5140 | Promoter of performing arts, sports, and similar events     | Establishments in this subcategory organize, promote, and manage live performing arts productions, sports events, and similar events, such as state fairs, county fairs, agricultural fairs, concerts, and festivals. They may operate their own facilities, such as arenas, stadiums, and theaters, or rent from others; or they may operate these facilities for rent to other promoters. Theatrical (except motion picture) booking agencies are included in this subcategory.  |
| Function  | 5150 | Agent for management services                               | Agents and managers representing and managing creative and performing artists, sports figures, entertainers, and other public figures. The representation and management includes activities, such as representing clients in contract negotiations; managing or organizing client's financial affairs; and promoting the careers of their clients.  |
| Function  | 5160 | Independent artist, writer, or performer                    | This industry comprises independent (i.e., freelance) individuals primarily engaged in performing in artistic productions, in creating artistic and cultural works or productions, or in providing technical expertise necessary for these productions. This industry also includes athletes and other celebrities exclusively engaged in endorsing products and making speeches or public appearances for which they receive a fee.   |
| Function  | 5200 | Museums and other special purpose recreational institutions | Museums establishments preserve and exhibit objects, sites, and natural wonders of historical, cultural, or educational value. Included are public and private museums, historical sites, zoos, and similar establishments.  |
| Function  | 5210 | Museum  | These establishments preserve and exhibit objects of historical, cultural, or educational value.   |
| Function  | 5220 | Historical or archeological institution                     | These establishments preserve and exhibit sites, buildings, forts, or communities that describe events or persons of particular historical interest. Archeological sites, battlefields, historical ships, and pioneer villages are included in this subcategory.   |
| Function  | 5230 | Zoos, botanical gardens, arboreta, etc.                     | These establishments preserve and exhibit live plant and animal life displays, including those in natural areas or settings (as in the case of national parks).  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Function  | 5300 | Amusement, sports, or recreation establishment       | Establishments in this category operate facilities offering activities (i.e. sports, recreation, amusement, or gambling) and provide services, such as facilitating amusement in places operated by others, operating recreational sports groups, and guiding tours (without transportation equipment). The following subcategories highlight particular establishment types. Note that this category does not cover all establishments providing recreational services; many are classified in other categories. |
|           |      |  | For establishments using transportation equipment, such as sightseeing buses, dinner boats, or helicopters, use the appropriate transportation category.  |
| Function  | 5310 | Amusement or theme park establishment                | Amusement or theme parks operate a variety of attractions, such as mechanical rides, water rides, games, shows, theme exhibits, refreshment stands, and picnic grounds. These establishments may lease space to others on a concession basis.   |
| Function  | 5320 | Games arcade establishment                           | These operate arcades and parlors (except gambling, billiard, or pool,) for amusement.  |
| Function  | 5330 | Casino or gambling establishment                     | These comprise establishments (except casino hotels) that operate gambling facilities, such as casinos, bingo halls, and video gaming terminals, or that provide gambling services, such as lotteries and off-track betting. These establishments may provide food and beverage services. Included in this subcategory are floating casinos (i.e., gambling cruises, and riverboat casinos).  |
| Function  | 5340 | Miniature golf establishment                         | These establishments operate miniature golf courses, and typically provide the necessary equipment to patrons. These establishments are distinct from golf courses and country clubs.   |
| Function  | 5350 | Skiing   | This subcategory comprises establishments that operate downhill, cross-country, or related skiing areas, and establishments that operating equipment, such as ski lifts and tows. Establishments often provide food and beverage services, equipment rental services, and ski instruction services. Four season resorts without accommodations are included in this subcategory. For establishments operating ski resorts with accommodations use the appropriate residence and accommodation category.           |
| Function  | 5360 | Marina or yachting club facility operators           | Marinas operate docking and storage facilities for pleasure craft<br>owners. They may retail fuel and marine supplies, and may repair,<br>maintain, or rent pleasure boats in addition to operating facilities.   |
| Function  | 5370 | Fitness, recreational sports, gym, or athletic club, | These establishments operate fitness and recreational sports facilities, or, provide services for fitness or recreational sports teams, clubs, or individual activities. The facilities-operating establishments to be classified here include: fitness clubs, gyms, archery and shooting ranges, horseback riding establishments, recreational ball parks and courts, and more.  |
|           |      |  | Sporting establishments that operate certain types of facilities are classified in other categories. For example, a yacht club operating a marina or docking facility is classified elsewhere (but a yacht club which does not operate such a facility, is classified here). For sporting establishments that operate facilities, first check whether a unique function code applies; if not, use this classification.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Function  | 5380 | Bowling, billiards, pool, etc.                         | This subcategory comprises establishments operating bowling billiards, or pool centers. These establishments often provide food and beverage services.  |
| Function  | 5390 | Skating rinks, roller skates, etc.                     | These establishments operate skating rinks; they may further offer skating products and services.   |
| Function  | 5400 | Camps, camping, and related establishments             | Some of these establishments operate sites to accommodate campers and their equipment, including tents, tent trailers, travel trailers, and recreational vehicles; others provide overnight recreational camps, such as children's camps, family vacation camps, hunting and fishing camps, and outdoor adventure retreats that offer trail riding, whitewater rafting, hiking, and similar activities. These establishments may provide facilities and services, such as cabins, washrooms, food services, recreational facilities and equipment, and organized recreational activities. |
| Function  | 5500 | Natural and other recreational parks                   | Use this classification for all parks without special economic functions. The other LBCS dimensions should be applied to code the type of park. Use the ownership dimension to distinguish between public and private parks, the site dimension to distinguish between community parks and state parks, etc.  |
| Function  | 6000 | Education, public admin., health care, and other inst. | This is a catch-all category for grouping a variety of functions, which planning applications normally aggregate.   |
| Function  | 6100 | Educational services                                   | The establishments in this category offer teaching and learning. Educational service may be provided in a variety ways (e.g., through educational institutions, the workplace, television, or home correspondence). Use the other dimensions to identify the precise nature of the land use. For example, the structure dimension can differentiate a school bus garage from a school building, or the ownership dimension can identify private from public schools.  |
| Function  | 6110 | Nursery and preschool                                  |   |
| Function  | 6120 | Grade schools  | This category comprises all public, private, and specialty schools between the preschool and university level. The individual classifications are based on traditional age and educational level distinctions.  |
| Function  | 6121 | Elementary   |   |
| Function  | 6122 | Middle   |   |
| Function  | 6123 | Senior   |   |
| Function  | 6124 | Continuance  |   |
| Function  | 6125 | Alternate education services                           | Use this classification for all schools below the university level offering specialized services, such as for the physically or mentally disabled.  |
| Function  | 6126 | Adult education services                               |   |
| Function  | 6130 | Colleges and Universities                              | These comprise junior colleges, colleges, universities, and professional schools. These establishments furnish academic or technical courses and grant degrees, certificates, or diplomas at the associate, baccalaureate, or graduate levels. The requirement for admission is at least a high school diploma or equivalent general academic training.   |
| Function  | 6140 | Technical, trade, and other specialty schools          | These schools offer vocational and technical training in a variety of technical subjects and trades. The training often leads to job-specific certification. The individual classifications are based on the type of training provided.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                         | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Function  | 6141 | Beauty schools                      | These establishments primarily train in barbering, hair styling, or the cosmetic arts, such as makeup or skin care. These schools provide jobspecific certification.  |
| Function  | 6142 | Business management                 | These establishments offer courses in office procedures, secretarial skills, stenographic, and basic office skills. In addition, these establishments may offer such classes as office machine operation, reception, and communications, designed for individuals pursuing a clerical or secretarial career.  |
| Function  | 6143 | Computer training                   | These establishments conduct computer training (except computer repair), in computer programming, software packages, computerized business systems, computer electronics technology, computer operations, and local area network management. Instruction may be provided at the establishment's facilities or at an off-site location.  |
| Function  | 6144 | Driving education                   | Use this classification for all drivers education establishments, including mandatory public drivers education, truck drivers education, and education for the operation of public transit motor vehicles.  |
| Function  | 6145 | Fine and performing arts education  | These establishments offer instruction in the arts, including dance, art, drama, and music.   |
| Function  | 6146 | Flight training                     | These establishments offer aviation and flight training. They may offer vocational training, recreational training, or both.  |
| Function  | 6147 | Sports and recreation education     | Sports and recreational education establishments, such as camps and schools, offer instruction in athletic activities to groups of individuals. Overnight and day sports camps are included in this class. However, if the camp primarily involves camping or outdoor type actives other than instruction, use the camping category under recreation and amusement.   |
| Function  | 6200 | Public administration               | This category is for all government functions; it includes federal, state, and local government agencies that administer, oversee, and manage public programs and have executive, legislative, or judicial authority. Establishments develop policy, create laws, adjudicate civil and crimina legal cases, and provide for public safety and for national defense. However, government agencies also engage in a wide range of functions similar to private establishments. For such functions use the appropriate functional category (selling maps or operating a convention center). Ownership is not the determining criteria for this category; use the ownership dimension to classify such distinctions. Similarly, use the structure-type dimension to differentiate a government office building from a jail. |
| Function  | 6210 | Legislative and executive functions | Some planning applications may require additional categories to differentiate various local departments (e.g., public works versus planning). In such cases, use the ownership dimension to create additional categories at the fourth-digit level.   |
| Function  | 6220 | Judicial functions                  | This category comprises civilian courts of law and correctional institutions.   |
| Function  | 6221 | Courts                              | Use this classification for civilian courts of law (except Indian tribal and Alaska Native courts). Included are civilian courts, courts of law, and sheriffs' offices conducting court functions only.   |
| Function  | 6222 | Correctional institutions           | These government establishments manage and operate correctional institutions. Their facilities are generally designed for the confinement, correction, and rehabilitation of offenders sentenced by a court.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                 | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Function  | 6300 | Other government functions                  | Use this category for government-owned establishments not classified elsewhere.   |
| Function  | 6310 | Military and national security              | This class includes defense, national guard, and other national security establishments.  |
| Function  | 6320 | Space research and technology               | This subcategory comprises government establishments that administer and operate space flights, space research, and space exploration. Included are government establishments operating space flight centers.   |
| Function  | 6400 | Public Safety                               | This category comprises government-owned establishments providing fire and rescue, police, and emergency response services. For private establishments offering such services, use the appropriate professional service or health care category.  |
| Function  | 6410 | Fire and rescue                             | Fire and rescue establishments engage in fire fighting and other related fire protection activities. Establishments providing fire protection along with ambulance or rescue services are classified here.  |
| Function  | 6420 | Police                                      | Police establishments provide criminal and civil law enforcement, police, traffic safety, and other activities related to the enforcement of the law and preservation of order. Combined police and fire departments are included. For private guard and security services, use the appropriate sales and services classification.  |
| Function  | 6430 | Emergency response                          | Use this classification for establishments providing ground or air transportation for medical relief purposes. These services are often provided during a medical emergency but are not restricted to emergencies. The vehicles are equipped with lifesaving equipment operated by medically trained personnel.   |
| Function  | 6500 | Health and human services                   | Establishments in this category provide health care at all levels (preventive to surgical), social assistance, and associated services. These establishments require workers with the appropriate expertise for such services, and are bound to the regulations and oversight of local, state, and federal health and human services departments. Use the category level for classifying ambulance services and other medical transport establishments. |
|           |      |   | Use the other dimensions to identify the precise activity and structure type in which the establishment is located. The ownership dimension will help identify public versus private facilities.  |
| Function  | 6510 | Ambulatory or outpatient care services      | Ambulatory or outpatient care establishments offer health care services directly to patients without providing inpatient services.  |
| Function  | 6511 | Clinics                                     | These establishments include physician offices, dentists, chiropractors, optometrists, etc.   |
| Function  | 6512 | Family planning and outpatient care centers | Family planning establishments provide outpatient family planning services, such as contraceptive services, genetic and prenatal counseling, voluntary sterilization, and other pregnancy services.   |
|           |      |   | Outpatient care centers or clinics have several practitioners with different specializations practicing within the same establishment. Many such centers also function as HMO medical centers and focus on primary health care. Some HMO centers also have functions related to insurance underwriting.   |
| Function  | 6513 | Medical and diagnostic laboratories         | These establishments are laboratories that provide analytic or diagnostic services, and other services, such as medical imaging, and forensics.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 6514 | Blood and organ banks                                   | These establishments collect, store, or distribute blood and organs.   |
| Function  | 6520 | Nursing, supervision, and other rehabilitative services | Establishments in this subcategory provide inpatient nursing and rehabilitative services and can accommodate patients for extended care. These establishments have licensed health care staff serving patients and other support staff for continuous personal care services. Convalescent homes, convalescent hospitals, inpatient care hospices, nursing homes, and rest homes with nursing care are a few examples of services these establishments provide.  |
|           |      |   | This category also includes mental retardation services (not licensed hospital care) to people with mental illness, substance abuse problems, psychiatric convalescent needs, etc. The focus of these services may include health care, but the primary purpose is protective supervision and counseling. Other terms used to describe these services are: alcoholism or drug addiction rehabilitation, mental health halfway houses, group homes for the emotionally disturbed, and psychiatric convalescent homes. |
|           |      |   | Other rehabilitation services establishments in this category provide include boot or disciplinary camps (except correctional), housing services for hearing or visually impaired, disabled, etc.  |
| Function  | 6530 | Hospital  | Hospitals provide medical, diagnostic, and treatment services. These establishments often offer physician, nursing and specialized accommodation services for inpatient care.  |
| Function  | 6560 | Social assistance, welfare, and charitable services     | These establishments provide social assistance services directly to individuals. They do not offer residential or accommodation services.  |
| Function  | 6561 | Child and youth services                                | These establishments offer services such as adoption, foster care, drug prevention services, and life-skills training.   |
| Function  | 6562 | Child day care  | Child day care establishments primarily care for infants and preschool children and often offer pre-kindergarten education programs. Some provide care services for older children.  |
| Function  | 6563 | Community food services                                 | These establishments collect, prepare, and deliver food for the needy. They distribute clothing and bedding, run collections for food and donations, and provide meals at fixed or mobile locations. Examples are food banks, meal delivery programs, and soup kitchens  |
| Function  | 6564 | Emergency and relief services                           | These establishments provide food, shelter, clothing, medical relief, resettlement, and counseling to disaster victims.  |
| Function  | 6565 | Other family services                                   | Hotline centers, suicide crisis centers, self-help organizations, etc., are some examples of establishments in this class.   |
| Function  | 6566 | Services for elderly and disabled                       | These establishments serve the elderly and persons with disabilities in a variety of ways (not at their homes). Services typically include group support, companionship, day care, homemaker services, etc. This class does not include housing for the elderly.   |
| Function  | 6567 | Veterans affairs  | These establishments provide health and human services for veterans.<br>Many such facilities also maintain liaison and coordination functions.   |
| Function  | 6568 | Vocational rehabilitation                               | Establishments in this class provide job counseling, job training, and other vocational services. Their primary clients are unemployed, underemployed, disabled, homeless, etc.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Function  | 6600 | Religious institutions  | These establishments operate religious organizations, such as churches, temples, monasteries, synagogues, etc.  |
|           |      |   | Use the other dimensions to note if the institution is educational, a hospital, or a church.  |
| Function  | 6700 | Death care services   | Establishments in the death care category include funeral homes, crematories, cemeteries, and similar establishments. In economic classification systems, these are often included along with other personal services. However, due to traditional planning distinctions, they are placed here.   |
| Function  | 6710 | Funeral homes and services                                      | This category comprises establishments preparing the dead for burial or interment and conducting funerals (i.e., providing facilities for wakes, arranging transportation for the dead, selling caskets and related merchandise). Funeral homes combined with crematories are also included.  |
| Function  | 6720 | Cremation services and cemeteries                               | These establishments operate sites or structures reserved for the interment of human or animal remains, or for cremating the dead.  |
| Function  | 6800 | Associations, nonprofit organizations, etc.                     | Included are grant making, civic, professional, and similar organizations. These establishments advocate social and political causes, and promote and defend the interests of their members. Establishments in this category may publish newsletters, books, and periodicals, for distribution to their membership.   |
| Function  | 6810 | Labor and political organizations                               | These establishments promote the interests of organized labor and union employees, national, state, or local political parties or candidates Included are labor unions, political groups, and political fund raising groups.  |
| Function  | 6820 | Business associations and professional membership organizations | These establishments promote the business interests of their members, or of their profession as a whole. They may conduct research on new products and services; develop market statistics; sponsor quality and certification standards; lobby public officials; or publish newsletters, books, or periodicals for distribution to their members.   |
| Function  | 6830 | Civic, social, and fraternal organizations                      | This category comprises establishments that promote the interests of their members, or, that promote a particular cause (except labor, political, or professional organizations). These establishments may provide grantmaking foundations or charitable trusts, raise funds for social welfare activities, such as health, educational, scientific, and cultural activities. They may solicit contributions and offer memberships. |
|           |      |   | Establishments in this category may operate bars and restaurants for their members.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Function  | 7000 | Construction-related businesses                                | These establishments either build buildings or structures, or perform additions, alterations, reconstruction, installation, and repairs. They may also provide building demolition or wrecking services. Establishments engaged in blasting, test drilling, landfill, leveling, earthmoving, excavating, land drainage, and other land preparation are included as well. This category reflects the unique processes employed by the establishments.                              |
|           |      |  | Coding should reflect the location of the establishment and not where it is performing its services (which often happens on other sites). Construction sites must get the appropriate function code for the enterprise for which the construction (or demolition) is being undertaken. However, in the activity dimension, such sites may be categorized under construction activity.   |
| Function  | 7100 | Building, developing, and general contracting                  | Establishments in this subcategory are responsible for the entire construction (i.e., new work, addition, alteration, and repair) of building projects. Construction work may be for others, or for the establishment as a speculative or operative builder. Establishments include custom builders, design builders, engineer-constructors, general contractors, joint-venture contractors, turnkey contractors, developers, land subdivides, and construction management firms. |
| Function  | 7110 | Residential construction                                       | Establishments in this subcategory construct single and multi-family residential housing. Housing may be constructed for sale or rental. Establishments include custom housing builders and on-site mobile home addition, alteration, and assembly establishments.  |
| Function  | 7120 | Land development and subdivision                               | Establishments in this subcategory subdivide real property into lots and develop building lots for sale.  |
| Function  | 7130 | Industrial, commercial and institutional building construction | Establishments in this subcategory construct industrial, commercial, and institutional buildings (e.g., plants, mills, factories, stores, schools, hospitals, office buildings, public warehouses).   |
| Function  | 7200 | Machinery related  | This category comprises contractors that install or utilize specialized machinery not generally used by other building or trade contractors. The subcategories reflect similar types of machinery installed or used.  |
| Function  | 7210 | Building equipment and machinery installation contractors      | These establishments: (1) install or dismantle building equipment, machinery or other industrial equipment (except plumbing, heating, air conditioning or electrical equipment); (2) provide machine rigging; and (3) provide millwriting. Equipment installed includes automated and revolving doors, conveyor systems, dumbwaiters, dust collecting equipment, elevators, small incinerators, pneumatic tubes systems, and built-in vacuum cleaning systems.                    |
| Function  | 7220 | Excavation contractor  | These establishments prepare land for building construction. Activities they perform include shaft drilling, foundation digging, foundation drilling, and grading.  |
| Function  | 7230 | Water well drilling contractor                                 | Water well drilling contractors drill, tap, and cap water wells, and provide geothermal drilling.   |
| Function  | 7240 | Wrecking and demolition establishment                          | These establishments provide wrecking and demolition of buildings and structures; this includes underground tank removal and the dismantling of non-hazardous steel oil tanks. Some of these establishments may sell materials derived from demolishing operations.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                     | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 7250 | Structural steel erection contractor            | Structural steel erection contractors: (1) erect metal, structural steel, and similar products of prestressed or precast concrete to produce structural elements, building exteriors, and elevator fronts; (2) set rods, bars, rebar, mesh, and cages, to reinforce poured-in-place concrete; and (3) erect cooling towers and metal storage tanks.  |
| Function  | 7300 | Special trade contractor                        | Establishments in this category specialize in construction activities, such as plumbing, painting, and electrical work. These activities may be subcontracted from builders or general contractors or may be performed directly for project owners. Construction work includes new work, additions, alterations, maintenance, and repairs. Special trade contractors usually work at the job site, although they may have shops for prefabrication and other work. Establishments performing heavy construction activities, such as grading for highways, are classified elsewhere, in "heavy construction". |
| Function  | 7310 | Carpentry, floor, and tile contractor           | These establishments provide framing, carpentry, finishing work, floor laying, and miscellaneous floor installation and tiling services.  Activities include installation of doors, windows, tile, interior marble, terrazzo, mosaic, carpeting, linoleum, wood flooring, and resilient flooring; and other services, such as paneling, steel framing, ship joinery, and on-site terrazzo preparation.   |
| Function  | 7320 | Concrete contractor                             | Concrete contractors use concrete and asphalt to produce parking areas, building foundations, structures, and retaining walls; and use of all materials to produce patios, private driveways, and private walks. Activities performed by these establishments include grout and shotcrete work.  |
| Function  | 7330 | Electrical contractor                           | These establishments perform on-site electrical work, equipment service, and installation; they may sell electrical equipment along with installation.   |
| Function  | 7340 | Glass and glazing contractor                    | These establishments install (i.e., by glazing) and tint glass. However, automotive glass establishments are classified in retail sales and services under "automotive sales and service establishments".  |
| Function  | 7350 | Masonry and drywall contractors                 | These establishments provide masonry, stone setting, drywall, plaster, and other stone and building insulation work. Activities include: block and stone foundation construction; brick and glass block laying; exterior marble, granite and slate work; tuck pointing; acoustical paneling construction; plain and ornamental plaster application; and the installation of lathing to receive plaster.  |
| Function  | 7360 | Painting and wall covering                      | These establishments provide exterior painting and interior wall covering. Activities range from bridge, ship, and traffic lane painting to paint and wall covering removal.   |
| Function  | 7370 | Plumbing, heating, and airconditioning          | Establishments in this subcategory install or service plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning equipment. These establishments may sell equipment along with installation. Activities range from on-site duct fabrication and installation to installation of refrigeration equipment, installation of sprinkler systems, and installation of environmental controls.   |
| Function  | 7380 | Roofing, siding, and sheet<br>metal contractors | These establishments provide installation and services for roofing, siding, sheet metal, and roof drainage equipment, such as downspouts and gutters. Activities include treating roofs (i.e., by spraying, painting, or coating), copper smithing, tin smithing, installing skylights, installing metal ceilings, flashing, duct work, and capping.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 7400 | Heavy construction                                      | Establishments in this category provide heavy nonbuilding construction. Construction work may involve new construction, reconstruction, additions, alterations, rehabilitation, installation, maintenance, or repair. Establishments may subcontract all or some of the construction work. Establishments include general contractors, design builders, engineer-constructors, and joint-venture contractors. Also included are construction management firms and special trade contractors and subcontractors.  |
| Function  | 7410 | Highway and street construction;                        | These establishments are responsible for unleavened highway, street, road, or airport runway construction. Included are subcontractors for highway and street construction (e.g., highway grading installation, guardrail installation, and public sidewalk construction).   |
| Function  | 7420 | Bridge and tunnel construction                          | These establishments are responsible for bridge, viaduct, elevated highway, and tunnel construction.   |
| Function  | 7430 | Water, sewer, and pipeline construction                 | These establishments are responsible for the construction of water mains, sewers, drains, gas mains, natural gas pumping stations, and gas and oil pipelines. Also included are well drilling contractors that drill, tap, and cap water wells, or that provide geothermal drilling.   |
| Function  | 7440 | Power lines,<br>communication and<br>transmission lines | These establishments are responsible for the construction of electric power and communication transmission lines and towers, radio and television towers, cable laying, and cable television lines.  |
| Function  | 7450 | Industrial and other nonbuilding construction           | These establishments are responsible for the construction of heavy industrial and other nonbuilding structures not included elsewhere, such as chemical complexes or facilities, cement plants, petroleum refineries, industrial incinerators, ovens, kilns, power plants, and nuclear reactor containment structures; athletic fields, dams, dikes, docks, drainage projects, golf courses, harbors, parks, reservoirs, canals, sewage treatment plants, water treatment plants, hydroelectric plants, subways, and other mass transit projects. Establishments may provide construction equipment rental with an operator.   |
| Function  | 8000 | Mining and extraction establishments                    | These establishments extract natural mineral solids (coal and ores), liquid minerals (crude petroleum), and gases (natural gas). Mining includes quarrying, well operations, beneficiating (e.g., crushing, screening, washing, and flotation), and other preparations customarily performed at the mine site, or as a part of mining activity.  |
| Function  | 8100 | Oil and natural gas                                     | Establishments in this category operate and develop oil and gas field properties. Activities include exploration for crude petroleum and natural gas; drilling, completing, and equipping wells; operation of separators, emulsion breakers, desilting equipment, and field gathering lines; and all other activities in the preparation of oil and gas until shipment. This category includes establishments that produce crude petroleum, that mine and extract oil from shale, that produce natural gas, and that recover hydrocarbon liquids from oil and gas field gases. Establishments may operate on their own account or for others on a contract or fee basis. |
| Function  | 8200 | Metals (iron, copper, etc.)                             | This category comprises establishments that develop mine sites and mine metallic minerals, and establishments that dress and beneficiate ore, such as by crushing, grinding, washing, drying, sintering, concentrating, calcining, and leaching. Beneficiating may be performed at mills operated in conjunction with the mines, or at mills operated separately.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Function  | 8300 | Coal                                       | This category comprises establishments that: (1) mine bituminous coal, anthracite, and lignite; (2) develop coal mine sites; and (3) beneficiate (i.e., prepare) coal (e.g., by cleaning, washing, screening, and sizing coal).   |
| Function  | 8400 | Nonmetallic mining                         | This category comprises establishments that mine, quarry, or develop the mine site for dimension stone (i.e., rough blocks and slabs of stone) or limestone (including related rocks, such as dolomite, cement rock, marl, travertine, and calcareous tufa). Included in this category are preparation plants that beneficiate limestone (e.g., by grinding or pulverizing).  |
| Function  | 8500 | Quarrying and stone cutting establishment  | This category comprises establishments that dredge, quarry, mine, or develop the mine site for crushed and broken stones, sand, gravel, mining clay (e.g., china clay, paper clay and slip clay), or other stones and nonmetallic minerals. Broken and crushed stones include granite and related rocks, such as gneiss, syenite, and diorite; and other stones (except dimension stone and limestone.) Establishments that mine or quarry bituminous limestone and bituminous sandstone are included in this category. Also included are preparation plants that beneficiate stones (e.g., by grinding and pulverizing); and that beneficiate gravel, clay, and ceramic and refractory minerals (e.g., by washing, screening, and grinding.) |
| Function  | 9000 | Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | These establishments grow crops, raise animals, harvest timber, and harvest fish and other animals from a farm, ranch, or their natural habitats. They may be described as farms, ranches, dairies, greenhouses, nurseries, orchards, or hatcheries.  A farm, as an establishment, may be one or more tracts of land, which   |
|           |      |  | may be owned, leased, or rented by the farm operator. Farms may hire employees for a variety of tasks in the production process.  |
|           |      |  | Subcategories in this dimension differentiate establishments involved in production versus those that support agricultural production.  |
|           |      |  | For agricultural research establishments administering programs for regulating and conserving land, mineral, wildlife, and forest use, apply the relevant institutional or research and development categories.   |
| Function  | 9100 | Crop production                            | The subcategories under crop production reflect biological, physiological, economic, and production similarities. These similarities may include the growing season length, degree of crop rotation, extent of input specialization, labor requirement, or capital demand.  |
| Function  | 9110 | Grain and oilseed                          | The classes within this subcategory comprise establishments that grow grains or oilseeds, or that produce the seeds of grain and oilseeds. Use the subcategory to classify establishments with no oilseed, grain, or family of oilseeds or grains accounting for one-half of the crop value, or for establishments growing grains or producing grain seeds not included elsewhere. Otherwise, classify establishments within one of the following classes.  |
| Function  | 9111 | Wheat                                      | Establishments in this class grow wheat and produce wheat seeds.  |
| Function  | 9112 | Corn                                       | Establishments in this class grow corn (except sweet corn) and produce corn seeds. Sweet corn farmers are classified in the vegetable crop production category.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                           | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Function  | 9113 | Rice                                  | Establishments in this class grow rice (except wild rice) and produce rice seeds. For wild rice, use the upper-level grain and oilseed category.   |
| Function  | 9114 | Soybean and oilseed                   | Establishments in this class grow oilseed plants, including soybeans, and produce soybean and other oilseed seeds, such as sunflower, safflower, flax, rape, canola, and sesame.   |
| Function  | 9115 | Dry pea and bean                      | Establishments in this class grow dried peas, beans, and lentils.  |
| Function  | 9120 | Vegetable farming or growing services | Establishments in this class grow root and tuber crops (except peanuts) or edible plants; or they produce root and tuber or edible plant seeds. The crops included in this group have an annual growth cycle and are grown in open fields. Climate and cultural practices limit producing areas but often permit the growing of a combination of crops in a year. Crops include melons, sugar beets, potatoes, and leafy vegetables. |
| Function  | 9130 | Fruits and trees                      | Establishments in this class grow fruit (except melons) or tree nut crops. These crops are generally not grown from seeds and have a perennial life cycle. Establishments include citrus groves, apple orchards, grape vineyards, berry farms, and tree nut farms.   |
| Function  | 9140 | Greenhouse, nursery, and floriculture | This category comprises establishments growing crops of any kind under cover or growing nursery stock and flowers. "Under cover" is generally defined as greenhouses, cold frames, cloth houses, and lath houses. The crops grown are removed at various stages of maturity and have annual and perennial life cycles. The nursery stock includes short rotation woody crops that have growth cycles of 10 years or less.            |
| Function  | 9141 | Food crops grown under cover          | Establishments in this class grow food crops, such as mushrooms, in underground mines, under glass, or in other controlled environments under cover.   |
| Function  | 9142 | Nursery and tree production           | Establishments in this class grow nursery products, nursery stock, shrubbery, bulbs, fruit stock, sod, and so forth; or, grow short rotation woody trees with a growth and harvest cycle of 10 years or less for pulp or tree stock.   |
|           |      |                                       | Establishments growing trees on production cycles over 10 years are classified in "forestry and logging".  |
| Function  | 9143 | Floriculture production               | Establishments in this class grow or produce floriculture or ornamental horticulture products (e.g., cut flowers and roses, cut cultivated greens, potted flowering and foliage plants, and flower seeds).   |
| Function  | 9150 | All other crops                       | Establishments in this subcategory grow crops such as tobacco, cotton, sugarcane, hay, peanuts, and other crops not classified, or, they grow a combination of crops that cannot be classified elsewhere. Included in this subcategory are establishments that gather tea or maple sap.  |
| Function  | 9151 | Tobacco crop                          | Establishments in this class grow tobacco.   |
| Function  | 9152 | Cotton crop                           | Establishments in this class grow cotton.  |
| Function  | 9153 | Sugarcane crop                        | Establishments in this class grow sugarcane.   |
| Function  | 9154 | Нау                                   | Establishments in this class grow hay, alfalfa, clover, or mixed hay.  |
| Function  | 9155 | Peanut crop                           | Establishments in this class grow peanuts.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Function  | 9200 | Support functions for agriculture   | This category comprises support establishments employed by the agriculture and forestry industries. They perform activities associated with production and distribution of forest and agricultural products. Many support establishments are independently run.   |
| Function  | 9210 | Farm and farm labor<br>management services  | These establishments supply labor or management for agricultural production or harvesting. Labor contractors and crew leaders are included. Management services usually operate for citrus groves, orchards, or vineyards, and may arrange the partial or complete operations of the farm. Management activities may include cultivating, harvesting, or other agricultural support activities; however, for establishments that primarily produce crops, use the appropriate crop production classification. |
| Function  | 9220 | Spraying, dusting, and other related services   | These establishments perform crop protecting services, soil preparation activity, or crop production services. Activities include dusting, spraying, plowing, fertilizing, seed bed preparation, planting, and cultivating.   |
| Function  | 9230 | Crop harvesting and post<br>harvest crop activities<br>(including drying, siloing,<br>etc.) | These establishments provide mechanical harvesting, picking, crop combining, drying, siloing, cleaning, shelling, fumigating, curing, sorting, grading, packing, cooling, and other harvest and post harvest services (except cotton ginning). They may provide the machinery necessary for these tasks.  |
| Function  | 9240 | Cotton ginning, grist milling, etc.   |   |
| Function  | 9300 | Animal production including slaughter   | Establishments in this category raise or fatten animals for the sale of animals or animal products. Establishments keep, graze, breed, or feed animals in ranches, farms, or feedlots. Included in this category are slaughterhouses.   |
| Function  | 9310 | Cattle ranch and crops  | The establishments in this subcategory raise cattle (including cattle for dairy herd replacements), or feed cattle for fattening.   |
| Function  | 9311 | Beef cattle ranch establishments  | These raise cattle (including cattle for dairy herd replacements).  |
| Function  | 9312 | Cattle feedlot establishment  | These establishments feed cattle for fattening.   |
| Function  | 9320 | Dairy cattle and milk production  | This subcategory comprises establishments that milk dairy cattle.   |
| Function  | 9330 | Hog and pig farm  | These establishments raise hogs and pigs. Establishments may undertake farming activities, such as breeding, farrowing, and the raising of weanling pigs, feeder pigs, or market size hogs.   |
| Function  | 9340 | Poultry and egg production and hatcheries   | These breed, hatch, or raise poultry for meat or egg production.  |
| Function  | 9350 | Sheep and goat farming establishments   | These establishments raise sheep, lambs, and goats, or feed lambs for fattening. Sheep or lambs may be raised for sale or wool production.  |
| Function  | 9360 | Fish hatcheries, fisheries,<br>and aquaculture  | This class comprises establishments that farm raise finfish, shellfish, or any other kind of animal aquaculture. These establishments use some form of intervention in the rearing process to enhance production, such as holding in captivity, regular stocking, feeding, or protecting from predators.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Function  | 9370 | All other animal production   | This subcategory comprises establishments raising animals and insects (except cattle, hogs and pigs, poultry, sheep and goats, and animal aquaculture) for sale or product production. These establishments raise: bees, horses and other equines, fur-bearing animals, and so forth. Establishments raising a combination of animals with no one animal or family of animals accounting for one-half of the establishment's agricultural production (i.e., value of animals for market) are included in this subcategory. |
| Function  | 9371 | Apiculture (bees, wax, and related operations)                        | This class comprises establishments raising bees. These establishments collect and sell honey; and sell queen bees, packages of bees, royal jelly, bees' wax, propolis, venom, or other bee products.  |
| Function  | 9372 | Horse and equine production   | This class comprises establishments raising horses, mules, donkeys, and other equines.   |
| Function  | 9373 | Fur-bearing animal production   | This class comprises establishments raising fur-bearing animals including rabbits. These animals may be raised for sale or for their pelt production.  |
| Function  | 9380 | Support functions for animal production                               | Establishments in this class perform support activities related to raising livestock (e.g., cattle, goats, hogs, horses, poultry, and sheep). They provide services, such as animal breeding, pedigree records, horse boarding, dairy herd improvement, livestock spraying, and sheep dipping and shearing.  |
| Function  | 9400 | Forestry and Logging  | Forestry and logging establishments grow and harvest timber on long production cycles (more than 10 years). They also specialize in reforestation, seeding, and similar activities. This category includes establishments specializing in gathering forest products, such as gums, barks, balsam needles, rhizomes, fibers, Spanish moss, ginseng, and truffles.  Establishments growing on short production cycles, such as Christmas   |
|           |      |   | tree producers, are classified in "crop production".   |
| Function  | 9410 | Logging   | This subcategory comprises establishments that operate timber tracts for the purpose of selling standing timber.   |
| Function  | 9420 | Forest nurseries  | These establishments grow trees for reforestation and gather forest products, such as gums, barks, balsam needles, rhizomes, fibers, Spanish moss, ginseng, and truffles.  |
| Function  | 9430 | Support functions for forestry  | Forestry support establishments perform support activities related to timber production, wood technology, forestry economics and marketing, and forest protection. They provide activities for forestry, such as estimating timber, forest fire-fighting, forest pest control, and consulting on wood attributes and reforestation.  |
| Function  | 9500 | Fishing, hunting and trapping, game preserves                         | Establishments in this category harvest fish and other wild animals from their natural habitats. Some commercial harvests entail hunting and trapping. For recreational hunting and trapping, use the appropriate recreational category.   |
| Function  | 9510 | Fishing   | These establishments commercially catch or take finfish, shellfish, or miscellaneous marine products from a natural habitat. Marine products include bluefish, eels, salmon, tuna, clams, crabs, lobsters, mussels, oysters, shrimp, frogs, sea urchins, and turtles.  |
| Function  | 9520 | Hunting and trapping,<br>game retreats, game and<br>fishing preserves | These establishments engage in commercial hunting and trapping, or, operate commercial or recreational game or hunting preserves, such as game retreats.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                        | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|------------------------------------|---|
| Function  | 9900 | Unclassifiable function            | Use this code as a temporary placeholder for unique functions that cannot be grouped anywhere until the classification scheme is updated. Check the LBCS web site to see how others have dealt with such unique activities before revising the classification scheme.   |
|           |      |                                    | {includes text about the one-year NAICS etc. and examples for establishments - refers to fiscal year  |
|           |      |                                    | {includes abandoned properties for which no clear enterprise can be determined. Does not include nonconforming uses, which were historically classified as "abandoned" or "discontinued" in zoning ordinances. This is because ordinances traditionally prohibited nonconforming uses from resuming after their abandonment, and therefore treated active uses as abandoned when nonconforming. However, in land-use databases, we are classifying the actual use, and therefore would have to account for all uses including nonconforming uses. |
| Function  | 9910 | Not applicable to this dimension   | Use this code as a permanent code for those records that will never be classified in this dimension.  |
|           |      |                                    | It is common for land-use databases to have records that are never classified, but left blank instead. However, LBCS recommends that all records have a code because some computer applications may not be able handle blank entries (null values in database terminology).   |
| Function  | 9990 | To be determined                   | Use this code as a placeholder until an appropriate code can be assigned.   |
|           |      |                                    | It is common for land-use databases to have records never classified<br>and left blank instead. However, LBCS recommends that all records<br>have a code because some computer applications may not be able<br>handle blank entries (null values in database terminology).  |
|           |      |                                    | This code could also be used as the default value for data-entry work. The subcategories serve the same purpose for other coding levels.  |
| Function  | 9999 | To be determined                   |   |
| Ownership | 1000 | No constraintsprivate ownership    | Most private property falls into this category. Some private property may, however, have additional legal constraints to ownership. For some planning applications, tracking such constraints may be useful in determining the limits of the use of the property.   |
| Ownership | 1100 | Privatefee simple                  |   |
| Ownership | 1110 | Privatefee simple,<br>conditional  | The owner enjoys the property as in fee simple absolute until a condition has been met or not met, as set by the grantor of the condition.  |
| Ownership | 1120 | Privatefee simple,<br>defeasible   | Fee simple defeasible is an ownership right forever unless a specified event happens. On the happening of the event, the rights revert to the grantor.  |
| Ownership | 1130 | Privatefee simple,<br>determinable | A fee simple ownership with a provision for automatic revocation of rights if the specified or "determinable" event occurs. The determinable event is specified in the conveyance.  |
| Ownership | 1200 | Privateless than fee simple        | Create additional subcategories, if necessary, but the major types of<br>fee simple ownership based on current legal precedents are provided<br>here.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Ownership | 2000 | Some constraints easements or other use restrictions | Easements are subordinate conditions to the owner or the user of the property. Besides whatever effects they have on the character of the land use, easements also vary in their application. For example, consider a public easement on a private property versus a private easement on a public property. However, from a land-use perspective, the concern is primarily the effect, if any, of such easement restrictions on the land use. For example, a dedicated public open space is an example of a public easement that may exist on a private or public property. In such cases, whatever public or private ownership of the land, we characterize the land-use as having a public easement constraint. |
|           |      |  | Some planning applications track easements and similar restrictions on private property that may affect the existing and future land-use characteristics. Such restrictions derive from private contracts between adjacent property owners, owners and local governments, or owners and federal and other government agencies. Since the land-use characteristics depend on the owner's use of the land, this category is separate from public ownership.   |
|           |      |  | An easement is the right of use over another property. Historically, easements are applied to specific properties and not the property owner; a dominant-servient relationship. The burden is on the owner of land that constitutes a servient tenement, although the easement is held by the dominant tenement. This category refers to the servient tenement; that is, properties that have restrictions on them due to easements held by others (often adjacent property owners or public entities).   |
|           |      |  | Easements affect how a servient land is used in a variety of ways, not all of which affect land-use characteristics. Land-use databases do not always maintain such ownership characteristics even though many planning applications encounter these legal definitions. Subcategories here, therefore, reflect commonly accepted legal terms and descriptions. Many parcel databases from tax assessment records contain some form of easement characteristics although they may not employ the same terminology. Use only those categories that are applicable and revise the terms to suit locally used phrases.  |
|           |      |  | If applications need to track both the servient and dominant tenements, use additional attributes or fields in the database to record such characteristics. On the other hand, if the application needs precise links between the servient and dominant tenements in an easement (for example, transfer of development rights), employ linked or relational tables to link the records.   |
| Ownership | 2100 | Standard easements                                   |   |
| Ownership | 2110 | Private easement                                     | Only a few private individuals benefit from the easement.   |
| Ownership | 2120 | Public easement                                      | The right is vested in the public or the entire community.  |
| Ownership | 2130 | Access easement                                      | The abutting property owner has access for ingress and egress; also includes easements for streets  |
| Ownership | 2140 | Affirmative easement                                 | Servient tenement must permit access over the property or to discharge water on it.   |
| Ownership | 2150 | Appurtenant easement                                 | Refers to an incorporeal right as part of a covenant attached to the land and cannot exist separate from other aspects of the covenant.   |
|           |      |  |   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Ownership | 2160 | Discontinuing easement   | Also known as nonapparent or noncontinuous easement, this easement recognizes interference from people on the property, such as when using the right-of-way (in an access easement) or accessing water (in a water access easement).   |
| Ownership | 2170 | Estoppel easement  | Owner of the land imposes voluntary restrictions on the tenants or users of the property.  |
| Ownership | 2200 | Other easements  |  |
| Ownership | 2210 | Easement by necessity  | This category refers to a situation in which a land-locked parcel is conveyed legally and does not have any access to roads or access. Note that easement of necessity refers to an easement necessary for the dominant tenement.  |
| Ownership | 2220 | Easement by prescription   | An easement right tied to a specific person and granted for personal usage.  |
| Ownership | 2230 | Easement by gross  | An easement right tied to a specific person and granted for personal usage and ends with the death of the grantee.   |
| Ownership | 2240 | Easement of convenience  | An easement that increases the convenience of dominant tenement.   |
| Ownership | 2250 | Easement of natural support                                      | An easement that creates lateral support of land in its natural state and such support structures are held in place on neighboring land (the kind normally seen in hillside or shoreline subdivisions).  |
| Ownership | 2260 | Equitable easement   | Often tied to a building deed for common usage and enjoyment of adjacent properties.   |
| Ownership | 2270 | Intermittent easement  | The dominant tenement enjoys the easement sometimes, not continuously.   |
| Ownership | 2280 | Negative easement  | Often used with access to light where the servient tenement is prohibited from blocking or interrupting light or air.  |
| Ownership | 3000 | Limited restrictions<br>leased and other tenancy<br>restrictions | Refers to a contract between the owner (lessee) and the tenant (lessor) of the property to convey the owner's rights to the lessor. In legal terms, there exist many forms of leases. Create subcategories if any application needs to track them. Also create separate categories here for tracking rental ownership.   |
|           |      |  | In legal terms, lease and tenancy constraints are subordinate conditions to the owner or the user of the property. That is, every property is either publicly or privately owned. Even so, when classifying in this dimension, it is the effect of lease or tenancy on the use that is of concern. Consider for example a gift shop located in a leased area of a publicly owned public park. If the shop is leased to a private entity for that specific activity, then we say that the use has an ownership constraint through the lease or tenancy arrangement. |
|           |      |  | If tracking specific lease types are necessary, then users should create subcategories under the lease and tenancy category. LBCS does not provide them because they vary widely and any data classified beyond the broad categories will have limited relevance to other applications.  |
| Ownership | 4000 | Public restrictionslocal,<br>state, and federal<br>ownership     | Refers to the public entity that the property belongs to, or the public entity responsible for the property. Public entities are agencies from local, regional, state, or federal governments.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Ownership | 4100 | Local government  | Some regional land-use databases may keep track of individual municipality names as part of this dimension. When using such names, consider using the U.S. Census Bureau's place names extracted from census databases. Each place name in the country has an unique Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) code. The same files also have FIPS codes for states and counties. Note that this dimension is mainly to identify the ownership, not location of the property. If you want to specify the geographic location of the place name, see the LBCS metadata standards for appropriate locations to enter such information. |
| Ownership | 4110 | City, Village, Township, etc.                                 | To track specific departments (park authority, school district, etc.), use the appropriate functional dimension along with this dimension to filter records. Do not create subcategories here for such departments; they will conflict with functional categories as many of them are involved in a variety of functions.   |
| Ownership | 4120 | County, Parish, Province, etc.                                | To track specific departments (park authority, school district, etc.), use the appropriate functional dimension along with this dimension to filter records. Do not create subcategories here for such departments; they will conflict with functional categories as many of them are involved in a variety of functions.   |
| Ownership | 4200 | State government  |   |
| Ownership | 4300 | Federal government  |   |
| Ownership | 4310 | Indian reservations   |   |
| Ownership | 5000 | Other public use restrictionsregional, special districts, etc |   |
| Ownership | 5100 | Regional government   |   |
| Ownership | 5200 | Port authorities  |   |
| Ownership | 6000 | Nonprofit ownership restrictions                              | This category corresponds to assessors' categories for nontaxable entities. These may vary widely between jurisdictions, but the subcategories reflect the most commonly used classes.  |
| Ownership | 6100 | Nonprofit educational   |   |
| Ownership | 6200 | Nonprofit philanthropic                                       |   |
| Ownership | 6300 | Nonprofit religious   |   |
| Ownership | 6400 | Nonprofit other   |   |
| Ownership | 7000 | Joint ownership characterpublic entities                      | Includes all forms of public and nonprofit ownership.   |
| Ownership | 8000 | Joint ownership character-public, private, nonprofit, etc.    | A catch-all category for any combination of ownership.  |
| Ownership | 9000 | Not applicable to this dimension                              | Use this code as a permanent code for those records that will never be classified in this dimension.  |
|           |      |   | It is normal for land-use databases to have records that may never be classified and left blank instead. But LBCS recommends that all records have a code because some computer applications may not be able handle blank entries (null values in database terminology).  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Ownership | 9100 | Unclassifiable ownership<br>or restriction on the use                      | Use this category as a temporary placeholder for ownership characteristics that cannot be grouped anywhere until the classification scheme is updated. Check the LBCS web site to see how others have dealt with such unique activities before revising the classification scheme. |
| Ownership | 9900 | To be determined   | Use this code as a placeholder until an appropriate code can be assigned.  |
|           |      |  | It is normal for land-use databases to have records that may never be classified and left blank instead. But LBCS recommends that all records have a code because some computer applications may not be able handle blank entries (null values in database terminology).           |
|           |      |  | This code could also be used as the default value for data-entry work.  The subcategories serve the same purpose for other coding levels.  |
| Ownership | 9990 | To be determined   |  |
| Ownership | 9999 | To be determined   |  |
| Site      | 1000 | Site in natural state  | Combine those areas normally referred to as vacant or open space.<br>Avoid using "vacant" designation anywhere in land-use classifications.  |
| Site      | 2000 | Developing site  | Apply this category for sites that are under construction or otherwise in transition to becoming developed sites.  |
| Site      | 2100 | Site that is graded with no structures or active use                       | Includes sites that have been prepared for development.  |
| Site      | 2200 | Site with temporary structures   | Any site that may temporarily house structures (tents, stands, stages, etc.,).   |
| Site      | 3000 | Developed site crops, grazing, forestry, etc.                              | Site is not in natural state.  |
| Site      | 4000 | Developed site no<br>buildings and no structures                           | Site is not in natural state, but is used for a variety of purposes, such as outdoor storage, parking, and whole host of other functions and activities.   |
| Site      | 4100 | Outdoor storage areas,<br>graded or ungraded                               | Use this category for classifying outdoor storage areas, such as those used for dumping, container stacking, lumber stacks, etc. These include areas that may or may not be graded.  |
| Site      | 5000 | Developed site<br>nonbuilding structures                                   | Site is not in natural state or in crop or other resource use, but is functional nevertheless.   |
| Site      | 5100 | Developed site with landscaped or ornamental features                      | Apply this category for sites that are developed with landscaping and ornamental features, such as traffic islands.  |
| Site      | 5200 | Developed site with billboards, signs, etc.                                | These sites may be in natural state or otherwise undeveloped, but because of such structures as signs, billboards, towers, pillars, and other features, they may not qualify as a site in natural state or a developing site.  |
| Site      | 5300 | Developed site with roads,<br>train tracks, and other<br>linear structures | Apply this category to sites primarily with linear and other nonlinear features, such as roads, train lines, trails, etc.  |
| Site      | 5400 | Developed site with tanks, reservoirs, etc.                                | Use this category for large and small areas that have a functional use for storage, but have structures and other nonbuilding features on the site.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Site      | 6000 | Developed site with<br>buildings                       | Developed sites with buildings, irrespective of their size or configuration, should be classified in this category. For differentiating building types, use the structure dimension. For differentiating the size the building, use additional fields in the database to keep track of number of floors, square footage, height, etc. Also apply this category for sites (except parks) that have other site development characteristics besides buildings.   |
| Site      | 7000 | Developed site with parks                              | Parks have a range of complex site development characteristics. They may include or more of the above site dimension categories. That is, park lands may be developed or undeveloped, with or without structures and buildings, etc. Because they have specific functional and activity purposes that require separation from other categories in the site dimension, they have their own set of categories. The functional subcategories reflect the local, state, regional, and federal planning needs. Substitute the terminology to reflect local applications, but retain the classification hierarchy and coding numbers. For tracking specific activity characteristics in parks, use the activity dimension. Although some of the subcategories overlap with functional distinctions (state versus national parks, for instance), having them in the site dimension serves to clarify activity and functional characteristics of parks. Although such distinction may not be useful, many park planning applications depend on knowing the precise activity and functional characteristics within parks. For example, when a park has a concession stand run by a private company, the function for that part of the park will take the appropriate function code. Similarly, parking areas in parks will take the appropriate activity characteristics. Besides the activity and function dimension, parks can further be characterized by using the structure and ownership dimensions as well. |
| Site      | 7100 | Local parks and recreational sites                     |   |
| Site      | 7110 | Neighborhood or local park                             |   |
| Site      | 7120 | Community park   |   |
| Site      | 7130 | Regional park  |   |
| Site      | 7200 | State, national, or other parks and recreational sites |   |
| Site      | 7210 | Recreational parks                                     | Recreational parks serve a variety of leisure activities besides camping and hiking. Many provide facilities for a variety of outdoor recreation and interpretive programs. They may also provide amenities, such as laundromats, playgrounds, boat launch facilities, picnic tables, and toilets and showers.  |
| Site      | 7211 | National or state park                                 | Protected large natural places with significant natural resources, sometimes of significant historic value. Most parks restrict hunting, mining, and similar consumptive activities.  |
| Site      | 7212 | National recreation area                               | Most of them (12 by last count) are located around large reservoirs and emphasize water-based recreational activities. Some (five by last count) are near major population centers; they focus on preserving scarce open space and historic resources for easy access to large numbers of people.   |
| Site      | 7220 | Historic sites or parks                                | Historical parks emphasize the protection of historical and cultural resources, in an outdoor setting.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                 | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|-----------------------------|--|
| Site      | 7221 | National historic park      | A designated area that extends beyond single properties or buildings that are historic. Use this category to include lands beyond historic sites that the National Park Service maintains.   |
| Site      | 7222 | National historic site      | A site containing a historical feature that was directly associated with its subject. The Historic Sites Act of 1935 allowed the establishment of select sites of national historic significance by the secretary of the Interior and, sometimes, by specific acts of Congress.        |
| Site      | 7223 | National monument           | These are located on lands owned by the government. The Antiquities Act of 1906 authorized the president to declare by public proclamation landmarks, structures, and other objects of historic or scientific interest.  |
| Site      | 7224 | National memorial           | A commemorative memorial of a historic person or episode.<br>Sometimes it may be on a site not connected with its subject.   |
| Site      | 7225 | National battlefield        | Term adopted by National Park Service in 1958 to include national battlefield, national battlefield park, national battlefield site, and national military park.   |
| Site      | 7226 | National cemetery           | Fourteen national cemeteries in the National Park System comprise this category. They are all administered in conjunction with another park or historic site and typically not accounted for separately. This is included here for completeness of the classification system.          |
| Site      | 7230 | Natural environment parks   | Natural environment parks protect the landscapes and special features of the natural region in which they are located. Some provide for limited activities, such as swimming and camping.  |
| Site      | 7231 | Nature reserve              | Nature reserve parks protect natural habitats including significant land forms. Public access in most reserves is restricted because of concerns for the fragile nature of the habitats protected. Most allow research and educational activities.                                     |
| Site      | 7232 | National preserve           | Similar to national parks in purposes and activities except that Congress has permitted other activities, such as hunting, trapping, extraction, and oil and gas exploration. Currently, many preserves would qualify as national parks if not for sport hunting.                      |
| Site      | 7233 | Wilderness parks            | Usually large protected natural areas where access is limited. Some may allow travel on foot or canoe. Most do not provide any facilities.   |
| Site      | 7240 | Waterway parks              | They are mainly located along lakeshores, seashores, and river banks.<br>Most activities revolve around the river corridor. They may include facilities for boating, canoeing, historical river travel.  |
| Site      | 7241 | National seashore           | Located on the Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific coasts, the National Park<br>Service maintains 10 of thesesome with facilities, many remain in<br>natural state. They allow hunting on many of these sites.   |
| Site      | 7242 | National lakeshore          | Similar to National seashore designations but refer to the Great Lakes.  |
| Site      | 7243 | National river              | This category includes other designations, such as national river and recreation area, national scenic river, wild river, etc. Although the first established National River was in 1964, many others were added to this designation following the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968. |
| Site      | 7250 | Other special purpose parks |  |
| Site      | 7251 | National parkway            | A parkway is a roadway in combination with adjacent parkland paralleling the roadway that often connects cultural or historic sites. The primary activity here is scenic motoring along a protected corridor.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Site      | 7252 | National trail                               | These are linear parklands and sometimes referred to as national scenic trails and national historic trails. The National Trails System Act of 1968 authorized more than 3,600 miles of such trails.   |
| Site      | 7253 | Special designations for park-like areas     | Sites not officially designated as a park, yet maintained like one by the National Park Service. They may include historic sites (White House), cross-border locations that are significant between the two countries (Canada and US), and other special forest areas (Prince William Forest Park, for example).   |
| Site      | 8000 | Not applicable to this dimension             | Use this code as a permanent code for those records that will never be classified in this dimension.   |
|           |      |  | It is normal for land-use databases to have records that may never be classified and left blank instead. But LBCS recommends that all records have a code because some computer applications may not be able handle blank entries (null values in database terminology).   |
| Site      | 9000 | Unclassifiable site<br>development character | Useful for remotely-sensed data that is unclear or doubtful. Also, use this category as a temporary placeholder for site development characteristics that cannot be grouped anywhere until the classification scheme is updated. Check the LBCS web site to see how others have dealt with such unique activities before revising the classification scheme.   |
| Site      | 9900 | To be determined                             | Use this code as a placeholder until an appropriate code can be assigned.  |
|           |      |  | It is normal for land-use databases to have records that may never be classified and left blank instead. But LBCS recommends that all records have a code because some computer applications may not be able handle blank entries (null values in database terminology).   |
|           |      |  | This code could also be used as the default value for data-entry work. The subcategories serve the same purpose for other coding levels.   |
| Site      | 9990 | To be determined                             |  |
| Site      | 9999 | To be determined                             |  |
| Structure | 1000 | Residential buildings                        | This is a catch-all category for all buildings built for residential purposes.   |
| Structure | 1100 | Single-family buildings                      | Also includes any single-unit structure for habitation. The emphasis here is "single" and not "family." Includes split-level homes, linked group (houses that share foundations), manufactured homes, etc.   |
| Structure | 1110 | Detached units                               | Standard single-family residential structures.   |
| Structure | 1120 | Attached units                               | Usually two or more dwelling units side-by-side sharing one roof, but each unit has a separate front and rear access.  |
| Structure | 1121 | Duplex structures                            | Generally a two-unit building that is divided horizontally, and each unit has a separate entrance from the outside or through a common vestibule. For semi-detached, double-duplexes, quadraplexes, maisonettes, etc., count the number of units in the structure and use the appropriate multifamily structure category. For applications that need to track the precise configuration, use additional fields or attributes in the land-use database. |

| Dimension | Code | Description                     | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---------------------------------|--|
| Structure | 1122 | Zero lot line, row houses, etc. | This was a traditional planning category that is fast falling out of use. Many manufactured home developments are configured as zero lot line developments, townhouses are a form of zero lot line housing, and to further confuse the usage, former row houses are also used as barracks, group housing, or farm housing. Avoid this category if possible, but it is provided here for compatibility with many existing land-use databases that have this description.  |
| Structure | 1130 | Accessory units                 | Use this category for an accessory unit, which is structurally separate and distinct from the main structure. An accessory unit is a second dwelling unit (structure-wise) that is added to an existing lot for use as a complete and independent facility. Note that not all accessory units have residential activities. For an accessory use (not structure) that is part of the main structure or not incidental to the primary use, classification options vary. Such a unit is also known as a "granny flat." See the working paper on Mixed Uses and Accessory Uses for a discussion of the full range of issues associated with accessory uses and their implications for land-use data classifications. |
| Structure | 1140 | Townhouses                      | A type of structure that has three or more separate dwelling units divided vertically, and each unit has separate entrances to a front and rear yard.  |

| Dimension | Code Description       | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------------------------|--|
| Structure | 1150 Manufactured hous | ing Also commonly referred to as factory-built housing, which includes modular, mobile homes, and manufactured homes. The differences are subtle but, if a land-use application needs these finer gradations, create another attribute table to track the various kinds of factory-built housing.  |
|           |                        | A manufactured home is a dwelling unit fabricated in an off-site manufacturing facility for installation or assembly at the building site, bearing a label certifying that it is built in compliance with the federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standard Act of 1974 (42 USC 5401, et. seq.), which became effective June 15,1976.  |
|           |                        | A mobile home is a residential dwelling that was fabricated in an off-<br>site manufacturing facility, designed to be a permanent residence, built<br>prior to enactment of the Federal Manufactured Home Construction<br>and Safety Standards.  |
|           |                        | A modular home is a structure intended for residential use and is<br>manufactured off site, but assembled on site. Note that not all modular<br>homes are mobile homes.  |
|           |                        | Then there are other related terms not related to structure type but to the overall site development character. Do not use this dimension for coding such compound land-use terms. They include (with a brief definition):   |
|           |                        | Manufactured Home Development: A general category of development that includes manufactured home subdivisions and manufactured home communities (or land-lease communities).   |
|           |                        | Manufactured Home Subdivision: A subdivision designed and/or intended for the sale of lots for siting manufactured homes.  |
|           |                        | Manufactured Housing Community: Any piece of real property under single ownership or control for which the primary purpose is the placement of two or more manufactured homes for permanent residential dwellings and for the production of income. A manufactured housing community does not include real property used for the display and sale of manufactured units, nor does it include real property used for seasonal recreational purposes only, as opposed to year-round occupancy. |
|           |                        | Land-Lease Community: A residential development typified by single ownership of the land within the development, with the landowner retaining the rights of ownership. Home sites within the community are leased to individual homeowners, who retain customary leasehold rights.   |
|           |                        | Manufactured Home Condominium (or cooperative): A condominium (or cooperative development) of manufactured homes.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description            | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|------------------------|---|
| Structure | 1200 | Multifamily structures | The following categories refer to the number of units and not by the number of floors or stories in the structure.  |
|           |      |                        | For counting the number of households, have a separate field in the land-use database that lists the number of actual households in the building.   |
|           |      |                        | For tracking the number of floors in a structure, use another attribute field. In short, this dimension is only for tracking the total number of units in a structure to get an indication of how big the structure is. |
| Structure | 1202 | Two units              |   |
| Structure | 1203 | Three units            |   |
| Structure | 1204 | Four units             |   |
| Structure | 1205 | Five units             |   |
| Structure | 1206 | Six units              |   |
| Structure | 1207 | Seven units            |   |
| Structure | 1208 | Eight units            |   |
| Structure | 1209 | Nine units             |   |
| Structure | 1210 | Ten units              | When using a three-level coding scheme, apply this category to mean "up to ten units."  |
| Structure | 1211 | Eleven units           |   |
| Structure | 1212 | Twelve units           |   |
| Structure | 1213 | Thirteen units         |   |
| Structure | 1214 | Fourteen units         |   |
| Structure | 1215 | Fifteen units          |   |
| Structure | 1216 | Sixteen units          |   |
| Structure | 1217 | Seventeen units        |   |
| Structure | 1218 | Eighteen units         |   |
| Structure | 1219 | Nineteen units         | When using a three-level coding scheme, apply this category to mean "between ten and twenty units."   |
| Structure | 1220 | Twenty units           |   |
| Structure | 1221 | Twenty-one units       |   |
| Structure | 1222 | Twenty-two units       |   |
| Structure | 1223 | Twenty-three units     |   |
| Structure | 1224 | Twenty-four units      |   |
| Structure | 1225 | Twenty-five units      |   |
| Structure | 1226 | Twenty-six units       |   |
| Structure | 1227 | Twenty-seven units     |   |
| Structure | 1228 | Twenty-eight units     |   |
|           |      |                        |   |

| Dimension | Code | Description        | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--------------------|--|
| Structure |      | Thirty units       | When using a three-level coding scheme, apply this category to mean                                    |
| Structure | 1230 | mility units       | "between twenty and thirty units."   |
| Structure | 1231 | Thirty-one units   |  |
| Structure | 1232 | Thirty-two units   |  |
| Structure | 1233 | Thirty-three units |  |
| Structure | 1234 | Thirty-four units  |  |
| Structure | 1235 | Thirty-five units  |  |
| Structure | 1236 | Thirty-six units   |  |
| Structure | 1237 | Thirty-seven units |  |
| Structure | 1238 | Thirty-eight units |  |
| Structure | 1239 | Thirty-nine units  |  |
| Structure | 1240 | Forty units        | When using a three-level coding scheme, apply this category to mean "between twenty and thirty units." |
| Structure | 1241 | Forty-one units    |  |
| Structure | 1242 | Forty-two units    |  |
| Structure | 1243 | Forty-three units  |  |
| Structure | 1244 | Forty-four units   |  |
| Structure | 1245 | Forty-five units   |  |
| Structure | 1246 | Forty-six units    |  |
| Structure | 1247 | Forty-seven units  |  |
| Structure | 1248 | Forty-eight units  |  |
| Structure | 1249 | Forty-nine units   |  |
| Structure | 1250 | Fifty units        | When using a three-level coding scheme, apply this category to mean "between forty and fifty units."   |
| Structure | 1251 | Fifty-one units    |  |
| Structure | 1252 | Fifty-two units    |  |
| Structure | 1253 | Fifty-three units  |  |
| Structure | 1254 | Fifty-four units   |  |
| Structure | 1255 | Fifty-five units   |  |
| Structure | 1256 | Fifty-six units    |  |
| Structure | 1257 | Fifty-seven units  |  |
| Structure | 1258 | Fifty-eight units  |  |
| Structure | 1259 | Fifty-nine units   |  |
| Structure | 1260 | Sixty units        | When using a three-level coding scheme, apply this category to mean "between fifty and sixty units."   |
| Structure | 1261 | Sixty-one units    |  |
| Structure | 1262 | Sixty-two units    |  |
|           |      |                    | Dags C1 of 07  |

| Dimension | Code | Description         | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---------------------|---|
| Structure | 1263 | Sixty-three units   |   |
| Structure | 1264 | Sixty-four units    |   |
| Structure | 1265 | Sixty-five units    |   |
| Structure | 1266 | Sixty-six units     |   |
| Structure | 1267 | Sixty-seven units   |   |
| Structure | 1268 | Sixty-eight units   |   |
| Structure | 1269 | Sixty-nine units    |   |
| Structure | 1270 | Seventy units       | When using a three-level coding scheme, apply this category to mean "between sixty and seventy units."  |
| Structure | 1271 | Seventy-one units   |   |
| Structure | 1272 | Seventy-two units   |   |
| Structure | 1273 | Seventy-three units |   |
| Structure | 1274 | Seventy-four units  |   |
| Structure | 1275 | Seventy-five units  |   |
| Structure | 1276 | Seventy-six units   |   |
| Structure | 1277 | Seventy-seven units |   |
| Structure | 1278 | Seventy-eight units |   |
| Structure | 1279 | Seventy-nine units  |   |
| Structure | 1280 | Eighty units        | When using a three-level coding scheme, apply this category to mean "between seventy and eighty units." |
| Structure | 1281 | Eighty-one units    |   |
| Structure | 1282 | Eighty-two units    |   |
| Structure | 1283 | Eighty-three units  |   |
| Structure | 1284 | Eighty-four units   |   |
| Structure | 1285 | Eighty-five units   |   |
| Structure | 1286 | Eighty-six units    |   |
| Structure | 1287 | Eighty-seven units  |   |
| Structure | 1288 | Eighty-eight units  |   |
| Structure | 1289 | Eighty-nine units   |   |
| Structure | 1290 | Ninety units        | When using a three-level coding scheme, apply this category to mean "more than eighty units."           |
| Structure | 1291 | Ninety-one units    |   |
| Structure | 1292 | Ninety-two units    |   |
| Structure | 1293 | Ninety-three units  |   |
| Structure | 1294 | Ninety-four units   |   |
| Structure | 1295 | Ninety-five units   |   |
|           |      |                     |   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Structure | 1296 | Ninety-six units                                      |   |
| Structure | 1297 | Ninety-seven units                                    |   |
| Structure | 1298 | Ninety-eight units                                    |   |
| Structure | 1299 | Ninety-nine units and more                            |   |
| Structure | 1300 | Other specialized residential structures              | For tracking the number of occupants, guest rooms, or beds, use additional attributes or fields in the land-use database.   |
| Structure | 1310 | Barracks  | Primarily associated with housing for uniformed services (police, military, etc.). For tracking number of occupants, guest rooms, or beds, use additional attributes or fields in the land-use database.  |
| Structure | 1320 | Dormitories   | Primarily associated with an institution that provides sleeping units and communal dining facilities. For tracking the number of occupants, guest rooms, or beds, use additional attributes or fields in the land-use database.   |
| Structure | 1330 | Hotels, motels, and tourist courts                    | For tracking the number of occupants, guest rooms, or beds, use additional attributes or fields in the land-use database.   |
|           |      |   | Include country inns here although many also have residential facilities for the owner or caretaker. See the description for multifamily structure on how to account for household units.   |
| Structure | 1340 | Single room occupancy<br>units                        | Historically, many hotels and motels are converted to SROs. Even new SRO buildings are structurally no different from hotels. But many have small cooking facilities (independent or common) and other amenities not associated with a hotel. SROs may also have building code specifications different from hotels and motels. For tracking the number of occupants, guest rooms, or beds, use additional attributes or fields in the land-use database. |
| Structure | 1350 | Temporary structures, tents, etc. for shelter         | For tracking the number of occupants, guest rooms, or beds, use additional attributes or fields in the land-use database.   |
| Structure | 1360 | Other structurally converted buildings                | This is a catch-all category for all other residential structure types that do not easily classify in any of the other residential categories. For tracking the number of occupants, guest rooms, or beds, use additional attributes or fields in the land-use database.  |
| Structure | 2000 | Commercial buildings and other specialized structures | Use this as a catch-all category when sufficient detail about structure types are not available (for example, when using remotely sensed data).   |
| Structure | 2100 | Office or bank building                               | Buildings constructed for office-type uses. Typically these buildings constitute the majority of nonresidential structures in a community.  |
| Structure | 2110 | Office building with drive-<br>through facility       | An office building with drive-in windows to serve customers in automobiles.   |
| Structure | 2200 | Store or shop building                                | Most retail stores fall in this category. Use this as a catch-all category when sufficient detail about structure types are not available (for example, when using remotely sensed data).   |
| Structure | 2210 | Shop or store building with drive-through facility    | A building with drive-in windows to serve customers in automobiles.   |
| Structure | 2220 | Restaurant building                                   | Restaurant buildings that serve food for customers for consumption on or off premises. These structures may also be characterized by specialized cooking, serving, and health and hygiene equipment.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                    | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Structure | 2230 | Standalone store or shop building              | A catch-all category for most commercial and retail business structures.  |
| Structure | 2240 | Department store building                      | These buildings are characterized by large commercial spaces for retail or wholesale sales although they may be reconfigured for other uses. Use this category for urban and downtown department stores that look similar to office or standalone store, but have specialized building features (store fronts, display windows, large atriums, etc.).                             |
| Structure | 2250 | Warehouse discount store building              | These structures are primarily warehouse in structural character, but also have other structural features convenient for large discount stores and "big-box retail" establishments.   |
| Structure | 2260 | Market shops including open markets            | Structures in this category include typical market shops and farmers markets with or without outdoor sales and service areas in single or groups of buildings with stalls for retail or wholesale commercial activities.  |
| Structure | 2270 | Gasoline station                               | Structures that are specialized for selling gasoline with storage tanks, often underground or hidden. They may have bays for car washes. For convenience stores that sell gasoline, use the convenience store category.   |
| Structure | 2280 | Automobile repair and service structures       | Includes service garages and other structures that have bays for automobile service. These are specialized structures for auto repair and service.  |
| Structure | 2300 | Office or store building with residence on top | Use this category for areas that the land-use database is not recording as multiple uses in a structure. Structurally, they may have some unique characteristics. Many planning applications in older neighborhoods can apply this category for large portions of their inventory.  |
| Structure | 2400 | Office building over storefronts               | This is a catch-all category to differentiate office buildings with street-level retail uses from a purely office building. Structurally, they are similar to a regular office building but vary in their treatment of street-level portion of the structure. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension. |
|           |      |  |   |

| Dimension | Codo | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDelinition   |
| Structure | 2500 | Malls, shopping centers, or collection of shops                  | Shopping center refers to a group of retail establishments that are located (and sometimes managed) as a single property. Most provide on-site parking, and their size and configuration reflect the kinds of merchandise and trade area characteristics. The two basic structure types are malls and open-air strip centers.  |
|           |      |  | Malls are enclosed and built in various shapes and sizes. Strip centers are a row of stores or service outlets managed as one retail entity that does not have enclosed walkways. Most have on-site parking in front of stores. Some may have covered canopies connecting store fronts. Typically the layout of stores are in a straight line, "U", or "L" shaped. They can take other configurations as well.   |
|           |      |  | For planning applications, knowing the type of shopping center (whether is serves the neighborhood or an entire region) is more useful than knowing the basic configuration. Land-use classification systems have used a variety of categories in the past. The basic system is divided into malls, shopping centers, and convenience stores.  |
|           |      |  | The type of merchandise (and services) offered is the primary factor differentiating types of malls, shopping centers, and convenience stores. Structure types vary widely within this class of commercial buildings and, because of the competitive nature of retailing and constant search for innovative merchandising, classifying every one of the structure types in this category may be difficult, if not impossible. This industry is probably the most in flux of all the categories planners encounter. |
|           |      |  | Planners typically use four basic shopping center terms: neighborhood, community, regional, and superregional. These categories served planning functions for over a generation. Because of the significant changes in the industry since then, the International Council of Shopping Centers expanded the four basic categories to eight. The subcategories in this dimension reflect these new categories.   |
|           |      |  | The terms used in this category may be confused with similar terms in functional and activity dimensions. But the concepts are distinct: shopping center types are structures classified by their merchandise and trade area.  |
|           |      |  | In describing the subcategories of malls and shopping centers, size and area characteristics are provided, but they are intended to be used for illustrative purposes only in order to distinguish one type of shopping center from another. If your land-use data set needs to track size and area of malls and shopping centers, use the site area or building area attributes in the database for such details.   |
| Structure | 2510 | Neighborhood center<br>(convenience with one or<br>more anchors) | Usually configured as a straight-line strip with no enclosed walkway or mall area; sometimes a canopy may connect the storefronts.   |
|           |      |  | Sizes vary from 30,000 to 150,000 square feet on sites ranging from 3 to 15 acres, and have a 3-mile primary trade area radius.  |
|           |      |  | Typically serves immediate neighborhood with convenience shopping. Often anchored by a supermarket or a drugstore, the center offers groceries, drugs, sundries, snacks, and personal services. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Structure | 2520 | Community center<br>(general merchandise with<br>two or more anchors)           | Usually configured as a strip (straight line, "U", or "L" shaped) center. Of all the varieties of shopping centers, these are by far the most common type and are configured in the widest range. Other terms used to describe this type are: discount centers (if anchored by a discount store), or off-price centers (if anchored by an off-price retailer).  |
|           |      |   | Sizes vary from 100,000 to 350,000 square feet on sites ranging from 10 to 40 acres, and have a 3- to 6-mile primary trade area radius.   |
|           |      |   | Serves a wider market than neighborhood and also offers wider range of goods, especially apparel and other "soft" goods.  |
|           |      |   | Anchors include supermarkets, super drugstores, and discount department stores. Some centers may also contain off-price retail stores selling toys, electronics, sporting goods, and home improvement and furnishings. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension.  |
| Structure | 2530 | Regional center (enclosed mall with two or more anchors)                        | Usually configured as an enclosed mall with an inward orientation of<br>the stores and have common walkways with parking areas around the<br>perimeter of the building.   |
|           |      |   | Sizes vary from 400,000 to 800,000 square feet on sites ranging from 40 to 100 acres, and have a 5- to 15-mile primary trade area radius.   |
|           |      |   | Typically serves a region with general merchandise in full depth and variety. Apparel stores are usually the anchors. They may be traditional, mass merchant, or discount department variety. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension.   |
| Structure | 2540 | Superregional center<br>(similar to regional, but<br>has three or more anchors) | Usually configured as an enclosed mall and may even have multiple levels.   |
|           |      | ,   | Sizes vary from 800,000 square feet and above on sites ranging from 60 to 120 acres, and have a 5- to 25-mile primary trade area radius.  |
|           |      |   | Typically serves the same purpose as a regional center, only with more anchors. Other terms used for this category include "super off-price malls" and "mega mall." Several anchors (three or more) offer more variety and depth of merchandise than a regional center. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension.   |
| Structure | 2550 | Fashion/specialty center (higher end, fashion-oriented stores)                  | Usually configured as a mall, emphasizing rich decor and landscaping.   |
|           |      |   | Sizes vary from 80,000 to 250,000 square feet on sites ranging from 5 to 25 acres, and have a 5- to 15-mile primary trade area radius.  |
|           |      |   | Typically has upscale shopping. Also known as vertical market center. It need not have an anchor, but if it does, it is usually an apparel shop. Sometimes restaurants and entertainment play the anchor role. Other shops include boutiques and craft shops that offer unique merchandise of high quality and price. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension. |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Structure | 2560 | Power center (category-dominated anchors with few small tenants)  | Usually configured as a collection of several freestanding anchors and a few, if any, small tenants.  |
|           |      | rew small terraints)  | Sizes vary from 250,000 to 600,000 square feet on sites ranging from 25 to 80 acres, and have a 5- to 10-mile primary trade area radius.  |
|           |      |   | Typically contains stores that offer the widest selection in a particular merchandise category at low prices. Also known as "category killers." Anchors include discount department stores, off-price stores, warehouse clubs, or other "category killers." Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension.   |
| Structure | 2570 | Theme or festival center (leisure, tourist-oriented, restaurants) | Mostly located in urban areas and sometimes adapted to historic buildings or other related urban activities nearby. They can also be one component of a large mixed-use project.  |
|           |      |   | Sizes vary from 80,000 to 250,000 square feet on sites ranging from 5 to 20 acres. They have no specific trade area.  |
|           |      |   | Primarily serves tourists or leisure market segments. They employ a unifying theme in design, layout, and sometimes even the merchandise they sell. Most often, they are anchored by restaurants and entertainment facilities. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension.  |
| Structure | 2580 | Outlet or discount center (manufacturer outlet stores)            | Strip configuration is the most common format, but others include malls and "village cluster." Many also have outdoor sales areas.  |
|           |      | stores)   | Sizes vary from 50,000 to 400,000 square feet on sites ranging from 10 to 50 acres (some may be as big an 100 acres), and have a 25- to 75-mile primary trade area radius.  |
|           |      |   | Contains mostly manufacturers' outlet stores selling their own products at discounts. They are commonly found in rural areas and sometimes near tourist locations. Typically there is no anchor, but some stores may be larger than a typical anchor store and function like one to draw customers. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension. |
| Structure | 2590 | Other kinds of shopping centers                                   | These categories are mainly for those applications that may want further differentiation. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension.   |
| Structure | 2591 | Convenience stores or centers                                     | Usually configured as a stand-alone store from the smallest size to a few thousand square feet of space. It is typically anchored by a minimart, gas station, or a 24-hour general store. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension. For gas stations, use the gasoline service station category.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Structure | 2592 | Home improvement center                       | Structurally, these centers are no different from other types of store buildings. Sometimes, they have outdoor sales or storage of merchandise. Sizes vary from a few hundred to several thousand square feet of enclosed space. Such a center is typically anchored by a hardware, furniture, carpet, or other store specializing in merchandise for home improvement. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension.   |
| Structure | 2593 | Car care center                               | Structurally, they are similar to other store buildings, but some may include repair garages, car washes, and other similar automobile-specific construction. Typical functions include sales of auto parts, auto repairs, tires, and other auto-related merchandise. Track the establishments in this type of structure by applying the appropriate code(s) from the function dimension.   |
| Structure | 2600 | Industrial buildings and structures           | Use this as a catch-all category when sufficient detail about structure types are not available (for example, when using remotely sensed data)  |
|           |      |   | Because the subcategories mirror those used by industrial property appraisers, appraisal data sets may already contain some or all these distinctions.  |
| Structure | 2610 | Light industrial structures and facilities    | Many industrial structures were described by their roof design (saw tooth, monitor, etc.). But modern industrial structures may look no different from an office building.  |
| Structure | 2611 | Loft building                                 | Multistoried industrial building, often with higher ceilings and wider columns than a comparable office building. They are popular structures for rehab to residential activities. Other rehab adaptations include art galleries, selling books, computer data centers, mail order centers, and general office space.   |
| Structure | 2612 | Mill-type factory structures                  | These are older single or multistory factories, common in many older industrial area, and supported by large wood beams and columns. They are popular structures for rehab to activities that are not industrial (art galleries, book selling, computer data centers, mail order centers, etc.). For lumber mills, see the agricultural facilities category.  |
| Structure | 2613 | One-story modern manufacturing plants         | Many newer industrial structures may look and generate impacts like a typical office building, but they rely on special power, water, or waste disposal systems for operations.   |
| Structure | 2614 | Industrial parks                              | Also known as research and development parks, these are one or more buildings used for light industrial activities, often by several independent enterprises, that may share common loading, parking, and business services. Sometimes they are also referred to as business incubators that are similar to a light industrial structure but differ in the duration of tenancy (incubators only lease for a year to two to help a business in its initial development). Industrial malls, structurally, are like business incubators, but without tenancy restrictions. |
| Structure | 2615 | Laboratory or specialized industrial facility | A catch-all category for unique and specialized structures that cannot be easily classified under light industrial structures.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Structure | 2620 | Heavy industrial structures and facilities               | Typically the largest facilities in a community, these structures house complex operations, some of which might be continuous (operated 24 hours a day, seven days a week). Because these facilities are constructed for specific occupants, they have a high degree of obsolescence.  |
|           |      |  | Because the subcategories mirror those used by industrial property appraisers, appraisal data sets may already contain some or all these distinctions.   |
| Structure | 2621 | Assembly and construction-type plants                    | A typical heavy manufacturing facility.  |
| Structure | 2622 | Process plants (metals, chemicals, etc.)                 | Process sometimes also applies to oil refineries, which are categorized separately.  |
| Structure | 2630 | Oil refinery facility                                    | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
| Structure | 2631 | Refinery with anchored equipment < 100,000 barrels/day   |  |
| Structure | 2632 | Refinery with unanchored equipment < 100,000 barrels/day |  |
| Structure | 2633 | Refinery with anchored equipment > 100,000 barrels/day   |  |
| Structure | 2634 | Refinery with unanchored equipment > 100,000 barrels/day |  |
| Structure | 2635 | Refinery pumping plant with anchored equipment           |  |
| Structure | 2636 | Refinery pumping plant with unanchored equipment         |  |
| Structure | 2700 | Warehouse or storage facility                            | Includes public storage, mini-warehouse, mini-storage, and other storage buildings.  |
| Structure | 2710 | Mini-warehouse   |  |
| Structure | 2720 | High-rise mini-warehouse                                 |  |
| Structure | 2730 | Warehouse structure                                      | Does not include grain elevator structures; they should be classified in agricultural structures.  |
| Structure | 2740 | Produce warehouse  | Specialized warehouse structures for storing, sorting, repackaging, and, sometimes, wholesale selling of produce.  |
| Structure | 2750 | Refrigerated warehouse or cold storage                   | Large industrialized warehouse structures with specialized cold storage and climate control facilities.  |
| Structure | 2760 | Large area distribution or transit warehouse             | A subcategory for specifying large warehouse structures that occupy several acres of land.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                      | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|----------------------------------|--|
| Structure | 2770 | Wharf and dock shed              | Waterfront structures for marine and water-based enterprises.  |
| Structure | 2780 | Tank farms                       | Tanks that primarily store fuel, oil, and other liquid products (except water).  |
|           |      |                                  | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions.   |
| Structure | 2781 | Tank farms with anchored tanks   |  |
| Structure | 2782 | Tank farms with unanchored tanks |  |
| Structure | 3000 | Public assembly structures       | An essential category for many planning applications related to public safety, transportation, and emergency management. The subcategories give a broad variety of public assembly but, if your application needs more precision, create subcategories at the four-digit level under the appropriate broader category.   |
| Structure | 3100 | Theater                          | Theaters are specialized structures for housing dramatic presentations, stage entertainments, motion- picture shows, and similar events that entail mass assembly of people. Most theaters have a stage or a screen for viewing. Some theaters may also have more than one stage for the same viewing area or have multiple screens (one on each wall of the auditorium). In any case, audience seating is oriented toward these viewing areas. Although theaters traditionally provided fixed seating on a gradually rising or stepped floor, modern innovations in audio and video technology may obviate such specialized constructions or the seating rows are flexible enough to be reconfigured as needed. Furthermore, other specialized viewing preferences (drive-in theaters, for example) do not have any unique structural characteristic beyond a traditional screen for viewing in an open parking lot. Despite these marked differences in structural characteristics of theaters, they all serve mass assembly of people for social, cultural, and entertainment events. |
|           |      |                                  | Not included in this category are other specialized structures that are also commonly referred to as theaters. For example, operating theater (for conducting operations or surgical procedures) and theater of war (for war games and military exercises). Since such structures do not appear in isolation, i.e., are not standalone structures, they should instead be classified under the appropriate hospital or military structure category.  |
| Structure | 3110 | Performance theater              | Includes concert halls and other structures with fixed seats arranged or a sloped or stepped floor; may seat 300 to 3,000 people.  |

| Dimension | Code Description           | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|----------------------------|--|
| Structure | 3120 Movie theater         | A movie theater is a specialized theater for showing movies or motion pictures. The primary structural difference between a theater and a movie theater is the projection screen. However, many movie theaters can be easily adapted for stage performances and many stages have folding screens for movie projections. Although screen shapes are mostly rectangular, they come in a variety of shapes. Also, some special-purpose multimedia movie theaters use multiple screens (one on each wall face) or the entire ceiling surface, which are sometimes curved or geodesic in shape.   |
|           |                            | Other terms used to describe these structures include talkies, cinema theaters, and motion pictures.   |
|           |                            | This category also includes cineplexescomplex structures with multiple movie theaters, each theater capable of providing performances independent of the others in the complex. Structurally, theaters in a cineplex are grouped in a manner that allows them to share box or ticket offices, parking facilities, lobby areas, restrooms, concession stands, signs and marquee displays, and other service and maintenance facilities. These structures first started appearing in shopping centers and malls, sometimes integrated with the layout of the mall.   |
|           |                            | Historically, a cineplex meant a theater complex with two or more movie theaters. Popular configurations have nine or twelve theaters. But as structures evolved to accommodate twenty or more theaters, the movie-theater industry started using such terms as multiplex, megaplex, and mega theater to differentiate these newer configurations from older cineplex layout. But there is no clear structural distinction between a cineplex and a megaplex. The distinction between a cineplex and a megaplex has been further blurred because developers sometimes retrofit cineplexes with more screens, often smaller, within the existing structure. |
| Structure | 3130 Amphitheater          | Some can accommodate 15,000 to 20,000 spectators. Modern versions have fixed seating (about 40% of capacity) under a roof (but no walls) and the remaining spectators spread out on sloping lawns. They are very popular for summer music concerts.  |
| Structure | 3140 Drive-in theaters     |  |
| Structure | 3200 Indoor games facility | Many bowling alleys, golf ranges, skating rinks, etc., do not have large spectator seating areas but cater to a large number of people playing in the facility. If necessary, create subcategories here for to differentiate between structures (skating rinks from golf ranges, for example).   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                     | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Structure | 3300 | Sports stadium or arena                         | Structurally, the main distinction between a stadium and an arena is its size. Stadiums are larger than arenas and seat 40,000 to more than 100,000 spectators; arenas typically seat 8,000 to 22,000. The layout of seating and sight lines in stadiums follow a fixed sport (baseball or football), whereas arenas are designed around the flat, central space whose size is about the size of a basketball court. Arenas also host circuses, ice shows, indoor soccer, hockey games, horse shows, and music concerts. Increasingly, many stadiums, especially domed facilities, are serving arena-like events. |
|           |      |   | Special event stadiums are the kind built for a single purpose or event (tennis, motor speedways, horse race tracks, velodromes, etc.).   |
|           |      |   | Another common term for this category is coliseum. Note that the name of a facility may have the word coliseum in it but may in fact be a multipurpose structure (as described in the next category). Similarly, another confusing term is a facility with the name "civic center." It may refer to an arena, city hall, auditorium, or, sometimes, even a jail.  |
| Structure | 3400 | Exhibition, convention, or conference structure | A typical exhibition hall facility occupies several city blocks and contains 50,000 to 700,000 square feet of contiguous flat floor space. These halls have high ceilings (25 to 35 feet) and can accommodate a variety of events. Some very large cities (Chicago, for example) have multilevel exhibition halls.  |
|           |      |   | Convention structures have both an exhibition hall and a number of meeting rooms. Many also have kitchen and banquet facilities, and an auditorium for special events. Trade shows, public shows, conventions, food functions, receptions, dances, banquets, assemblies, and other activities are typically hosted in these structures.   |
|           |      |   | Multipurpose structures have combinations of exhibition, convention, and arena facilities. Some of these may be co-located or created out of a single enclosed space that is reconfigured.  |
|           |      |   | This category also includes the horseshoe-shaped auditorium buildings popular in the 1930s and 1940s in many midsize to big cities. These structures have a fixed stage at one end of a flat floor area on which were portable seats on risers and fixed seats on other levels. Multipurpose arenas have since replaced these kinds of structures.  |
|           |      |   | Trade centers are not included here. They are usually a special-purpose office building for a specific group of enterprises (brokers, importers, freight forwarders, etc.). These structures belong in the office building category.  |
|           |      |   | Merchandise marts also serve the same purpose as trade centers but also have permanent exhibit space (30,000 to 50,000 square feet) with lower ceilings than exhibition halls. These structures serve specific consumer-oriented industries (gifts, apparel, furniture, floor coverings, computers, etc.). Because many cities do not have such facilities, these trade groups often use existing exhibition and convention facilities.   |
|           |      |   | In Europe, exhibition hall facilities are also known as congress centers.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Structure | 3500 | Churches, synagogues, temples, mosques, etc. | These are specialized religious structures that have pulpits, choirs, musical instruments, such as organs, pianos, and bands, besides large seating areas. Some churches, mosques, temples and other similar religious structures may also have towers (bell towers in churches, minars in mosques, or pagodas in temples). Many religious structures also have classrooms (for Sunday school activities) and residential quarters for one or two families. But the structures are primarily designed for worship and religious congregations. Some modern wedding chapels and structures that accommodate a wide range of religious or social activities are also included here. |
|           |      |  | Architecturally, church buildings have been known as either a schoolhouse, modern, traditional, courthouse, utility, or storefront churches. Except for the storefront variety, all these structures belong in this category. If an application needs to differentiate, use the definitions below to create subcategories.  |
|           |      |  | Schoolhouse churches look like one-room schoolhouses, typically frame-built in a rectangular shape with a double row of pews to define the cruciform aisle, and the pulpit centered at the head of the main aisle.  |
|           |      |  | Modern churches refer to the explosion of innovative church forms popular with designers after World War II. They take many shapes and sizes with visually striking features (large entrances, long masonry spires, etc.).  |
|           |      |  | Traditional churches refer to the standard rectangular plan with steep roof pitches, masonry built, and sometimes having tall bell towers or steeples.  |
|           |      |  | Courthouse churches reflect the 1875-1925 American municipal architecture of urban centers. These centers often included the town bank, city hall, post office, and other public uses along with a church building designed to look like the courthouse.  |
|           |      |  | Utility churches are buildings with low roofs, often constructed of concrete blocks, sometimes with vinyl sidings, and pointed or spiked steeples, if any. They primarily serve small independent denominations.  |
|           |      |  | Not included in this category:  |
|           |      |  | Storefront churches refer to a store or a similar structure not typically used for religious activities that is now used as a meeting place for a congregation. Structures adapted for congregations include barns, stores, warehouses, old public buildings, and single-family houses. The structure dimension should classify such structures in the appropriate structure category. Use the activity dimension to specify the religious congregation activities and the function dimension to identify the religious establishment.  |
|           |      |  | Megachurches are mostly large structures that can seat several thousand people and have a variety of amenities and host a wide range of activities. The main structure has a stage with a pulpit with arena-style seating. It may also include facilities for teaching, broadcasting, entertaining, and selling gifts, books, and other paraphernalia. They may also include a chapel for weddings and funerals. The architecture and interior design evoke a convention or civic center design and also generate similar traffic and impacts. Such   |

civic center design and also generate similar traffic and impacts. Such

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
|           | 3500 |  | structures should be classified under exhibition and convention center category.   |
|           |      |  | Any other facility that has been converted for religious events and congregations (houses, office buildings, community centers, etc.)  |
| Structure | 3600 | Capitol buildings  | Structures specialized for assembly of elected and other public officials to conduct public discourse. Although the main enclosure is similar to many stepped or raised floor plans of theaters and auditoriums, the overall structural characteristics of a capitol building includes other structures and facilities associated with office-type activities. |
| Structure | 3700 | Covered or partially covered atriums and public enclosures | Often found in downtown locations that provide shelter for large public gatherings and communal activities.  |
| Structure | 3800 | Other community structures                                 | This is a catch-all category for all other mass assembly structures, including community halls, reception halls, wedding halls, etc.   |
| Structure | 3900 | Passenger assembly   |  |
| Structure | 3910 | Mixed mode terminal  |  |
| Structure | 3920 | Airport terminal   |  |
| Structure | 3930 | Bus terminal   |  |
| Structure | 3940 | Train station  | Create subcategories if applications require specific train station type (long distance versus transit). But many long distance stations also serve transit and local trains.  |
| Structure | 3950 | Harbor or port terminal                                    |  |
| Structure | 4000 | Institutional or community facilities                      | Use this as a catch-all category when sufficient detail about structure types are not available (for example, when using remotely sensed data).  |
| Structure | 4100 | Medical facility   |  |
| Structure | 4110 | Hospital building  |  |
| Structure | 4120 | Medical clinic building                                    |  |
| Structure | 4200 | School or university buildings                             |  |
| Structure | 4210 | Grade school   |  |
| Structure | 4220 | College or university facility                             |  |
| Structure | 4230 | Trade or specialty school facility                         |  |
| Structure | 4300 | Library building   |  |
| Structure | 4400 | Museum, exhibition, or similar facility                    |  |
| Structure | 4410 | Exhibitions and art galleries                              |  |
| Structure | 4420 | Planetarium  |  |
| Structure | 4430 | Aquarium   |  |
| Structure | 4440 | Outdoor facility, no major structure                       |  |
|           |      |  |  |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Structure | 4450 | Zoological parks  | Besides the normal viewing and tourist areas, zoos may also have special structures and enclosures for various zoological and botanical habitats. They also have extensive veterinary and animal services along with associated administration buildings. When a zoo is part of a larger park, for example, a state park, use the appropriate site dimension category to identify such land-use characteristics.  |
| Structure | 4500 | Public safety-related facility  |   |
| Structure | 4510 | Fire and rescue station   |   |
| Structure | 4520 | Police station  |   |
| Structure | 4530 | Emergency operation center  |   |
| Structure | 4600 | Jails, penitentiaries,<br>detention centers, and<br>other correctional facilities |   |
| Structure | 4700 | Cemetery, monument, tombstone, or mausoleum                                       | The three traditional cemetery types are: the monument cemetery, the lawn cemetery, and the garden memorial park. Each is a distinct facility type, although it may appear that the main difference is in the way the site is developed.  |
|           |      |   | The monument cemetery, which evolved from ancient churchyard burial grounds, has stone memorials. The lawn cemetery, features lawns with extensive landscaping and looks like a park, and the memorials are sometimes bronze. They evolved from a need to have wide public acceptance for new cemeteries. The garden memorial park is a logical extension of the lawn cemetery with elaborate sculptures and architectural features that counter the monotonous lawns and memorials. Memorials in all types of cemeteries vary from a simple tombstone to elaborate mausoleums. |
|           |      |   | Many plans recognize the open space quality of cemeteries by placing jogging and bike trails adjacent to such areas. Also, some cemeteries have allowed other recreational uses on unplotted parts of the property. Classify or capture such uses of a cemetery in the activity dimension.  |
| Structure | 4800 | Funeral homes and cremation facilities  | Land-use plans traditionally treated such facilities as serving a community function. Even though many funeral homes now are forprofit enterprises, for lack of a more suitable category, this facility type remains in the community facility category.  |
|           |      |   | Many funeral homes may look like large older-style single-family residential structures but have significant structural differences to accommodate funeral functions. They often contain one or more assembly rooms that can hold 25 to 400 people, several smaller rooms for embalming, caskets, showing, and other functions, and because the funeral plant is a 24-hour operation, they often have sleeping quarters for a family.   |
| Structure | 5000 | Transportation-related facilities   |   |

| Dimension | Code | Description                              | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
|           |      |  |  |
| Structure | 5100 | Linear or network feature                | Many local land-use databases do not have parcel IDs for road segments, including rights-of-way. A typical community may have as much as 15% of its total land consumed by such linear features. Tracking the total amount of land consumed by such facilities is becoming increasingly critical for answering many planning applications. Even in cases where GIS-based maps ignore roads as a category when mapping, the underlying geometry has polygons assigned to the rights-of-way. This category is a way to assign a structure type for such polygons in the GIS, or for parcels that are road segments in the database. See the LBCS web site for further details about this issue.  |
| Structure | 5110 | Pedestrian trail, sidewalks, etc.        |  |
| Structure | 5120 | Bicycle and other nonmotorized paths     |  |
| Structure | 5130 | Highways and roads                       | The subcategories provided for roads follow the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) functional road classification scheme. This scheme explains to Metropolitan Planning Organizations how they can meet specific reporting requirements of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991. Many local and state agencies use the same categories for their local planning applications.  The two additional subcategories, local and alley, provided below can capture some additional local road types. Local roads may be private or unfunded roads. Alleys are commonly used in denser urban areas.  There is no color scheme for roads in most local planning applications; they are left white or colored black. Depending on the scale of the map (regional or statewide maps), roads are may be shown as dark (usually black) lines. But ISTEA reporting requirements specify the following scheme for regional or statewide maps:  Interstate highways - Blue solid line Other Freeways and expressways - Brown solid line Other principal arterials - Red solid line Minor arterials - Green solid line Minor collectors - Purple solid line Minor collectors - Yellow solid line All future routes classified should be shown as dashed lines using the appropriate color. At this scale where roads are depicted as lines, local roads and alleys may be too small to register on a map, but if they do, use black dashed lines. |
| Structure | 5131 | Principal arterialinterstate             |  |
| Structure | 5132 | Principal arterialfreeway and expressway |  |
| Structure | 5133 | Other principal arterial                 |  |
| Structure | 5134 | Minor arterial                           |  |
| Structure | 5135 | Major collector                          |  |
| Structure | 5136 | Minor collector                          |  |
| Structure | 5137 | Local road                               |  |
|           |      |  |  |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Structure | 5138 | Alley   |   |
| Structure | 5139 | Other nonclassified road  |   |
| Structure | 5140 | Highway bridges and tunnels   | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify this distinction.  This category may be applicable when individual segments of roads are classified. For many local land-use applications, this linear facility |
|           |      |   | (along with the right-of-way) may appear as a road segment. As local databases improve their accuracy, this category will increasingly become significant.  |
| Structure | 5150 | Railroads, including monorails, etc.                                |   |
| Structure | 5160 | Waterways   |   |
| Structure | 5200 | Automobile parking facilities                                       |   |
| Structure | 5210 | Surface parking, open   |   |
| Structure | 5220 | Surface parking, covered  |   |
| Structure | 5230 | Multistoried parking structure with ramps                           |   |
| Structure | 5240 | Underground parking structure with ramps                            |   |
| Structure | 5250 | Rooftop parking facility  |   |
| Structure | 5300 | Bus stop shelter  |   |
| Structure | 5400 | Bus or truck maintenance facility                                   |   |
| Structure | 5500 | Water transportation or marine related                              |   |
| Structure | 5510 | Port fuel facility  | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions.  |
| Structure | 5511 | Port fuel facility with anchored tanks, with back-up power          |   |
| Structure | 5512 | Port fuel facility with<br>anchored tanks, without<br>back-up power |   |
| Structure | 5513 | Port fuel facility with unanchored tanks, with back-up power        |   |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Structure | 5514 | Port fuel facility with unanchored tanks, without back-up power       |  |
| Structure | 5515 | Port fuel facility with buried tanks                                  |  |
| Structure | 5520 | Pier, dock, wharf, or jetty   |  |
| Structure | 5530 | Lighthouse  |  |
| Structure | 5540 | Riverboats and other anchored facilities                              | Includes riverboats and barges used for casinos, entertainment, residential, or other purposes. For anchored parts of such facilities, include them in this category as well.  |
| Structure | 5550 | Port storage or warehouse   |  |
| Structure | 5551 | Stationary port handling equipment                                    |  |
| Structure | 5552 | Rail mounted port<br>handling equipment                               |  |
| Structure | 5553 | Port warehouses   |  |
| Structure | 5600 | Air and space transportation facility                                 |  |
| Structure | 5610 | Runway  |  |
| Structure | 5620 | Airport maintenance and hangar facility                               |  |
| Structure | 5630 | Airport control tower   |  |
| Structure | 5640 | Heliport facility   |  |
| Structure | 5650 | Glideport, seaport,<br>stolport, ultralight or<br>baloonport facility |  |
| Structure | 5700 | Railroad facility   |  |
| Structure | 5710 | Railroad switching facility   |  |
| Structure | 5720 | Railroad sheds and other support structures                           |  |
| Structure | 6000 | Utility and other nonbuilding structures                              |  |
| Structure | 6100 | Utility structures on right-<br>of-way                                |  |
| Structure | 6110 | Electric lines, phone and cable lines, etc.                           | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
| Structure | 6111 | Distribution circuits with seismically designed components            |  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Structure | 6112 | Distribution circuits with standard components         |  |
| Structure | 6120 | Gas and fuel lines                                     |  |
| Structure | 6130 | Water supply lines                                     | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
| Structure | 6131 | Brittle pipelines                                      |  |
| Structure | 6132 | Ductile pipelines                                      |  |
| Structure | 6140 | Steam and air conditioning lines                       |  |
| Structure | 6150 | Irrigation channels                                    |  |
| Structure | 6160 | Sewer and waste water lines                            | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
| Structure | 6161 | Brittle pipelines                                      |  |
| Structure | 6162 | Ductile pipelines                                      |  |
| Structure | 6200 | Water-supply-related facility                          |  |
| Structure | 6210 | Water supply pump station                              | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
| Structure | 6211 | Pumping plant with<br>anchored equipment < 10<br>MGD   |  |
| Structure | 6212 | Pumping plant with<br>unanchored equipment <<br>10 MGD |  |
| Structure | 6213 | Pumping plant with<br>anchored equipment > 10<br>MGD   |  |
| Structure | 6214 | Pumping plant with<br>unanchored equipment<br>>10 MGD  |  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                     | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Structure | 6220 | Dam   | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
|           |      |   | These categories also match the facility types specified in the Federal Geographic Data Committee's facility standards.  |
| Structure | 6221 | Earth dam, arch                                 |  |
| Structure | 6222 | Earth dam, multi-arch                           |  |
| Structure | 6223 | Buttress dam                                    |  |
| Structure | 6224 | Gravity dam, rockfill                           |  |
| Structure | 6225 | Gravity dam, concrete                           |  |
| Structure | 6226 | Gravity dam, masonry                            |  |
| Structure | 6227 | Gravity dam, stone                              |  |
| Structure | 6228 | Gravity dam, timber crib                        |  |
| Structure | 6230 | Levee   |  |
| Structure | 6240 | Culvert   |  |
| Structure | 6250 | Water tank (elevated, at grade, underground)    | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
| Structure | 6251 | On-ground anchored concrete tank                |  |
| Structure | 6252 | On-ground unanchored concrete tank              |  |
| Structure | 6253 | On-ground anchored steel tank                   |  |
| Structure | 6254 | On-ground unanchored steel tank                 |  |
| Structure | 6255 | Above ground steel tank                         |  |
| Structure | 6256 | On-ground wood tank                             |  |
| Structure | 6257 | Buried concrete tank                            |  |
| Structure | 6260 | Wells   |  |
| Structure | 6270 | Water treatment and purification (WTP) facility | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |

| Dimension | Code | Description   | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|---|--|
| Structure | 6271 | WTP with anchored components < 50 MGD                   |  |
| Structure | 6272 | WTP with unanchored components < 50 MGD                 |  |
| Structure | 6273 | WTP with anchored components 50-200 MGD                 |  |
| Structure | 6274 | WTP with unanchored components 50-200 MGD               |  |
| Structure | 6275 | WTP with anchored components > 200 MGD                  |  |
| Structure | 6276 | WTP with unanchored components > 200 MGD                |  |
| Structure | 6280 | Water reservoir   |  |
| Structure | 6290 | Other irrigation facilities                             |  |
| Structure | 6300 | Sewer and waste-related facility                        |  |
| Structure | 6310 | Storage or pumping station facility                     | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
| Structure | 6311 | Lift stations with anchored components < 10 MGD         |  |
| Structure | 6312 | Lift stations with<br>unanchored components<br>< 10 MGD |  |
| Structure | 6313 | Lift stations with anchored components > 10 MGD         |  |
| Structure | 6314 | Lift stations with<br>unanchored components<br>> 10 MGD |  |
|           |      |   |  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                  | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|--|---|
| Structure | 6320 | Landfill facility                            | Area fill and trench fill are two commonly known facility types. The area method is employed to fill a depleted quarry pit, a canyon, or a natural depression. After a day's worth of dumping, heavy tractors compact the solid wastes evenly, and cover the layer with dirt or other inert solid wastes. In canyon-type landfills, cover materials may come from scraping the walls. The final grade of such landfills is made even with the surrounding topography. |
|           |      |  | In the trench fill method, dump trucks deposit waste in trenches dug out for this purpose. Heavy bulldozers in the trench compact and even the surface. At day's end, the bulldozers use dirt from the excavated material to cover the surface. Heavy front-end loaders, scrapers, and other equipment are used for digging trenches. When this type of landfill is completed, its grade is usually higher than the original grade.                                   |
|           |      |  | Because landfills try to keep the working surface as small as possible, they may not be visible in aerial pictures.   |
|           |      |  | Landfills are also synonymous with resource recovery facilities where some of the waste products are separated for recycling or additional treatment.   |
| Structure | 6330 | Incinerator, composting, or similar facility | Mainly industrial in character, these facilities may sometimes be colocated with landfills and other solid waste operations.  |
| Structure | 6340 | Hazardous waste storage<br>facility          | This single category should serve most planning applications. However, communities that have a variety of hazardous waste facilities and want to further delineate such facilities may do so by using the subcategories. But for the rest, this one category should suffice. All emergency preparedness plans require inventory of such facilities, and common applications include local traffic routing rules.  |
| Structure | 6341 | High-level waste facility                    | These facilities handle the most hazardous of all waste products<br>fission products, which have high-intensity and penetrating<br>radioactivity. The processes involved are heavily mechanized because<br>humans cannot come into contact with these such materials.   |
| Structure | 6342 | Transuranic waste facility                   | These facilities mainly bury the radioactive materials because they decay longer (half-life may be several thousand years) than the fission type. Equipment and structures reflect mining and large-scale industrial operations.  |
| Structure | 6343 | Spent fuel facility                          | Normally these are co-located with nuclear reactor facilities and contain large water pools to store spent fuel. Such fuel is considered high-level waste, but many former nuclear reactor sites still function as spent-fuel facilities until the fuel can be disposed.  |
| Structure | 6344 | Low-level waste facility                     | Such facilities collect, store, and process low-level radiation waste from industrial, commercial, and institutional sources. Their primary operation is to reduce the volume of radioactive material though filtration, evaporation, incineration, and compaction. The transportation and movement of wastes to these facilities are regulated and adequate emergency preparedness includes risks of pollution from such facilities.                                 |
| Structure | 6350 | Sewer treatment plant                        | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Structure | 6351 | Wastewater Treatment<br>Plant (WWTP) with<br>anchored components <<br>50 MGD |  |
| Structure | 6352 | WWTP with unanchored components < 50 MGD                                     |  |
| Structure | 6353 | WWTP with anchored components 50-200 MGD                                     |  |
| Structure | 6354 | WWTP with unanchored components 50-200 MGD                                   |  |
| Structure | 6355 | WWTP with anchored components > 200 MGD                                      |  |
| Structure | 6356 | WWTP with unanchored components > 200 MGD                                    |  |
| Structure | 6400 | Gas or electric power generation facility                                    |  |
| Structure | 6410 | Gas storage and distribution facility  |  |
| Structure | 6420 | Gas compressor stations  | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
| Structure | 6421 | Gas compressor stations with anchored components                             |  |
| Structure | 6422 | Gas compressor stations with unanchored components                           |  |
| Structure | 6430 | Power generation plants  | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
| Structure | 6431 | Power plants with<br>anchored components <<br>100 MW                         |  |
| Structure | 6432 | Power plants with<br>unanchored components<br>< 100 MW                       |  |
| Structure | 6433 | Power plants with anchored components > 100 MW                               |  |
| Structure | 6434 | Power plants with<br>unanchored components<br>>100 MW                        |  |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Structure | 6440 | Electric substation and distribution facility                    | Because these structures are of special concern for emergency management and other disaster recovery applications, they appear in a separate category with subcategories useful for emergency planners. Many state and federal emergency management applications (as described in the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency's HAZUS manual) specify these distinctions. |
| Structure | 6441 | Low-voltage (115 KV)<br>substation with anchored<br>components   |  |
| Structure | 6442 | Low-voltage (115 KV)<br>substation with<br>unanchored components |  |
| Structure | 6443 | Medium-voltage (230 KV) substation with anchored components      |  |
| Structure | 6444 | Medium-voltage (230 KV) substation with unanchored components    |  |
| Structure | 6445 | High-voltage (500 KV) substation with anchored components        |  |
| Structure | 6446 | High-voltage (500 KV) substation with unanchored components      |  |
| Structure | 6450 | Geothermal facility  |  |
| Structure | 6460 | Solar and other forms of energy facility                         | Includes windmills, solar panel farms, etc. Windmills are also known by other specialized terms, such as air mill, horizontal air mill, post mill, smock mill, and tower mill.   |
| Structure | 6500 | Communication towers   |  |
| Structure | 6510 | Radio, TV, or wireless transmitter                               |  |
| Structure | 6520 | Weather stations or transmitters                                 |  |
| Structure | 6600 | Environmental monitoring station (air, soil, etc.)               |  |
| Structure | 6700 | Sign or billboard  |  |
| Structure | 6900 | Other miscellaneous structures                                   |  |
| Structure | 6910 | Kiosks   |  |
| Structure | 6920 | Roadside stand, pushcarts, etc.                                  | Includes movable units that may or may not be permanently anchored.  |
| Structure | 6930 | Highway rest stops and welcome centers                           |  |
| Structure | 6940 | Playground equipment   | Includes swings, tot-lots, sand lots, and other playground equipment.  |
| Structure | 6950 | Fountain, sculpture, etc.  | Includes other aesthetic structures and streetscape elements, such as benches, planters, fountains, hydrants, flag pedestals, etc.   |

| Dimension | Code | Description  | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|--|--|
| Structure | 6970 | Outdoor stage, bandstand, or similar structure                                     | Either covered or uncovered, these structures serve as stages for performances in outdoor arenas and gathering places.   |
| Structure | 7000 | Specialized military<br>structures   | These are broad categories for military and defense establishments. It is a complex category that may include other structure types. Local planning applications are only concerned about this at a broad level, but base planners may want to add additional subcategories for some specialized operations, as shown for naval facilities. However, for normal land-use inventories necessary for base planning, apply categories other than "military installation" from this structure-type dimension. In combination with coding from the activity dimension, base planners can filter a variety of land-use characteristics suitable for base planning. |
| Structure | 7100 | Joint services facility  |  |
| Structure | 7200 | Air Force facility   |  |
| Structure | 7300 | Army and marine corps facility   |  |
| Structure | 7400 | Naval facility   |  |
| Structure | 7410 | Naval installation   |  |
| Structure | 7420 | Weapons station  |  |
| Structure | 7430 | Submarine base   |  |
| Structure | 7450 | Training center  |  |
| Structure | 7460 | Communications station   |  |
| Structure | 7470 | Supply center  |  |
| Structure | 7480 | Reserve station  |  |
| Structure | 7500 | Armory building  | Structures enclosing large enclosed space designed for military training. They may have incidental storage and office space within the main structure.   |
| Structure | 8000 | Sheds, farm buildings, or agricultural facilities                                  | Use this category for all agricultural structures. For tracking specialized farm and agricultural structures, use the subcategories. This broad category also includes lumber mills, maple sugaring facilities (sugar camp, sugar bush, etc.), agricultural terraces (to hold water and allow infiltration), waterways and stabilized paths (to direct runoff), sediment basins (to hold silt), and fencing (mainly to reduce livestock density).  |
| Structure | 8100 | Grain silos and other<br>storage structure for grains<br>and agricultural products |  |
| Structure | 8200 | Livestock facility   | This is a catch-all category for all livestock-related structures that serve horses, cattle, sheep, etc.   |
| Structure | 8210 | Dairy facility   | Includes barns, milking barns, milking parlors, etc.   |
| Structure | 8220 | Poultry facility   | Includes poultry houses for chickens, broilers, layer hens, etc.   |
| Structure | 8230 | Cattle facility  |  |
| Structure | 8240 | Stables and other equine-<br>related facilities                                    | Includes horse trot-tracks, and other horse training or veterinary facilities for horses.  |
| Structure | 8300 | Animal feed operations facility  | Although they may be integrated into a livestock facility, some are separately located.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                                     | LBCSDefinition  |
|-----------|------|---|---|
| Structure | 8310 | Confined feedlot facility                       | Although confined feedlots often refer to feeding operations for hogs, the agriculture industry has had a history of confined feedlot operations for a number of decades. Poultry feedlots, for example, have been confined for many years. Another term that is synonymous but with a different meaning is the US EPA and USDA definition for concentrated animal feeding operations (CAFO). This definition refers to feedlots greater than a certain capacity, in this case 1000 animal units. An animal unit is defined as the equivalent of one beef cow. Although definitions vary in zoning and other local regulations, the trend is to have some measurement unit based on impacts of effluent. Using this measure, a CAFO is any facility serving more than 1,000 cattle or 2,500 hogs or 55,000 turkeys, etc. The CAFO definition has other equivalents for other livestock types. If CAFOs have to be measured separate from confined feedlot facilities (i.e., that includes facilities with less than 1,000 animal units), create another subcategory or a special field to keep track of the CAFO units. |
| Structure | 8400 | Animal waste-handling facility                  |   |
| Structure | 8410 | In ground silos                                 | Normally they may not be visible, but newer facilities have air vents and other gas recycling equipment co-located.   |
| Structure | 8420 | Waste lagoons                                   | These are open pits and low-lying areas where animal waste is drained from a feedlot or a confined facility. Although fast disappearing, some of these still do exist and the terms used to describe them vary.   |
| Structure | 8430 | Concrete storage units, covered                 | Unlike other types of animal waste-handling facilities, these are more portable.  |
| Structure | 8440 | Concrete storage units, uncovered               | Unlike other types of animal waste-handling facilities, these are more portable.  |
| Structure | 8450 | Composting facility                             | When such structures are part of a combined animal-waste handling facilities, use the higher-level Animal waste-handling facility category.   |
| Structure | 8500 | Greenhouses                                     | Rarely, but, also known as glasshouses, these are enclosed structures with or without climate control facilities for growing plants and vegetation under controlled environments.   |
| Structure | 8600 | Hatcheries                                      |   |
| Structure | 8700 | Kennels and other canine-<br>related facilities |   |
| Structure | 8800 | Apiary and other related structures             | This is a catch-all category all specialized structures and facilities, such as the following: apiary, which is a bee house or a place where beehives are stored; dovecote, a pigeon or doves house that is usually set above ground; a duckhouse (for ducks), falconry, a facility for housing, training, and breeding birds of prey; etc.   |
| Structure | 8900 | Other farm and farming-<br>related structures   | Farm-related structures include barns and others, such as: ash house, a farm building to store ash or fertilizers; backhouse, a brewing house attached to a farm or farming structure; bark house, a farm building to store barks of trees; hay barns and chaff houses for storing hay and animal feed; boiling house, a structure where animal feed is prepared; chitting house, a shed to germinate and grow potatoes; laithe, a cowhouse with crop storage space; hemmel, a shelter for farm animals with no stalls; etc.  |
|           |      |   | with no stails, etc.  |

| Dimension | Code | Description                      | LBCSDefinition   |
|-----------|------|----------------------------------|--|
| Structure | 9100 | Not applicable to this dimension | Use this code as a permanent code for those records that will never be classified in this dimension.   |
|           |      |                                  | It is normal for land-use databases to have records that may never be classified and left blank instead. But LBCS recommends that all records have a code because some computer applications may not be able handle blank entries (null values in database terminology). |
| Structure | 9200 | Unclassifiable structure         | Use this category as a temporary placeholder for activities that cannot be grouped anywhere until the classification scheme is updated. Check the LBCS web site to see how others have dealt with such unique activities before revising the classification scheme.      |
| Structure | 9300 | Subsurface structures            | Use this category for activities that occur below the surface that are of no interest to the applications that will use this data set. Assigning one of the unknown categories may be inappropriate.   |
| Structure | 9900 | To be determined                 | Use this code as a placeholder until an appropriate code can be assigned.  |
|           |      |                                  | It is normal for land-use databases to have records that may never be classified and left blank instead. But LBCS recommends that all records have a code because some computer applications may not be able handle blank entries (null values in database terminology). |
|           |      |                                  | This code could also be used as the default value for data-entry work.  The subcategories serve the same purpose for other coding levels.  |
| Structure | 9990 | To be determined                 |  |
| Structure | 9999 | To be determined                 |  |
|           |      |                                  |  |

